THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.

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LOUISVILLE JOURNAL
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BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

Subscriptions—Daily, delivered in the city....$10 00
Daily, by mail, in advance.... 8 00
Country daily.... 5 00
Tri-Weekly.... 5 00
Weekly, in advance, single copy.... 2 00
In clubs of five or over.... 1 50
Remittances by mail in registered letters at our risk.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL FOR REGULAR ADVERTISERS.
One square, changeable weekly, per annum....$40 00
do do 2 times a week, per annum.. 60 00
do do 3 times do do 100 00
Each additional square, one-half the above price.
Advertisements published at intervals—$1 for first insertion and 60 cents for each subsequent one.
Announcing candidates, $1 per week for each name.
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Real estate and steamboat advertisements, sheriffs' and commissioners' sales, patent medicine, theatrical, circus, or similar advertising, not published by the year.
Advertisements for charitable institutions, fire companies, ward, and other public meetings, and such like, half price.
Editorial notices and communications, inserted in editorial columns and intended to promote private interests, 20 cents per line: these only inserted at the discretion of the editors.
No communications will be inserted unless accompanied by the real name of the author.
Steamboat advertisements—25 cents for the first insertion and 12½ cents for each continuance; each change considered a new advertisement.
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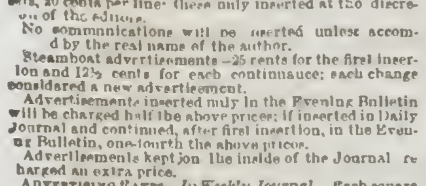
Advertising Rates—In Weekly Journal.—Each square (10 lines or less), first insertion....$1 00
Each continuance.... 50
Written notice must be given to take out and stop advertisements of yearly advertisers before the year expires, otherwise we shall charge till done.
No contract of yearly advertisements will be discontinued without previous notice to us, nor will any charge made for less than one year at the yearly rates.

MEDICAL.



Cincinnati Venereal Hospital,
Established in the year 1850,
FOR THE CURE OF PRIVATE DISEASES,
And under the control of two of the most eminent Physicians in the world.

DR. E. BONAPARTE, from London and Paris Hospitals, and for the past ten years of the Cincinnati Venereal Hospital, and Dr. E. B. Reynolds, late of New York. This is the only office in the city where a permanent cure of private diseases can be obtained without the use of mercury or change of diet. Gonorrhea cured in 6 to 48 hours. Gleet cured in 3 to 10 days. Strictures cured in 1 to 3 weeks. Nocturnal emissions stopped in 1 to 6 days. Seminal weakness cured in 2 to 8 weeks. Syphilis in its primary stages cured in 3 days. Secondary symptoms cured in 1 to 3 weeks. Skin diseases cured in 1 to 8 weeks. Impotency, vigor restored in 1 to 4 weeks. All diseases of a private nature treated with unparalleled success, male or female.

Dr. Bonaparte's great work on private diseases, the private guide to health, is beneficial to all, male and female; the old and young should read this book. It will enlighten those who grope in darkness. Price 25 cents, sent by mail.

Dr. Bonaparte's Celebrated Preventive never has nor never will fail—married ladies too feeble to bear children, except at the hazard of life, should be in possession of this invention. Price reduced to $5.

Dr. Bonaparte's French Patent Male Safe. It is perfectly safe; and never fails to give satisfaction. It is the only safe and sure preventive against pregnancy and disease. The price of the French Patent Male Safe is $1 the single one, $4 per half dozen, $7 per dozen. Sent by mail.

Madame Lozier's Female Monthly Pills are a safe and reliable remedy for suppressions and all female diseases. Ladies should not use them during pregnancy, as they will produce miscarriage. Price $1 per box—extra fine $5—sent to any address by mail.

Drs. B. & R. are the men to consult, they are unquestionably acknowledged to be the champion and king of venereal diseases, and the only Doctors who receive Monthly Reports from the old world; they have been accustomed from an early age of youth to witness the various diseases which afflict mankind, and to watch the progress, through a long career of professional study, in every sphere of life, from the humble abode of poverty to the mansions of the wealthy, and having ascertained beyond a doubt the vast suffering of humanity, they determined to select the venereal system as their particular study, and to devote their whole attention to the alleviation of the diseases of these important functions. No letters will be answered unless they contain a remittance or a postage stamp.
Call, or address
Drs. BONAPARTE & REYNOLDS,
No. 183 Sycamore street, bet. Fifth and Sixth, east side, Cincinnati, O.
Office hours, 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. f16 ly

Dissolution.
THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of TAIT, ANDERSON, & CO., was dissolved on the 23d inst. by mutual consent. Those indebted to the firm will please call at once and make payment, as it is important to them as well as the subscribers. The books, accounts, and notes will remain for a short time at the store of Tait, Son, & Co., 140 Fourth street, for settlement.
JOHN TAIT.
ELY D. ANDERSON,
Aug. 27, 1861. GEO. W. TAIT.

MR. ANDERSON having withdrawn from the late firm of Tait, Anderson, & Co., the undersigned will continue the business at the old stand, No. 140 Fourth street, under the name of TAIT, SON, & CO.
JOHN TAIT,
GEO. W. TAIT,
Aug 27, 1861. Commission and Produce Merchants.

IN retiring from the late firm of Tait, Anderson, & Co., I take pleasure in recommending my late partners and successors to the public for a continuance of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon them.
a28 dlm ELY D. ANDERSON.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.
FROM an earnest desire to act intelligibly, and to respond to the wants of all parts of Kentucky, I hereby request that all parties in the southern part of Kentucky, embracing Warren county and the counties below, who desire supplies from Louisville, will make their application to me through V. C. Durham, Esq., a citizen and Inspector of Bowling-Green, Ky., and I will act upon his suggestion. Furthermore, I deem it necessary to give notice that all goods for parties living at Bowling-Green, without a permit from this office, will there be detained for investigation.
CHAS. B. COTTON,
au23 dtf Surveyor of Customs.

Change of Firm.
T. SHANKS & CO. have associated W. A. GAILBRAITH with their firm, and purchased the stand of SMITH & OMER, on south side of Market street, below Floyd, where they will conduct the WHOLESALE and RETAIL GROCERY and PRODUCE business. Connected with their house they have a good WAGON-YARD, with ample accommodations for horses, wagons, and other vehicles, and would be glad to see their old friends.
T. SHANKS,
H. T. HORD,
July 13, 1861.—dtf W. A. GAILBRAITH.

SEIGFRIED REEWALD,
No. 311 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson,
MANUFACTURER AND JOBBER OF EVERY variety of JEWELRY. Fine Diamond Mountings and all the new styles of Fine Hairwork Ornaments executed in the most superior style, of the best material. All work warranted. Prices reasonable. Old gold taken in exchange.

STARCH! STARCH!
500 BOXES PURE PEARL STARCH, manufactured by the Madison Pearl Starch Company, for sale low in lots by
A. V. DU PONT & CO.,
Sole Agents in this city,
s7 438 Main st.

MOLASSES—
200 bbls prime Plantation Molasses;
50 bbls St. James Sugar-House do;
In store and for sale by
s2 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

LOVERING'S SUGARS—100 bbls Lovering's Crushed, Powdered, and Granulated Sugars in store and for sale by [a21] ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

SHEETINGS—35 bales Penn Mill and Anchor Sheetings received per steamboat Florence and for sale by JNO. F. HOWARD & CO., Agents for Manufacturers, Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

CHAMPAGNE—25 boxes assorted (quarts, pints, and octaves) in store and for sale low by
m12 WM. GAY.

FISH—75 half bbls Lake Fish for sale by
m8 TAIT, ANDERSON, & CO., 140 Fourth st

SUGAR—40 hhds prime received per steamers Magenta and B. J. Adams and for sale by
m16 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

DRIED FRUIT—75 bushels Dried Peaches in store and for sale by [m9] HIBBITT & SON.

COTTON BATTING—300 bales Pittsburg Batting in store and for sale by
a5 JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.

THE REBELLION RECORD. A Diary of American Events. Three monthly parts; each 50 cts.
HOLT'S ADDRESS IN LOUISVILLE AND LETTER TO J. F. SPEED. 10 cts.
EVERETT'S FOURTH OF JULY ORATION IN NEW YORK. 15 cts.
a6 L. A. CIVILL.

COFFEE—300 bags good to prime Rio Coffee in store and for sale by
a21 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

JAVA COFFEE, in pockets, received this day and for sale by W. & H. BURKHARDT,
jy29 417 Market street.

FISH—A large assortment of Mackerel in store and for sale by
a8 ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.

NEW PRINTS—20 cases best new style Prints for fall trade just received and for sale cheap for cash by [a17] T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

CANTON FLANNELS—10 cases Canton Flannels just received and for sale cheap for cash by
a17 T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

GOLDEN SIRUP—50 packages Baltimore extra Sirup, whole and half bbls and kegs, in store and for sale by [a31] ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

BAZIN'S CAMPHOR ICE, for chapped hands, lips &c., for sale by [f14] S. F. DAWES.

SHOULDERS AND HAMS—
10 casks Shoulders;
5 do Shays Hams;
In store and for sale by
jy26 W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

COFFEE—30 pockets Java Coffee just received and for sale by [jy15] GARDNER & CO.

NAILS AND SPIKES—
500 kegs Nails;
50 do Spikes;
In store and for sale by
l17 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

RICE—5 tierces prime Rice on consignment and for sale by
j14 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

CASTOR OIL—10 bbls Blow's No. 1 Castor Oil in store and for sale by
ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

THE STAR-SPANGLED BANNER. Illustrated by Darley. 25 cents. a8 L. A. CIVILL.

PERCUSSION CAPS—200,000 G. D.'s for sale by
m4 J. SMITH SPEED, Main st.

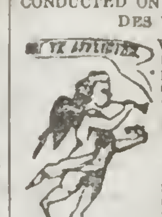
REFINED SUGAR—50 bbls Circle A New York Crushed in store and for sale by
m12 WM. GAY.

JAVA COFFEE—150 mats choice old Java in store and for sale by
m26 RAWSON, TODD & CO.

CANDLES—5,000 Hams, Sides, and Shoulders in store and for sale by
m30 HIBBITT & SON.

MEDICAL.

DR. HALL'S
Louisville
MEDICAL INFIRMARY,
CONDUCTED ON THE PLAN OF THE HOSPITAL DES VENERIENS, PARIS.



WHERE those afflicted with any form of Private Disease can receive prompt treatment without risk or exposure, viz: Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Strictures, Ulcers, Tumors, Cancers, Secondary, and Constitutional Syphilis, Diseases of the Kidneys, etc. By this system it is proved that the venereal complaint is as entirely under the control of medicine as is a common cold or simple fever; and, while insufficient persons are daily sending away their patients in hopelessness, and giving them up only from their own incompetency, complete and permanent cures are constantly being effected at this Infirmary.

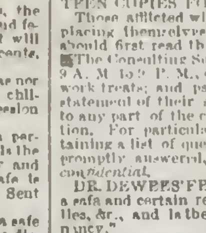
YOUNG MEN, TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Dr. H. devotes much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret habit which ruins both body and mind, unfitting the unfortunate individual for either business or society. The sad effect of these early habits, or the excess of riper years, are to weaken and debilitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental powers, diminish and enfeeble the natural feelings, and exhaust the vital energies of manhood; the pleasures of life are marred, the object of marriage frustrated, and existence itself rendered a term of unceasing misery and regret. Such persons, especially those contemplating marriage, should lose no time in making immediate application, as Dr. H., by his new treatment, is enabled to insure a speedy and permanent cure.

DR. HALL'S AMERICAN PERIODICAL PILLS.—No article of medicine intended for the exclusive use of females has ever yet been introduced that has given such universal satisfaction as the American Periodical Pills. They can be relied on in all cases of Menstrual Obstructions, Irregularities, &c., as a sure and safe remedy. Price, per mail, $1 and one postage stamp.

Patients living at a distance can be cured at home by sending a description of their disease and inclosing a stamp.
Medicine sent to any address.
Office No. 116 Jefferson street, between First and Second. Office open from 7 A. M. to 9 P. M.
d24 dtf L. HALL, M. D.

GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY,
Chartered by the Legislature of Ky.
For the Cure of all Private Diseases,

A MEDICAL REPORT,
Containing THIRTY fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual Organs, in a state of Health and Disease.
PRICE ONLY TEN CENTS.
Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union.



ON A NEW METHOD of treating Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Strictures, Gleet, Sexual Debility, Impotency, Female Diseases, and all affections of the reproductive system of both sexes, the infirmities of youth and maturity arising from the secret follies of both sexes, with a full treatise on SELF-ABUSE AND SEMINAL WEAKNESS, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, pointing out the author's plan of treatment, the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent to any address in a sealed wrapper on the receipt of TEN CENTS or FIFTEEN COPIES FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read this invaluable book.

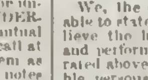
The Consulting Surgeon may be consulted daily from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., on all diseases of which the above work treats; and patients at a distance, by sending a statement of their symptoms, can have medicines sent to any part of the country free from damage or detection. For particulars send for our Blank Chart, containing a list of questions, our terms, &c. All letters promptly answered, and communications considered *confidential.*

DR. DEWEES' FEMALE MONTHLY REGULATOR, a safe and certain remedy for Obstructions, Irregularities, &c., and is the only reliable "preventive of pregnancy."

CAUTION.—These pills should not be taken during PREGNANCY, as they are sure to produce MISCARRIAGE. Price $1 per box, and may be sent by mail.

GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY is the only institution of its kind in the United States that has been recognized by judicial authority. Charter perpetual.
Office 314 Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, west side.
All letters for Books or Medicines should be directed to DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY,
mar24 dly&weow 1stp Louisville, Ky.

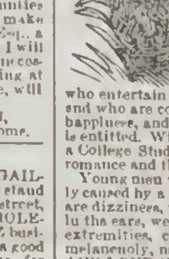
Dr. WM. PRICE



PROPOSES TO TREAT FISTULA UPON THE PRINCIPLE OF NO CURE NO PAY. In every instance the money will be refunded if the cure is not completed. Fifty dollars ($50) is the fee.
From two to eight weeks is as long a time as the doctor requires to perform a cure.
Scrofula, Secondary Syphilis, Piles, and all Chronic Diseases treated by Dr. Price.
No charge for medicines or attention if placed under his charge unless a cure is performed.

We, the undersigned, from personal knowledge, are able to state that Dr. Price can certainly and surely relieve the horrid effects of Onanism or Self-Pollution and perform a speedy cure in all of the diseases enumerated above. We have seen certificates from respectable persons certifying to the cures enumerated performed by Dr. Price. We have no doubt of his ability to do all he proposes.
WILLIAM S. D. MEGOWAN,
Late Sheriff of Jefferson county, Ky.
LOVEL H. ROUSSEAU,
au16 d&w Col Commanding Kentucky Brigade.

DR. LA CROIX'S
PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE ON THE PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.
250 Pages and 130 Fine Plain and Colored Lithographs.
PRICE ONLY TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.
Sent free of postage to all parts of the Union.



ON the infirmities of youth and maturity, disclosing the secret follies of both sexes of all ages, causing debility, nervousness, depression of spirits, palpitation of the heart, suicidal imaginations, involuntary blushings, defective memory, indigestion, and lassitude, &c., comprising 250 pages, and illustrated with upwards of one hundred and thirty engravings. It is a truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain secret doubts of their physical condition, and who are conscious of having hazarded the health, happiness, and privileges to which every human being is entitled. With Confessions of a Boarding School Miss, a College Student, and a Young Married Lady, full of romance and thrilling interest.

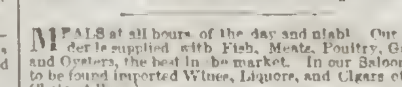
Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfulness, sometimes a ringing in the ears, weak eyes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancholy, may be cured by the author's NEW PARIS AND LONDON TREATMENT.

We have for the greater part of the past year, devoted our time in VISITING THE EUROPEAN HOSPITALS, availing ourselves of the knowledge and researches of the most skilled Physicians and Surgeons in Europe and on the Continent—such men as CIVIALE, LENOIRE, RICORD, BRECHETEAU, ACTON, and CURLINGS, of the French and English hospitals. Our tour extended through France, Italy, Germany, Holland, Ireland, England, Scotland, and Wales, visiting in our route the principal hospitals in Paris, London, Rome, Venice, Vienna, Dresden, Berlin, &c., &c. We have been amply repaid by the additional knowledge we have acquired in the treatment of various diseases to which we have directed our attention. Those who place themselves under our care will now have the full benefit of the many NEW AND EFFICIENT REMEDIES which we are enabled to introduce into our practice, and the public may rest assured of the same zeal, assiduity, SECRECY, and attention being paid to their cases, which has so successfully distinguished us heretofore as a Physician in our PECULIAR department of professional practice.

Medicines with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symptoms by letter. Business correspondence strictly confidential.
Dr. L.'s Office is still located as established; under the name of DR. LA CROIX.
To insure safety to all letters simply address "THE LA CROIX MEDICAL INSTITUTE,"
s4 d&wtf No. 31 Malden Lane, Albany, N. Y.

308. 308.
FOR GOOD MATTRESSES,
UPHOLSTERY WORK,
AND
WINDOW-SHADES OF SUPERIOR STYLE,
GO TO MARCELLUS & LENTSCH'S,
JEFFERSON STREET, NORTH SIDE,
Between Third and Fourth.
AWNING GOODS of every style and quality
AWNINGS made and put up to order.
Don't forget No. 308.
s11 eodly

GEORGE T. SHAW ....DICK PORTER.
"ROUND THE CORNER"



SALOON AND RESTAURANT,
Corner Sixth Street and Court Place,
OPPOSITE THE CITY COURT ROOMS,
Louisville, Ky.
SHAW & PORTER, Proprietors.

MEALS at all hours of the day and night. Our Larder is supplied with Fish, Meats, Poultry, Game, and Oysters, the best in the market. In our Saloon are to be found imported Wines, Liquors, and Cigars of the Choicest Brands.
Sole agents in Kentucky for J. J. Sands's celebrated Chicago and Milwaukie X, XX, and XXX Pale Cream and Stock Ales, wholesale, in barrels and half barrels, or by the bottle.
Call "ROUND THE CORNER." n12 b&dj11

SATINETS, &c.—
2 cases Cadet Satinets;
10 do assorted Jeans;
5 do Plaid Cotton;
Received and for sale cheap by
a28 T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

SUNDRIES—
250 bags Cotton Yarn, assorted numbers;
100 bales No. 1 Batting;
60 do Extra do;
75 do No. 2 do;
60 bags white Carpet Chain;
25 do colored do do;
100 do Candle-Wick
50 do Wrapping do; for sale by
a9 GARDNER & CO.

SEA ISLAND COTTONS—30 bales assorted brands Sea Island Cottons received and for sale for cash by
JAMES LOW & CO.,
208 and 210 west side Sixth st.

REFINED SUGAR—100 bbls Baltimore B Soft Crushed received and for sale by
a13 RAWSON, TODD & CO.

JAVA COFFEE—25 pockets superior old Java Coffee in store and for sale by
ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

New York Reaper.
ON hand NEW YORK REAPERS—in store and for sale by HUGH BRENT & CO.,
j8 Second st., between Main and River.

W. H. STOKES,
(SUCCESSOR TO R. & W. H. STOKES),
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
COACH AND SADDLERY HARDWARE,
Old-established Saddlery Warehouse,
No. 435 Main St., between Fifth and Sixth,
Louisville, Ky.
Merchants and Manufacturers would find it to their interest to examine my stock before making their purchases, and orders from a distance will be attended to as if made in person.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Preserve the Hair!
STRATTAN'S KATHAIRON,
For Preserving, Restoring, and Beautifying the Hair.
A JUSTLY CELEBRATED ARTICLE IS MANUFACTURED in the CITY OF LOUISVILLE, at the Capitol Drug Store, and the proprietor claims that it is superior in many respects to any preparation of the kind now in use, and warrants that it will give complete satisfaction. Its virtues have been fully tested, and numberless testimonials can be produced as to its efficacy.
Orders from the country solicited.
Wholesale price $1 50 per dozen. Retails at 25 cents per bottle. O. H. STRATTAN, Manufacturer,
june4 dtf Opposite the Post-office.

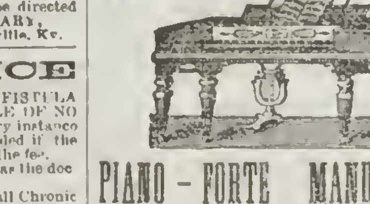
Perfumery, Soaps, Toilet Goods, &c.
I HAVE JUST RECEIVED AND OPENED A LARGE assortment of Handkerchief Extracts, Toilet Soaps, Brushes, and Fancy Goods, which I am selling at exceedingly low rates. I intend to cater to the wants of my friends and patrons in every particular, and trust they will continue former favors.
O. H. STRATTAN, Apothecary,
june4 dtf Opposite the Post-office.

Grayson Springs, Ky.
THE undersigned having the entire control of James F. Clarkson's interest in this establishment, will open the same for the reception of visitors on the 10th of June, with a promise to keep a plain and substantial Kentucky Hotel, including all the best supplies the country will afford, and solicit patronage.
TERMS OF BOARD:
Board per day....$1 25
Do. " week.... 7 00
Do. " month.... 25 00
Children and servants and half price.
Horses $3 50 per week.
j3 tf M. P. CLARKSON.

CASH! CASH!
Great Sacrifice of
LACES, EMBROIDERIES, FANCY GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS, HOSIERY, WHITE GOODS, LINEN CAMBRIC, JACONET and SWISS EDGINGS and INSERTINGS, JACONET, SWISS, and LACE FLOUNCINGS, and in short our entire stock, comprising the most beautiful designs and styles.
Will be Sacrificed for Cash.
The ladies will do well to call at once and secure the greatest and most desirable BARGAINS of the season.
GERHART & CANNON,
m7 335 Fourth st., opposite Mozart Hall.

OLMSTEAD & O'CONNOR
(Successors to Jos. Rowe),
DEALERS IN PITTSBURG AND PEYTONA CANNEL COAL,
And Sole Agents for the
Pomeroy Coal.
ORDERS for any of the above Coals respectfully solicited and promptly filled at the lowest market prices.
Constantly on hand a large supply of the "PEYTONA CANNEL" and "PEACOCK" POMEROY COALS which for kitchen, parlor, or chamber use have no superior.
Offices No. 304 Third street, between Market and Jefferson, at Robb's old stand, and at No. 302, southwest corner Brook and Market streets. je28 dtf

HINZEN, ROSEN, & CO.,



PIANO-FORTE MANUFACTURERS,
Market Street,
North side, between Sixth and Seventh,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
Always on hand a complete assortment of PIANOS at reasonable prices. sep28 dty

MALT AND HOPS
For Sale.
Cash paid for Barley
AT THE
KENTUCKY MALT HOUSE,
SOUTH SIDE MARKET STREET,
Between Sixth and Seventh.
jan23 dtf JOHN ENGELN & CO.

POWDERED AND GRANULATED SUGARS—
83 bbls Lovering's Powdered Sugar;
33 bbls do Granulated do;
Landing from mailboat and for sale by
ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.,
a26 Corner Second and Washington streets.

RIO COFFEE—160 bags prime Rio Coffee landing per mailboat and for sale by
ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

TABLE SALT—30 bbls fine Table Salt in store and for sale by
a26 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

N. O. MOLASSES—200 bbls prime Plantation Molasses in store and for sale by
a21 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

Louisiana Money Wanted.
LOUISIANA Bank Notes wanted by
ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.,
a31 Corner Second and Washington sts.

WHISKY—
100 bbls extra Rectified Whisky;
25 bbls double extra do;
75 bbls copper distilled do;
50 bbls fine old Bourbon do;
40 bbls fine old Rye do;
In store and for sale by
a26 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

WINE—
20 casks Madeira Wine;
10 casks Port do;
10 casks Muscat do;
25 bbls Malaga do;
In store and for sale by
a26 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

BRANDY—
10 ½ pipes Rochelle Brandy;
5 ½ pipes Otard, Dupuy, & Co. Brandy.
10 ¼ do A. Seignette do;
35 ¼ do Cognac do;
25 bbls New York do;
In store and for sale by
a26 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

FLANNELS.
11 BALES blue, gray, and red Flannel, suitable for uniforms, to which we invite the attention of Union Companies forming in the State, just received and for sale by JAMES LOW & CO.,
29 208 and 210 west side Sixth st.

Dissolution.
THE firm of L. A. CIVILL & WOOD is this day dissolved by mutual consent of the parties. The business of the late firm will be settled by and with L. A. Civill, who continues the business.
June 29, 1861. L. A. CIVILL,
L. A. WOOD

L. A. CIVILL,
DEALER IN
BOOKS, STATIONERY, & WALL PAPER
BOOK AND JOB
Printer and Binder
431 Main st., between Fourth and Fifth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
LOOKING-GLASSES and FANCY GOODS at cost. j51

FLOUR—300 bbls A No. 1 Family Flour for sale by
a13 GARDNER & CO.

SUNDRIES—
French Brandies, Gin, Rum, &c.;
Sardines—60 cases ½ boxes
Raisins—400 pkgs ½, ¼, and whole boxes.
Olive Oil, Macaroni, Vermicelli, &c.;
In store and for sale by
ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
Fifth st., below Main.

MACKEREL—Prime new Fish in whole and ½ bbls and kits, also No. 1 Salmon in bbls and kits, in store and for sale by
W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market

WINE—
20 casks Port Wine;
25 do Madeira Wine,
3 do Sherry do;
3 do Claret do;
5 do pure Malaga Wine;
In store and for sale by J. MONKS

RIO COFFEE—131 bags prime Rio Coffee landing per mailboat and for sale by
ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.,
a27 Corner Second and Washington sts

SUGAR—43 hhds prime N. O. Sugar from steamer Louisville via Louisville and Memphis Railroad and for sale by [j10] GARDNER & CO.

CLEAR SIDES—5,000 clear sides for sale by
W. & H. BURKHARDT,
jy29 417 Market street.

REFINED SUGAR—100 bbls Lovering's Crushed, Granulated, and Powdered just received and for sale by [a4] ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.

WOODEN WARE—Buckets and Half Buckets, Tubs, Keelers, Churns, and Buckeye and Poplar Bowls for sale by [jy30] GARDNER & CO.

SOFT CRUSHED SUGARS—100 bbls Baltimore A & B Soft Crushed Sugars just received and for sale by
m21 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

60 BOXES PRIME W. R. CHEESE just received per mailboat and for sale by
a8 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

CHEESE—60 boxes Western Reserve and Hamburg Cheese received per railroad and for sale by
a15 JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.

20 ½ PIPES SIGNETTE BRANDY;
10 ¼ pipes Champagne do;
20 ⅛ do Cognac do;
15 ¼ do Rochelle do;
25 barrels N. Y. do;
In store and for sale by
jy16 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Split-bottom Chairs.
WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF KENTUCKY Penitentiary Split-bottomed Chairs, and have in store for sale a large lot of all sizes.
A. L. SHOTWELL & SON,
je22 dtf Wall street

AUX 3 COULEURS,
L. S. R. de CRETY....(E. RABY, Agent),
328 Green street, adjoining the Journal Office
Has in store and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers a fine assortment of WINES and LIQUORS, such as
BORDEAUX. BOURGONE. COGNACS.
Bordeaux; Pomard; Bordeaux;
De Medoc; Frontignan; Lunel;
St. Estephe. Volney. Eau-de-vie-de Languedoc.
Moselle, Vin de Tokay, Armagnac, and Cordials.
mar4 dly

ELIAS HOW, jr., and S. H. ROPER'S PATENT,
THE MOST RECENT IMPROVED
Shuttle Sewing Machine
FOR ALL KINDS OF WORK. PRICE $75.
Warranted the Best in the Market;
Fine finished, strong and durable; wheel feed of great power; exceedingly simple in construction; not a wire about it; all its parts are most admirably and ingeniously arranged; cannot possibly get out of order, because everything is permanently adjusted; none so easily understood and operated, and sews the most beautiful stitch ever beheld, precisely alike on both sides. Tailors and all who have seen it pronounce it the best Machine ever sent to this vicinity. All are cordially invited to examine it. T. JOHNSTON, Agent,
n26 dly 212 Fourth street.

LORRILLARD'S SNUFF
(In bottles and bulk)
FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO JOBBERS BY
R. A. ROBINSON & CO.
may17 d4m Wholesale Druggists, 515 Main st.

Crab Orchard Springs.
THIS CELEBRATED WATERING-PLACE will be opened for the reception of visitors on 10th of June next. Invalids will be received at any time. Ample provisions made for the accommodation of a large company. JNO. H. CALDWELL, Agent.
Crab Orchard Ky., May 18, 1861. j13 d2m

J. G. JACK, E. W. JACK,
Louisville, Ky. New Orleans, La.
JACK & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers,
PROVISION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 518 north side Main st., between Third and Fourth.
LOUISVILLE, KY.

SUGAR, COFFEE, AND MOLASSES—
50 hhds prime N. O. Sugar;
100 bags prime Rio Coffee;
100 bbls Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugar;
100 do Plantation Molasses;
125 ½bbls do do;
20 ½bbls Golden Sirup;
20 10-gallon kegs Golden Sirup;
In store and for sale by
JACK & BROTHER, 518 Main st.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO
300 boxes King Missouri Tobacco;
300 do O. Ellis do do;
50 do Swisher do do;
30 do Va. and Ky. do, various brands;
In store and for sale by
JACK & BROTHER, 518 Main st.

JEANS AND LINSEYS—100 bales Negro Jeans and Linseys (best brands) in store and for sale by
JACK & BROTHER, 518 Main st.

KANAWHA SALT—3,000 bbls Kanawha Salt, best quality, in store and for sale by
JACK & BROTHER, 518 Main st.

SUNDRIES—
40 half chests Gunpowder Tea;
10 do do Black do;
50 dozen Shaker Brooms;
75 do fancy wire tied do;
100 do Painted buckets;
25 nests do Tubs
75 dozen Zinc Wash-Boards,
50 coils Cotton Rope, all sizes
20 do Hemp do, do;
100 boxes Star Candles;
45 do Starch;
75 do Rosin Soap;
30 do Palm do;
50 do German Soap;
50 bags Cotton Yarn, all numbers;
20 do Carpet Chain,
100 bales Batting;
20 do Candle Wick;
25 do Wrapping Twine;
15 bags Spice;
15 do Pepper;
100 mats Cinnamon;
3 cases Madder and Manilla Indigo
3 casks Madder;
10 bbls Alum,
5 do Sulphur;
50 casks Newcastle Soda;
1 case Nutmegs;
800,000 G. D. and S. B. Caps;
75 gross Matches;
175 do Mason's large and small Blacking;
20 boxes assorted Candy;
43 bbls Cider Vinegar;
500 kegs Nails, assorted numbers;
On hand and for sale by
m27 dtc JACK & BROTHER, 518 Main st.

New and Important Books at Civill's.
CARTHAGE AND HER REMAINS. Excavations, &c. Illustrated. $2 50.
SEASONS WITH THE SEA-HORSES; Sporting Adventures, &c. Illustrated. $1 25.
FRAMLEY PARSONAGE. By Trollope. Illustrated. $1.
OBJECT LESSONS FOR TEACHERS AND PARENTS. $1.
TOM BROWN AT OXFORD. Part 2. 40c.
ABBOTT'S HISTORY OF MARGARET OF ANJOU. 60c.
HARPER'S GREEK AND LATIN TEXTS—Cæsar, Cicero, Lucretius. Each 40c.
a16 L. A. CIVILL, Main st.

MOLASSES—100 bbls choice Plantation received by the Autocrat and Peytona and for sale by
s17 H. W. GOOD.

SHEETINGS—
50 bales Anchor Sheetings;
25 do Penn Mill do;
20 do Banner do;
Received per steamboat Ida May and for sale by
JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
a12 Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

CEDAR FAUCETS—25 gross Cedar, Locust, and Maple Faucets just received and for sale low by
ORRIN RAWSON,
jy31 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

FANCY PRINTS—150 cases Sprague's and American received and for sale by
JAMES LOW & CO.,
a9 208 and 210 west side Sixth st.

WHITE WINE—5 bbls Haut Sauterne in store and for sale by [m121] WM. GAY

KENTUCKY LARD—30 kegs prime family Lard for sale by [m9] HIBBITT & SON

CIDER VINEGAR—1,000 gallons pure Vinegar, of our own manufacture, for sale by
W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

WHITE PEACH BRANDY in store and for sale by
a8 W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

Military Books.
VIELE'S HAND-BOOK FOR ACTIVE SERVICE. A Practical Book. $1 25.
THE MILITIAMAN'S MANUAL AND SWORD-PLAY EXERCISES, &c., including Drill. $1 25.
WILCOX'S RIFLE AND RIFLE PRACTICE, with descriptions of Rifles, &c. $3
HAND BOOK OF ARTILLERY FOR UNITED STATES SERVICE. $1.
MAJ. ROBERT ANDERSON'S EVOLUTIONS OF FIELD BATTERIES. $1 25.
a8 L. A. CIVILL.

SUNDRIES—
50 boxes No. 1 Family Soap;
12 do No. 1 German do;
11 do No. 1 Palm do;
14 do No. 1 Fancy do;
50 do No. 1 Star Candles
25 do and ½boxes Tallow Candles,
also a few boxes Paraffine do,
25 do and ½boxes Starch; for sale by
s13 HIBBITT & SON

COTTONADES, &c.—
10 cases assorted Cottonades;
4 do Camlet Jeans,
5 do Farmers' Drill,
5 do Negro Plaids and Stripes,
5 bales Denims;
Received and for sale cheap by
a25 T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

Save Your Fruit!
A LARGE SUPPLY OF
MASON'S FRUIT CANS;
WILLOUGHBY " "
NEWMAN'S " "
KEYSTONE " "
EXCELSIOR " "
SPECIE " "
For sale at panic prices.
m24 S. CASSEDAY & SON.

SUGAR-HOUSE MOLASSES—75 bbls St. James Sugar House Molasses in store and for sale by
a4 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

FAMILY FLOUR of different brands, all warranted good, for sale by
a6 J. SMITH SPEED, Main st.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR—50 hhds prime for sale by
a8 ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN

PLANTATION MOLASSES—400 bbls prime, extra cooperage, in store and for sale by
a8 ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN

75 BARRELS EXTRA RECTIFIED WHISKY;
40 do Double Extra Rectified Whisky;
60 do Copper-distilled Whisky;
75 do Fine Old Bourbon Whisky;
35 do Rye Whisky;
In store and for sale by
y15 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

CIVILL! WAR!!
A NEW LARGE MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR just published. Maps small places, made prominent just now, appear on this map. Price plain, 30 cents; colored, 75 cents. Will be mailed on receipt of price. jy13 L. A. CIVILL.

COTTON YARNS—100 bags Pittsburg Eagle Cotton Yarns received per steamboat Hastings and for sale by
JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.,
Agents for Manufacturers,
a15 Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

TAR—10 bbls Carolina Tar, in prime order, just received and for sale by
jy25 GARDNER & CO.

PLANTATION MOLASSES—500 bbls in store and for sale by
jy1 ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN

YELLOW SUGAR—64 bbls New York Yellow Sugar just received and for sale by
jy25 H. W. GOOD.

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

FUNERAL OF GENERAL LYON AT HIS NATIVE PLACE—ORATION BY THE HON. GALUSHA A. GROW.—The remains of Gen. Nathaniel Lyon were committed to their final resting place in his native town of Eastford, Conn., on Thursday last. Not less than 20,000 people visited Eastford to witness the ceremonies. The Hon. Galusha A. Grow delivered the oration, and addresses were made by Gov. Buckingham, ex-Gov. Cleveland, Gov. Sprague, Judge Carpenter, Judge Colt of Missouri, the Hon. Richard Busteed of New York, and others. Mr. Grow, who is a native of Eastford, in the course of his oration, said:

War was not the greatest calamity that could befal a nation—degradation and loss of national manhood were the greatest, for their influence extended through untold generations, carrying misery and woe in their train. We are called upon to-day to defend a principle of Government against a world in arms. To-day your townsman falls and to-day the flag which was watered by our forefathers' blood is dishonored on the soil by men born within the shades of Washington; and we were called upon to vindicate our national existence by all the obligations to our Maker and to a common humanity.

The boom of cannon on the plains of Lexington shook a continent and bore an obscure militia colonel from the shades of Mount Vernon to the highest pinnacle of earthly glory, to stand forever on that proud pedestal, peerless among men, while it called Stark from his granite hills, Putnam from his plow, and Green from his blacksmith's forge to immortal fame. The iron hail beating against the walls of Sumpter again shakes the continent, and the genius of history is recording the names of those who were born not to die.

Let the bier pass on; mourn not for the dead—

> "Since to all men on this earth
> Death cometh soon or late,
> How then can a man die better
> Than facing a fearful odds
> For the ashes of his fathers
> And the temples of his God."

No man lives in vain or for himself dies too soon who falls defending the liberties of his country or the rights of mankind.

So long as the Mississippi rolls from the mountains to the sea its waters will murmur a requiem to the departed. And though his ashes sleep amid the scenes his infancy loved so well, his tomb is the hearts of his countrymen, his monument the granite hills of a nation rejoicing in freedom. Fortunate in life he is doubly fortunate in death—for

> "... if there be on this earthly sphere
> A boon, an offering Heaven holds dear,
> 'Tis the last libation Liberty draws
> From the heart that bleeds and breaks in her cause."

Gen. Lyon has left three brothers and three sisters. He himself was never married. Two of the brothers live in Eastford and one in New York State. One of the sisters lives in New York State, one in Massachusetts, and the last at Ashford, Connecticut.

The Boston Shoe and Leather Reporter says that the South had a good stock of Northern-made shoes at the commencement of the war, which is not yet exhausted, and that of the six thousand tanneries in the United States two thousand are in the slave States, their full proportion, considering for how many other uses than shoes leather is consumed in the Northern States. One-seventh of the shoemakers in the United States were also in the slave States. On the whole, the Reporter says:

So far as shoes and most of the manufactures of leather are concerned, we reach this conclusion, that, although the facilities of the Southern people are limited, still, with a proper husbanding of their resources, there is no occasion for any immediate suffering, and that it is the part of wisdom for us to calculate that they will not be brought to their knees during the present year in consequence of a deficiency in the supply of leather.

THE ATTEMPT ON GARIBALDI'S LIFE.—The last foreign arrival brought intelligence of a new attempt to assassinate Garibaldi. The particulars of the plot are fully given in a letter to the Genoese paper, Il Movimento, written by the Sicilian hero's friend and guest, Vecchi:

CAPRERA, August 18.

Last night three light-horsemen arrived here. They had heard a rumor that two illfavored individuals had landed on Caprera. That appeared to us mere idle gossip; they took their leave and we want to supper. Then Stagneli and I took a stroll with our cigars till eleven o'clock, and went to bed.

About three in the morning I heard the dogs bark and jump out of their kennels. Immediately after I fell asleep again. About five o'clock I was up and saw the gens d'armes, who related to me what had happened during the night.

When we went to supper they had gone to the rocks which commanded our courtyard and stretched themselves out at a short distance from each other. At three o'clock they heard the sound of footsteps, and saw two men passing before them through the darkness, about a pistol shot off. The guard cried out, "Who goes there?" They answered him by a shot. The soldiers then pursued them, shouting, "Stop, in the King's name!" A voice replied in a volley of obscenities.

The *gens d'armes* fired again, and heard one of the rascals cry out, "Holy Virgin!" Then both of them scampered off with the utmost speed.

Coming up to the place where these miserables had been, the soldier found their musket balls buried in a rock, and several prints of bloody hands on the granite. There was a bloody track running some distance along the road, a blood-stained handkerchief and a powder-horn.

From the fact that the wounded men cried, "Jesus Maria! Giuseppe!" as they fled, the *gens d' armes* concluded that they were foreign assassins, and not bandits of the island.

After the General had taken his bath, we informed him of what had happened. With his ordinary indifference he made light of the matter, said that he had seen the man on the rocks, begged the *gens d' armes* not to frighten the population of Magdalena by spreading the story, and then went off to look at the little vineyard of his with a friend.

But the soldiers, by their report to the authorities, had startled the whole country; exaggerations of it grew from mouth to mouth; the women shrieked from their windows that the General was killed; and everybody ran to the harbor to take refuge in a vessel. All the officials ran armed into the piazza, and I seemed to be looking at the esplanade of the Palace of Caserta, at the period when we were having the honor to protect there the country's unity. Everybody had in his mind one single idea, the protection of that life which is the most noble in Italy and the most necessary to her existence.

Two Government sloops-of-war started off on a reconnoitering expedition around the island. One of them reported having seen a boat put off from the Giglio toward the island. Efforts are now making to find out the crew who sailed in it. This is all we know at present.

INTERESTING CORRESPONDENCE.

QUINCY, ILL., Sept. 5, 1861.
Hon. William A. Richardson, Quincy, Ill:

DEAR SIR: I hope you will not deem me impertinent or officious in the attitude of a "Peace man," hoping for "Peace" only through the dread ordeal of war, while I solicit your views as a Democrat and a patriot, touching the cause and remedy to be adopted by such in the present crisis, as an unconditional Union man—united with all patriots who are in favor of the Union, the Constitution and the enforcement of the laws—and especially of "freedom of speech and the press," and the right to question the policy of all patriots in the present emergency. You will, I trust, oblige me by an expression of your views, with liberty to use the same before the public, on the stump or in the press.
Respectfully, yours, C. A. WARREN.

QUINCY, September 5, 1861.

DEAR SIR: I am in receipt of your favor of this date, and in reply thereto, have to say, that the difficulties of our country are such as to leave but little hope (Indeed I see none) of a peaceful adjustment of them. I was among those who hoped that civil war would be avoided by compromise. I think a compromise could have been made without national or individual dishonor. But the time for compromise is gone and we must adapt our action to things as they are, and act upon realities. It is the duty of all good citizens to support the Constitution, as that is the bond of the Union of the States. Preserve the Constitution and the Union is perpetuated. Overthrow the Constitution, and the Union is destroyed. For one I would not consent to a dissolution of the Union, or consider terms of separation. With those in rebellion against the Government, I have no compromises to make—no terms to offer, other than an unconditional submission by them to the Union, the Constitution, and the laws.

To maintain the Constitution and the Union, and for nothing else, I am for a vigorous prosecution of the war until all the people in all the States shall submit to them. For this purpose, and no other, I am ready and willing to give the President all the men and money he may require. Civilization and Christianity demand that we should accompany the sword with propositions of peace. Let that proposition be, submit to the "Union, the Constitution, and the laws." The "freedom of speech" and the "freedom of the press" are guaranteed by the Constitution to every American freeman, and, when I declare myself for the Constitution, I have declared for each and all of the provisions in favor of the same.

Planting ourselves firmly upon the Constitution, the Union, and the laws, we invite the cooperation of all who are for them; and it is our duty to resist all who oppose them. We know the fact to be, that there are those who are for the prosecution of the war for other purposes than the maintenance of the Constitution. Let them take the responsibility of dividing the sentiment and action of our people, if it should be divided. I am opposed to all unions of parties, where the basis of that union is spoils. I am in favor of a union upon the Constitution, the Union, and the laws. A union upon this basis will save the Government. A union for spoils would aid in its destruction.

I hope you will excuse this hastily written reply to your inquiries. I have given you my views frankly, at least, if not in good style or taste. I am truly, your friend.
W. A. RICHARDSON.
Hon. C. A. WARREN.

HOW THE SOUTHERN ARMY IS PROVIDED FOR—A HISTORY OF ITS COMMISSARIAT—THE EXPERIENCE OF A COMPANY.—The editor of the Richmond Examiner is a reckless sort of fellow, and insists upon grumbling in fine style in spite of the rebel despotism and the censorship of the press. He is an undoubted fire-eater, and a classically educated desperado, that readers have heard of him—John M. Daniels, late Minister to Sardinia. We find the following in his paper of August 30:

We have said in the beginning of this war, and we repeat it, that "behind every victory or defeat stalks the ghost of a commissary." Whatever the fortune of particular battles, that of the campaign will be mainly decided by the *health* of the army. The penny-wise, pound foolish policy which we have witnessed in the transactions of the furnishing department is as fatal to the spirit of the South as it is to its needs. Food rendered unpalatable and unwholesome by the neglect of procuring suitable boilers and bake ovens, then by the absence of bakers and cooks in a country where they abound, is one chief permanent cause of ill health in our camp; another is insufficient protection from the inclemencies of the weather. So many tents without fly-cloths let the rain spatter through and wet everything. Surely tar, at least, might have been found to make them water-proof. Finally, the neglect of cleanliness, alike personal and public, and the facility with which whisky is circulated through our camps, concur to swell the sick list. * * *

A company of volunteers, encamped within a few hours' journey of their respective homes, during a period of six weeks in midsummer, had never fresh meat or vegetables allowed them. They had but one axe in camp, and one old hatchet—no hammers, saws or other necessary tools, not even nails—not a pot in which to boil or stew, until the writer borrowed one for them of his own motion from a neighboring farmer. They had not a single large fork, spoon, or ladle, but one common meat knife—no chopper, no fire-tongs or shovel, no pot hook—only four wooden trays of the smallest size, of buckets, about one of the common size, painted inside, to a dozen men—and of basins still fewer—about half as many tin cups and plates, knives, and forks as there are men in the company. Many were without a change of clothes for weeks together. They had not a matchsafe or tinderbox, no serviceable lantern, or lamps. Not ovens or pans enough to cook a whole meal at a time—no washerwomen, as allowed by the "Regulations," nor other servants whatsoever. Their meat was nearly all fried, and their rations, wastefully prepared and wretchedly cooked, hardly ever went round without some one's being shared out. No wood was ever brought but such as the cooks dragged from the forest near by. The only time the men were allowed to bathe was immediately after supper. They were officered by a West Point Captain, and all their officers were gentlemen of refined culture, who kept their own servants, their own table, and ignored as much as possible the existence of the men when off duty. Their Quartermaster and Commissary, who, for the company, are one person, was as usual a sergeant, who, as is customary, evaded as much as possible the duties of the commissariat. This state of things occasioned great discontent

The camp was always grumbling, but no member of the company ever took upon himself to obtain, or even demanded, redress or grievances. A few deserted—more would, had they dared—disaffection with the service was general. Treated worse than any negro slaves, they said among themselves "What if the South whips, we die, the non slaveholding whites will get nothing by it. They said much worse than this, for they were virtually abolitionized by their position, and they had not culture or reason enough to understand the comparative advantage which even the poorest white man in the South enjoys, in consequence of a system which checks foreign emigration and keeps arable land always open to his industry. This company, which contained a fair proportion of intelligence and manhood, submitted passively to the privations above mentioned within hail of their own homes. What, then, can be expected of soldiers far away from home, and placed under physical as well as moral disabilities? Here they were camped in a very healthy location, and too few in number to vitiate the air. The waters within shot abound in fish. There was everything to tantalize, to provoke the explosion of individual energies, but the very idea that they were soldiers paralyzed them.

When the writer, visiting the camp, represented its wants to its captain, he was told that the Commissary Department had refused to furnish more than we have mentioned, and afterward, at another place, the only additions made were of rice and molasses, some sheet-iron camp kettles, half full of holes, and some little axes, besides what the captain purchased for the company out of his own pocket.

The experience of this company is still very favorable, on the whole, as compared with a great many others we could name.

[Special to the Cincinnati Commercial.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.

The profound quiet of Washington is yet unbroken by any positive signs of a rebel attack.

This long delay induces speculations that Beauregard is awaiting reinforcements from McCulloch, Pillow, & Co., adding the Southern army of the West to that of the Potomac. But if Beauregard can't take Washington by strategem, he cannot by numbers.

The fortifications of Baltimore proceed rapidly.

Traitors hereabouts begin to find themselves checkmated in unexpected quarters.

The troops are remarkably healthy.

ATTEMPT OF REBEL SAILORS TO CAPTURE A SHIP.—The ship Resolute, Capt. Thomas F. Freeman, arrived this morning from Liverpool with the whole crew in a state of mutiny. The circumstances in this case are of the most aggravating character, and show how far secession principles have been engrafted upon the feelings of many of those who have been brought under its influence. The crew of the Resolute left New Orleans some months ago to avoid being drafted into the military organization then forming in that city. They came to Liverpool in a Southern ship and then left her. During their stay in Liverpool they talked freely and loudly of "secesh" and its glories, and when their means were exhausted they shipped on board the Resolute, with the determination, it is alleged, of either capturing the ship themselves, or in the event of falling in with a privateer to take such measures as would result in the ship falling into the hands of the pirates.

They kept their plans secret until they were well at sea, and then began to talk defiantly and openly avow their sympathy with the secession cause. Every day their conduct became more and more threatening, until at last they made their boasts that they would take the ship when they thought proper. Captain Freeman became alarmed for the safety of his vessel, and made preparations to resist them should they attempt to take the ship. The passengers were informed of the condition of affairs, and to a man resolved to stand by the captain and officers of the ship.

Shortly after her anchor was let go, Sergeant Holland, of the harbor police, boarded her and found the entire crew turned into their berths, refusing even to furl the sails. He immediately obtained the facts from the Captain as above stated, and then ordered the would-be-pirates to get up and dress themselves as quickly as possible, and prepare to go on shore.

They were then ironed and conveyed to the United States Marshal's office to be examined before a United States commissioner. The following is a list of the prisoners:

Name	Age.	Nativity.
Edward Davis	26	United States.
John Hanson	20	" "
George Masr	28	" "
David Ariel	22	" "
John Enright	29	Ireland.
John Clark	23	United States.
Wm. Brien	33	Ireland.
James Cain	26	Nova Scotia.
Frederick Osborne	27	Ireland.
John Ross	31	Scotland.
Wm. Allan	27	United States.
James A. Hughes	26	" "
Francis Moran	26	" "

There is but little doubt that if it had not been for fear of the passengers taking sides against them these pirates would have captured the ship, run her to the southward, and delivered her up as a prize to the rebel authorities.

N. Y. Com. Adv., 11th.

FROM THE SOUTHWEST.—We have information which we rely upon, from Springfield, as late as Thursday last, to the effect that McCullough was then reported to be at Fort Smith, and that his troops were at Mount Vernon, Lawrence county, on Friday, the 30th ult., intending next day to take up their line of march to their old quarters, Fort Walker, in Arkansas. Nothing certain was known of McCullough's future movements and intentions, but it was supposed that he and his troops would remain near the line, ready to act in concert with his Missouri allies as occasion may require.

Something over two weeks ago, Rains moved with his command upon an expedition against Fort Scott, in Kansas, where Lane and Montgomery have posted themselves. When within about thirty miles of that place, he sent back for reinforcements. Thereupon, Gen. Price went with his whole command, including a portion of McBride's men. The united forces were, it is supposed, 6,000 or 7,000 men. Lane was represented to have 1,000. When last heard from, Price was about fifteen miles distant from Fort Scott, and it was confidently expected that a battle would take place on Tuesday of last week. If this be reliable, as we suppose it is, there has been no battle between Rains and Lane, as heretofore reported. We give the number of Price's army, as understood at Springfield; but no doubt recruits had gone to join him in large numbers, and it is quite probable that his forces had been nearly doubled.

Gov. Jackson was in Springfield on Sunday, the 1st, with one hundred and fifty men, who were acting as a sort of body guard. They had come with him from Memphis. Among his attendants was Mr. Charles Sims, who formerly resided in Cass county, Mo., and was a leader of the Benton party in the House of Representatives in 1851. Several years since he removed to Tennessee. Sims addressed the people of Springfield at some length. Jackson left to join the State forces on Sunday night.

On Thursday last there was at Springfield a regiment under Col. Taylor, which was stated to be a part of McBride's command. This was all the force left there.

It is probable that we shall soon hear of an engagement at Fort Scott.—*St. Louis Rep., 10th.*

THE ARMY of the UNITED STATES AND Radway's Ready Relief.

INFORMATION FOR THE WAR DEPARTMENT.

Testimony of Field Officers, Company Officers, and entire Regiments in favor of the GREAT PREVENTIVE AND RESTORATIVE.

We propose to offer, in a few brief paragraphs, such proofs of the efficacy of RADWAY'S READY RELIEF as a preventive of and cure for the diseases to which bodies of unacclimated men are peculiarly subject in warm latitudes as cannot fail to command the attention of a Paternal Government anxious to protect the health and lives of the tens of thousands of brave and patriotic citizens who have left and are daily leaving their homes, their families, and their business to fight in its defence.

According to the testimony of eminent military men, of army surgeons of high standing in the profession, and thousands of private soldiers, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF has already been of immense benefit to the sick among our gallant volunteer soldiery in CAMP, IN THE BIVOUAC, AND ON THE MARCH.

The subjoined summary of facts, which we respectfully invite the Government to verify by application to the parties named, includes but a small portion of the voluminous testimony to the same effect received by us within a few weeks from various headquarters of regiments and detachments in the service of the United States:

TESTIMONIAL NO. 1.
From the Ninth Regiment N. Y. Volunteers (Zouaves).
Col. Bush Hawkins, of this regiment (now quartered at Newport News), writes us bestowing the strongest encomiums on the RELIEF, and recommending it, from the experience of himself and officers, as "a most valuable addition to the army medicine chest."

TESTIMONIAL NO. 2.
Major Linelli, Garibaldi Guard, pronounces the Relief an "excellent medicine" for the army.

TESTIMONIAL NO. 3.
Col. George Lyons, of the Eighth Regiment N. Y. S. M., all his officers, and 800 privates, endorse the Relief in the most emphatic terms, and suggest its immediate introduction into the medical stores of every branch of the service.

TESTIMONIAL NO. 4.
Surgeon E. K. Seaborn and Colonel Phelps, of the First Regiment of Vermont Volunteers, warmly approve the Relief, and the regiment has taken with it to the field a sufficient supply for present use.

TESTIMONIAL NO. 5.
Captain John Whitlock, Co. I California Regiment, stationed at Camp Yates, Staten Island, says that, on the 5th of June, 1861, he administered the Relief to forty men of his company who were laboring under severe attacks of diarrhea and dysentery; that its remedial effects were immediate; and that a majority of the sick REPORTED FOR DUTY THE SAME AFTERNOON. He therefore recommends its addition to the medical stores of the regiment as a measure of the "highest importance."

TESTIMONIAL NO. 6.
The military editor of the New York Sunday Atlas testifies, on behalf of members of the Seventy first, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Twelfth, and Sixty ninth Regiments, to the beneficial effects of the Relief in "dozens of cases of sun-stroke."

As a protective against and remedy for dysentery, diarrhea, fever and ague, bilious, yellow, and other fevers, and of the effects of miasma, unwholesome water, and excessive heat; as a general invigorant and restorative; and also as an external application for reducing the inflammation of wounds, the Relief is infallible. When administered internally it instantly arrests pain.

TO THE PUBLIC AT HOME.
The use of Radway's Ready Relief is of equal importance in the domestic circle. Every family should keep a supply of it in the house. It can be used for so many complaints and ailments, and will in all cases give ease and comfort to the sufferer.

TAKEN INTERNALLY,
it will in a few minutes relieve the most severe pains occasioned by
DIARRHEA, CHOLERA MORBUS, COLIC, FEVER AND AGUE, SICK HEADACHE, HEARTBURNS, CRAMPS, SPASMS, PAINS IN THE STOMACH AND BOWELS, PAIN IN THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, GIDDINESS, MELANCHOLY, HYSTERICS, BILIOUS COLIC, WEAKNESS, LOWNESS OF SPIRITS, SICKNESS AT STOMACH, and will, with a few times using, cure the most obstinate cases.

APPLIED EXTERNALLY,
it immediately relieves, and will in a few days cure RHEUMATISM and all RHEUMATIC affections, GOUT, NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE, SUDDEN COLDS, HOARSENESS, SORE THROAT, DIPTHERIA, INFLUENZA, SUN-STROKE, HEADACHE, CATARRH, PLEURISY, TIGHTNESS OF THE CHEST, BITES AND STINGS OF MUSKETOS and other insects, PAINS IN THE JOINTS, HARD SWELLINGS, LUMBAGO, INFLAMMATION AND PAIN IN THE KIDNEYS, WOMB, SPINE, &c., SPRAINS, STRAINS, WOUNDS, SCALDS, and BURNS. Let Radway's Ready Relief be applied or taken internally on the first warning given of sickness, and no matter what may be the character of the threatened disease, the Ready Relief will break up and arrest the progress of the disease.

A mass of evidence so direct and conclusive as the above, emanating from military men who volunteer it so earnestly, and who testify from personal experience, can scarcely be disregarded at Washington; and we cannot doubt that the Government, on looking into the facts, will deem it expedient to supply the stationary military hospitals and all regiments in the field with a protective and remedial preparation of such inappreciable value and utility.
RADWAY & CO.,
23 JOHN STREET, New York.

R. R. R.
IMPORTANT TO THOSE AFFLICTED WITH CHRONIC SCROFULAS AND SYPHILITIC DISEASES.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT
IS THE MOST PERFECT CURE FOR SORES, SKIN ERUPTIONS, ULCERS, FEVER SORES, SALTRHEUM, ERYSIPELAS (IN ALL ITS FORMS), SORE HEAD, CANKER, AND ALL CHRONIC DISEASES KNOWN TO MEDICAL SCIENCE.
IN A FEW WEEKS.
Those who take Radway's Renovating Resolvent will have rich, pure, and
HEALTHY BLOOD
coursing through their veins.

PURE SKIN—CLEAR COMPLEXION.—The continued use of Radway's Renovating Resolvent for two or three weeks will change a rough, sallow, discolored, and unhealthy skin to a clear and healthy complexion.

Infants and children afflicted with Red Gum, Sore Heads, Eruptions, and Breakings Out, Cancers, &c., will derive immediate benefit by the use of the Resolvent.

RADWAY'S RENOVATING RESOLVENT IS A GREAT LUNG AND STOMACH REMEDY.
Bad Cough, Hacking Dry Cough, Stitching or Wrenching Pains in the Side, Sudden Pains around the Heart, Shortness of Breath, Hard Breathing, Sharp Pains when taking a Long Breath, and all other painful symptoms are quickly removed by the Renovating Resolvent.

BRONCHITIS—SPITTING OF BLOOD.
In all cases of Bronchitis that we have known the Resolvent to be used for it has quickly cured the patient—it never fails. Likewise in Hemorrhage from the Lungs or Throat R. R. Resolvent is the most safe and prompt styptic in use. Those afflicted with Dyspepsia of long standing are especially recommended to it as a never failing remedy.

Price of R. R. Resolvent is $1 per bottle. Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.
HOUSEHOLD BLESSING NO. 3.
RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS are the only Vegetable substitute for Calomel, Mercury, Antimony, Quinine, and their kindred mineral poisons in use.

Radway's Regulating Pills are elegantly coated with Medicated Gum—thirty Pills in each box—dose from one to six—warranted to operate in six hours.

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS ARE THE MOST PERFECT PILLS IN USE, and the only Pills that possess any new medicinal properties or regulating powers that have been discovered during the present century.

THE WEAK GROW STRONG.
The first dose of Radway's Pills sows the seed of health in the sick and diseased system, and in fifteen minutes after a dose is swallowed will check the progress of disease, in six hours an evacuation from the bowels will follow, when the patient will grow better; every day the patient will gain strength. The sick become healthy and the feeble strong, every organ in the diseased body is resuscitated with new life and vigor, and health and regularity will reign throughout the whole system. The liver will be regular in secreting bile, the skin regular in its functions, and the heart regular in its beatings, the pulse regular in its motions, and the bowels regular, at a regular hour, in discharging their contents. Let all who have occasion to take physic take a dose of Radway's Pills. If your system is out of order, two or three of Radway's Pills will establish regularity.

The following ailments Radway's Pills will quickly cure and free the system from all irritating humors and leave every organ of the body in a natural and healthy condition:

Constipation of the Bowels,	Hysteria,
Inflammation of the Bowels,	Whites,
Inflammation of the Kidneys,	Influenza,
Headache, Nervous,	Fits,
Headache, Sick,	Kidney Complaints,
Measles,	Bladder Complaints,
Small-Pox,	Indigestion,
Dropsy,	Scarlet Fever,
Costiveness,	Typhus Fever,
Biliousness,	Pleurisy,
Dyspepsia,	Bilious Fever,
Irregularity,	Heart Disease,

UNHEALTHY DRAINS.
Loss of Appetite, Loss of Memory, Loss of Energy, and Loss of Strength.

IMPORTANT TO LADIES.
Ladies suffering from Irregularities, Monthly Suppressions, Retentions, &c., should take one or two of Radway's Regulating Pills every night for one week before the expected period. They will remove all *diseased obstructions* and insure a healthy discharge at the proper time.

Price of Radway's Pills 25 cents per box (coated with gum); pleasant to take; 30 pills in each box. Sold by Druggists and Merchants everywhere.
RADWAY & CO.,
23 JOHN STREET, New York.
E. WILDER, Agent, Louisville.
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AUCTION SALES.

S. G. HENRY ....S. H. HENRY
S. G. Henry & Co,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS corner of Main and Wall streets, Louisville, Ky.
Cash advances made on goods consigned to us to any amount.
We are at all times ready to attend to sales of Real Estate, Marshal's or Constable's Sales, Household Furniture, &c., on terms satisfactory to sellers. ly20

RIO COFFEE—500 bags Rio Coffee, fair to prime, in store and for sale by
ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.,
s11 Corner Second and Washington sts.

MOLASSES
150 bbls prime Plantation Molasses;
50 bbls prime St. James Sugar-House Molasses;
In store and for sale by
s11 ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

LOVERING'S SUGARS—75 bbls Lovering's Crushed, Powdered and Granulated Sugars in store and for sale by [s11] ANDW BUCHANAN & CO.

WINES—
50 boxes Claret Wine;
100 do Sauterne do;
50 do Muscat do;
20 casks Claret do;
20 bbls White do;
25 pkgs Sherry do;
20 do Port do;
In store and for sale by
ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
Fifth street, below Main.

BRANDIES—10 pkgs French Brandy for sale by
ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
Fifth st., below Main.

SUNDRIES—
60 cases ½ and ¼ boxes Sardines,
20 bkts Olive Oil,
200 bbls copper distilled Whisky;
4 pipes Holland Gin
8 puncheons Rum, Jamaica and St. Croix;
For sale by ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
Fifth st., below Main.

BRANDY AND WINE CASKS suitable for Catawba for sale by ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
Fifth st., below Main.

MILITARY BOOKS at CIVILL'S, Main st.

REBELLION RECORD (5 parts) at CIVILL'S.

AMERICAN FLAG, illustrated, at CIVILL'S.

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ADVENTURES IN THE SOUTH PACIFIC, by a Pirater, at CIVILL'S.

MAHAN'S CIVIL ENGINEERING at CIVILL'S.

MENIFEE'S MECHANICAL DRAWING at CIVILL'S.

EMMON'S GEOLOGY at CIVILL'S.

SCHOOL BOOKS cheap at CIVILL'S.

Dissolution.
THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of JACK & BROTHER, is this day dissolved. J. G. Jack having purchased the entire interest in the stock and assets, is authorized to settle the partnership business and to use the name of the firm for the purpose. J. G. JACK,
EDWIN W. JACK.
Louisville, Ky., Aug. 16, 1861.

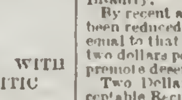
NOTICE.
THE undersigned will continue the WHOLESALE GROCERY and COMMISSION business at the old stand, No. 341 Main street, between Third and Fourth.
Louisville, Aug. 17, 1861. J. G. JACK.

Kentucky Cider-Mill.
AS the season has arrived for making Cider, and the crop of Apples abundant, I am again prepared to furnish this popular CIDER-MILL. As times are hard and money scarce, we feel confident that no farmer who has apples will allow them to rot on the ground when he can for so small a price procure a Mill by which he can turn his apples into money in addition to having a fresh glass of cider every morning to help drive away the troubles of the times. We warrant THIS MILL to run lighter, grind faster, and press harder than any other Mill now offered to the public. Before purchasing, call and examine it. G. W. BASHAW,
No. 323 Main st.

Also the Kentucky Feed-Cutter.
We have made additional improvements to our No. 8 FEED-CUTTER, which make it run much lighter for hand-cutting than any other machine in the market. In other respects it is too well known to need any description.
THRESHING MACHINES of all kinds, GRAIN DRILLS, PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, CEMENT, PLASTER, LIME, SAND, TURNIP SEED, and all kinds of GARDEN SEEDS.
G. W. BASHAW,
a11 d2m No. 323 Main st.

Kanawha Cannel Coal Oil HOUSE.
HAVING, as Treasurer of the KANAWHA CANNEL COAL MINING AND OIL MANUFACTURING COMPANY, purchased the entire stock of LAMPS and LAMP FIXTURES of WM. F. SIMRALL, No. 498 Main street, fourth door west of Fourth, Louisville, Ky., it is my purpose to keep a supply of FINE BURNING OIL, manufactured by this Company, constantly on hand at wholesale and retail, all of which will be warranted to be equal if not superior to any Coal Oil manufactured in the country.
Our Oil is manufactured from pure Cannel Coal, and none other will be offered to our customers.
In a few days we shall be prepared to fill orders for LUBRICATING OIL, of as good quality as any in the country, at from 25 to 50 cents per gallon.
R. J. CRAWFORD (formerly in the employ of Wm. F. Simrall) will conduct the business of the House for me, and letters addressed to him or the undersigned at Louisville will receive prompt attention.
A. G. HODGES,
au6 d3m Treas. K. C. C. M. & Oil Man. Co.

Three Years' Recruits Wanted for the Regular Army.
Recruiting Rendezvous Front street, Jeffersonville, Ind



ABLE-BODIED UNMARRIED MEN, between the ages of 18 and 35 years, are wanted for the Nineteenth Regiment of U. S. Infantry.
By recent acts of Congress the term of enlistment has been reduced to three years, the bounty has been made equal to that for volunteers, the pay has been increased two dollars per month, and provision has been made to promote deserving privates to commissioned officers.
Two Dollars will be paid to any one bringing an acceptable Recruit.
For further information or for enlistment, apply at the recruiting Rendezvous.
R. DELAVAN MUSSEY,
Captain 19th U. S. Infantry,
a13 d1m Recruiting Officer.

Mutual Life Insurance.
THE NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 39 State street, Boston, insures lives on the mutual principle.
Net Accumulation exceeding $1,850,000, and increasing, for the benefit of members, present and future—the whole safely and advantageously invested.
The business conducted exclusively for the benefit of the persons insured.
The greatest risk taken on a life $15,000.
Surplus distributed among the members every fifth year, from December 1, 1843—settled in cash or by addition to policy.
Premiums may be paid quarterly or semi-annually, where desired, and amounts not too small.
Forms of application and pamphlets of the Company and its reports to be had of its agents or at the office of the Company, or forwarded by mail, if written for post paid.
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THE GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE
OF
SPROULE & MANDEVILLE
Are now receiving their large stock of
CLOTHING
AND
Furnishing Goods.
SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,
S. E. corner Fourth and Main streets

NEW GOODS.
Fine Clothing.
J. M. ARMSTRONG,
On Main, opposite the National Hotel,
Is now receiving a portion of his stock—
FINE DRESS SUITS.
FINE BUSINESS SUITS.
SUPER OVERCOATS
DRESS AND FANCY PANTS.
DRESS AND FANCY VESTS;
Also SHIRTS, HOSIERY, and UNDERWEAR; together with a super stock of YOUTHS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING; fine stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS, for which orders are solicited.
PRICES VERY LOW EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.

S. S. MARK. G. F. DOWNS.
MOURNING GOODS.
RECEIVED this day a small lot of
Bombazines;
6-4 black Muslin de Laines
6-4 black French Merinoes.
For sale at low prices.
MARK & DOWNS, 413 Main st

COFFEE—100 bags prime Rio Coffee just received and for sale by GARDNER & CO

Holt's Speeches for the 1,000,000,
Complete Edition, containing:
THE Address to the Kentucky Troops at Camp "Joe Holt."
The Address delivered at Louisville July 13, 1861.
The Address in reply to Hon. W. Duer at Osage, N. Y.
The Address in reply to the Buffalo Committee at Niagara Falls.
Will be mailed to any address on receipt of two three-cent stamps. Price by the dozen 40 cents, or by mail 60 cents. Price by the hundred $2 50, or by mail $3 50.
HOLT'S LETTERS UPON THE POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT, THE PENDING REVOLUTION, THE DUTY OF KENTUCKY, &c., when ordered with the above, will be furnished for one three-cent stamp; by the dozen 25 cents, or by mail 35 cents, by the hundred $1, or by mail $2.
a29 w&d L. A. CIVILL, Main st
Louisville, Ky

TABLE SALT—30 bbls fine Table Salt, packed in 7lb bags, for sale by ANDREW BUCHANAN & CO.,
s2 Corner Second and Washington streets.

COFFEE—300 bags prime Rio Coffee just received per railroad and for sale by
s2 H. W. GOOD.

BUTTER BUCKETS—75 dozen Butter and Sugar Buckets just received and for sale by
ORRIN RAWSON,
s2 338 Main st., between Fourth and Fifth.

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

GREEN STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

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GEO. D. PRENTICE, PAUL R. SHIPMAN, Editors.

OLIVER LUCAS, Local Editor and Reporter.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1861.

SPEECH OF THE HON. JOSEPH HOLT IN NEW YORK CITY.—The readers of the Journal will thank us for giving them an opportunity of reading the brilliant and effective speech of the Hon. Joseph Holt in the city of New York. He in vain attempted to excuse himself to the people of that loyal city. In no part of the Union has his matchless services been better appreciated, and even his native State is not prouder of him than the people of New York are. His progress from Boston to Albany was amidst an almost continuous ovation.

The speech was badly reported in the New York papers. It is published accurately in our paper, and it is in all respects worthy of the gifted and eloquent Kentuckian.

☞The Legislature, it will be seen, broke the ice of inaction yesterday, but failed to step firmly in. We suppose it will to-morrow venture timorously to put in one foot! We are aware of the excuse the majority plead for their wretched boggling, but the excuse is a poor one; their boggling is inexcusable. No possible good arising from delay can bear any comparison with the necessary evil. The course of the Legislature since the invasion of our territory by the Confederate troops has been wholly indefensible; it has been below the requirements of a healthful public spirit, below the claims of the public safety, below the demands of the people, and below, far below, the dictates of a manly and enlightened policy. It has done much towards impairing the popular confidence in the capacity of the Legislature either to appreciate or grapple with the crisis. A few more days of inaction and the people will conclude justly that the most formidable enemy of the State is entrenched in the Capitol. Is the Legislature prepared to face the consequences of this conclusion?

☞The Courier of Tuesday has a long article referring to alleged threats of Union authorities or Union individuals to destroy the Courier office. The Editor gets equally indignant and eloquent upon the subject and gives solemn warning of the awful fate, which, he says, will most certainly befall any and all who shall dare to interfere with his publication. His readers might suppose, from the ominous notes of warning he gives, that he thinks the lifting of a finger against his paper would be the most terrible crime of the age, and a crime certain to meet the most dreadful retribution that the human mind can contemplate.

The Courier is an able paper. In its intercourse with other papers, it is generally courteous. It has our best wishes for its pecuniary prosperity. We should be sorry to see the hand of lawless violence laid upon it. We trust there is no danger of anything of the kind. But, whatever may or may not happen, the Courier has very little right, in fact no right at all, to put in the plea of persecution. When the Louisville Journal was cut off from its Southern circulation, not by law, not by the voice of the people, but by tyrannical and self-constituted Vigilance Committees, the Courier exulted at what was done and sneered at and taunted us on account of it. The Editor has all along rejoiced in the whole condition of things existing in the Southern Confederacy, where, as he well knows, a paper denouncing the Confederate Government, as his paper denounces the United States Government, would be demolished in an hour after its first appearance. He sustains the Southern sedition law, which makes all words uttered against the Government, whether in newspapers or in conversation, treasonable and prescribes for them the harshest punishment. Yes, he approves and justifies and applauds the annihilation of all liberty of speech and of the press in his favorite Confederacy, smiling to behold all offending papers demolished and their Editors consigned to the ignominious punishment due to treason, but, when he hears that his own paper is in peril on account of a more ferocious and savage opposition to the United States Government than any other paper in the world ever made or dared to make to the Government of its own country in time of war, his indignation and horror at the bare idea of his concern's being molested know no bounds.

The Editor of the Courier, to the whole extent of his power, has been a most pestilent Editor. All his influences have been evil. He has encouraged and instigated in all possible ways forcible violations of the laws of the land. He has labored to persuade his friends and all other citizens to set law and order at defiance. He has recognized the obligation of no law not squaring with his political views and ends. He has called upon the people to rise up in open and armed rebellion against the laws prohibiting the extension of aid and comfort to the enemies of his country. He has invoked the people to open resistance against the tax law and other laws enacted by Congress. He recognizes no public duty of obedience to any laws at variance with the treasonable purposes his party has in view. He approves the firing of mobs upon steamboats on the bare suspicion of their having arms on board destined for Union men, and advocates the tearing up of railroads for a like reason. He condemns no theft, reprobates no murder or arson, committed by disunionists for the promotion of the disunion cause. He delights in the incursion of Tennesseeans into Kentucky to seize Kentucky steamboats and Kentucky men and to bear boats and men to Tennessee. No word of censure does he ever speak against the horrid anarchy, the direful reign of terror, prevailing in the secession counties of Southern Kentucky. Union men are assassinated there, their property is seized and confiscated, hundreds of them with their families are driven in want and woe into exile and warned never to return on penalty of death, there is no more law in that doomed region than among the wild beasts of the desert or the wilderness, but of all this he has no complaint to make. In the prosecution of his fell purpose of disunion, he would break up the whole foundation and break down the whole edifice of civil society, but oh, when he hears a whisper, that, in the midst of the ragings of the spirit he has evoked, the hand of lawless or lawful force may be laid upon his office, from which "firebrands, arrows, and death" are daily hurled through the land, words fail him in his effort to express his sense of the magnitude and awfulness of the alleged crime and his conception of the dreadful results that must follow.

May the cup of bitterness, filled by the Courier's hand for myriads of others, never be commended to its own traitor-lips. May it live to repent of the blackest crimes that mortal newspaper ever perpetrated. It has kindled the fire—may it not perish in the conflagration. It has struck at the barriers that shut out the foaming waters of strife—may it not be drowned in the deluge.

☞The disunionists have had a "peace meeting" at Frankfort. Let the tigers, wolves, bears, and hyenas get up the next peace meeting.

☞Roger Hanson has gone to join the Confederate army. He took a good deal of whisky with him, although it is a contraband article.

☞The only proper committee for the Legislature to send to the rebel troops who have invaded the soil of Kentucky is General Anderson and every soldier he can raise in the State and summon from the neighboring States of Ohio, Indiana, and Illinois. The crisis has come—let there not be a moment's hesitation or delay. Strike at the rebels both from abroad and at home with the swiftness and force of a thunderbolt. Shall there be a lack of promptness and energy in Kentucky after so many examples of the unscrupulousness and energy of the rebels? Shall they be allowed to play a successful game also in Kentucky? If the Legislature shall fail to act with the necessary promptness and vigor the disappointment and indignation of the people will know no bounds. Let them without a moment's unnecessary delay repeal the State Guards organize the Home Guards—and invite and urge General Anderson to raise fifty thousand troops in the State, and call in in the meantime all he may want from our neighbors.

COL. PRESTON'S WAR.—In the Peace Convention at Frankfort, Col. Preston, Ex-Ambassador to Spain, alluding to the asserted duty of disbanding camps and resisting the tax, raised his hand and voice and said with all possible emphasis of lungs and gesture, "And I will wage eternal WAR on those members of this Legislature who prove recreant to the trust reposed in them"!

What a remark to be made in a *peace* convention! What a tremendous consternation must have prevailed among those members of the Legislature, who had thought of proving "recreant," when they heard such an awful declaration from the lips of a man fresh from the presence of a live Queen!

☞The Tennessee papers do lie most shockingly. They have been proclaiming for several weeks that the Hon. G. W. Bridges, elected to the U. S. Congress from East Tennessee, was raising a regiment to fight against the United States, but Mr. Bridges at the last accounts was at Camp Dick Robinson, as good a Union man as ever struck a blow for his country.

MASS MEETING IN IRVING HALL—SPEECH OF THE HON. JOSEPH HOLT.

The announcement in the papers yesterday morning, says a New York contemporary, that the Hon. Joseph Holt, the representative Union man of Kentucky, would address the people of New York, called together through the rough and howling storm of last evening the largest audience which Irving Hall is capable of containing. Long before the hour for which the meeting was called every seat was occupied, and by eight o'clock every inch of standing room was as hotly contested as the heights to the west of Washington. There was a large number of ladies in the galleries.

The arrival of Mr. Holt was the signal for impetuous cheering—the whole audience rising and waving hats and handkerchiefs. He was accompanied upon the platform by Pelatiah Perit, Chas. H. Marshall, John Jay, Peter Cooper, Prosper M. Wetmore, Roswell C. Hitchcock, S. B. Chittenden, and others of the Chamber of Commerce, at whose solicitation he had consented to speak.

Wm. E. Dodge, Esq., called the meeting to order, and nominated Pelatiah Perit chairman of the meeting. The nomination was unanimously acceded to.

Mr. Perit, on taking the chair, said: We are assembled this evening to give a public reception to our distinguished fellow citizen, the Hon. Joseph Holt, of Kentucky [applause], who is accidentally with us. Mr. Holt has been drawn to this city by business motives, and had not intended to take any part in any public demonstration; but he has kindly yielded to the solicitations of the committee of the Chamber of Commerce and many distinguished citizens, and honors us with his company this evening. [Applause.] It might be a proper introduction to the proceedings of this evening to advert to a few of those important events which have given special prominence to Mr. Holt before the public at this time. We all of us remember that doleful interval in our history when the Executive Government appeared to be paralyzed; when the army of the United States, under the ingenious arrangements of Mr. Floyd, had been scattered through remote regions, and was unavailable for any important purpose; when the best arms of the Government had been carefully sent to the States which were ripe for secession, and when the navy of the United States was scattered throughout remote parts of the earth, inaccessible to the orders of Government. It was under these circumstances that Mr. Holt accepted the appointment of Secretary of War [cheers]; and I am sure that I do not transgress the limits of truth when I say that it was owing to his firmness and patriotism and vigor, in a great measure, that our Government was saved from ruin. [Applause.] I am sure that I utter the sentiments of all this large audience when I say that we owe to Mr. Holt—there are due to him from every patriotic citizen cordial acknowledgements and everlasting gratitude for the services which he has rendered. I have the honor to introduce Mr. Holt to the Assembly.

FELLOW CITIZENS: It is to me a source of boundless rejoicing that the freemen of Kentucky are still permitted to call the freemen of New York their fellow-citizens. Traitors within and traitors without have striven unceasingly to drag that noble Commonwealth from the moorings of her loyalty, and to send her adrift upon that stormy sea of rebellion and treason on which so many of our States are being wrecked, but their seductions and their threatenings have proved alike unavailing. In spite of all their violence and of all their treacherous efforts to rend them asunder, New York and Kentucky stand this night before the world as sisters. The freemen of Kentucky are still the brethren of the freemen of New York, bound together by the same blessed memories, kindled by the same transporting hopes, and animated by the same lofty, inflexible resolve to maintain the Union of these States, whatever expenditure of life and of treasure the patriotic struggle may involve. Kentucky has not now, she never has had, the slightest sympathy with those conspirators who, at the head of armies and in the mad pursuit of power, are now reddening their hands in a nation's blood. She abhors them as Rome abhorred Catiline, as the American people abhor Benedict Arnold, as Christians abhor the memory of Judas Iscariot. That abhorrence was fully expressed in her recent election; and yet, in defiance and in contempt of that overwhelming popular demonstration, the public papers now assure us that the secessionists are actively engaged in machinations to plunge that State into the horrors of civil war, simply and solely because she has refused to follow the example of Faust and sell herself to the Devil. If this be true, and, like the political bandits of Mexico and South America, they atrociously insist upon appealing from the popular vote to the sword and strike the first blow, I predict it will then appear that the Union men of Kentucky, with all their sincere love of peace and desire for it, carry bullets as well as ballots in their pockets.

Fellow-citizens, I wish I had language in which adequately to convey to you my most grateful sense of the warm and cheering reception with which you have honored me to-night, and my sincere thanks to the distinguished chairman of this meeting for the graceful and flattering terms in which he has presented me to you. The very slight services which it has been my fortune to render to our common country, and to which he has referred in words of such hearty approval, have no claims to the generous appreciation which they have here and elsewhere received. Had I, with better fortune, been able to accomplish infinitely more, I should only have done my duty; while I should have been abased in my own esteem, and utterly infamous before the world, had I done anything less.

When I accepted from the Chamber of Commerce the highly-prized honor of appearing before you to-night, it was with the distinct understanding that I would not inflict upon you a set political harangue. An elaborate discussion of those topics which now so painfully occupy the public mind is not at all necessary before the loyal men of New York. The fearful import of current events, and the stern duties which these events impose upon all who truly love their country, are too well understood by yourselves to make it incumbent upon me on this occasion to seek either to explain them or to impress them upon your consciences. A few thoughts, however, somewhat in connection with a journey which I have recently made through several of the loyal States, may be properly submitted for your consideration.

Everywhere, I have found the most healthful and encouraging condition of the public sentiment in reference to the prosecution of this war; nowhere have I met with threatening or bluster, or any feeling of exasperation against the people of the South, but at every point, a calm yet stern determination to sustain the Government, mingled with a sadness whose depth and tenderness I should in vain endeavor to describe. Strong and brave men while speaking to me of our national dissensions and sorrows, have wept, and I honored them for it; for if a brave man cannot weep over the threatened ruin of such a Government and country as ours, where is there the catastrophe, where the tomb that could touch his heart? Everywhere all seem now to realize that this is not a war upon the people of the South, but rather in their defence and for their deliverance. If it were indeed waged against them, we might well lay our faces in the dust and confess that our glorious institutions are a failure; but it is waged against a band of conspirators, who, having usurped the government of that distracted portion of our country, have established a military despotism there, and are, in the selfishness and remorselessness of their ambition, kindred in guilt to the very worst of those profligate men who in other ages and lands have disturbed the repose of nations.

The public mind no longer occupies itself with discussions as to the causes of this war, nor wastes its logic in exposing the monstrosities of the doctrine of secession. In the light of current and recent events, we well know what secession was intended to accomplish, and bitterly do we know what it has accomplished, and we would now no more think of gravely examining its character and tendencies to prove it treasonable than we would think of analyzing the kiss of Judas to show that it was full of the poison of treachery.

Equally matured is the public judgment as to the consequences which would flow from the success of the rebellion. The providences of God and the most sacred compacts of men have made us one people, and the experience of three quarters of a century has demonstrated that in this unity of government, of country, and of people consist at once our greatness and our happiness. To dismember these States now, and cast their wretched fragments upon the wild and bloody torrent of revolution to become the prey of every audacious spoiler, would be as fatal to our repose and freedom as a nation, and to all our hopes of future prosperity, as the severance of our own bodies would be fatal to the life that is within us.

Equally fixed is the public mind in reference to the character of this war. It is not one of aggression, or conquest, or spoliation, or passion, but, in every light in which it can be regarded, it is a war of duty. This struggle is intensely one for national existence, and so hallowed in its spirit and aims that the flock and the pastor, those who worship around, and those who minister at the altar, may contribute alike their blood and treasure in its support, in full assurance, that in so doing, they come up only to the requirements of a Christian and patriotic life. It is a war of duty, because under our Christian civilization no nation can commit suicide without the perpetration of a cowardly and infamous crime; but, morally at least, that nation does commit suicide which surrenders up its life to an enemy from which courage and manhood could have saved it. It is a war of duty, because we have no right to hear our fathers' names and insult their memory by giving up, to be trodden under the feet of traitors, the noble institutions purchased by their blood. It is a war of duty, because we have no right to bestow our names upon our children stripped of that grand inheritance which belongs to them, and for the transmission of which we are but the appointed agents of the illustrious men who won it by the sword and with their lives. It is a war of duty, because, devoted as we profess to be to law and order and to the highest interests of civilization, it is among our most pressing obligations to rebuke and chastise the daring crime, which, through the Southern rebellion, is being committed, not only against ourselves, but against the very race to which we belong. It is finally a war of duty, because we have assumed to ourselves as a people, the special championship, at once of the right and of the capacity of man for self government, and that assumption has been accepted by the lovers of freedom everywhere, and now, with the nations looking down upon us, as from the seats of some vast amphitheatre, we cannot, without treachery to our trust and complete self-degradation, suffer this sacred and sublime cause to be stricken down upon the battle fields of the South, and left to perish there amid the jeers and contempt of Kings and of despots. How often and how exultingly have they prophesied this day, and how have they longed for its coming! In the essential antagonism of their institutions to ours, and in their intense abhorrence of that system of government which gives the honors and fortunes of the world to the toiling millions who are the architects of both, how gladly would each one of them to-day build a monument to the skies, provided he could inscribe upon it these words: "In memory of the great Republic of the United States; founded by Washington, destroyed by Toombs, Twiggs, and Floyd!" What a record for humanity would that be!

Fellow citizens, I do but utter a truth which is now sadly present to all minds, when I say that the disloyalty in our midst, especially at Washington and in the border States, has been a fruitful source of disaster and discouragement since the very commencement of this fearful struggle. This evil has assumed, under the forbearance of the Government and people, such startling proportions, that its suppression is everywhere felt to be a paramount duty on the part of the administration. Its prevalence has been marked by the same treacheries and gross excesses which have been its unfailing characteristics in other ages and countries. Next to the worship of the Father of our spirits, the love of our native land is at once the strongest and the noblest sentiment of which our nature is susceptible. When that sentiment has been corrupted, like an arch from which the keystone has been withdrawn, the whole moral character seems to tumble into ruins. The public and private profligacy of traitors and spies, both male and female, is vouched for by all history, and indeed has well nigh grown into a proverb. The man who will betray his country will betray his God, he will betray his kindred and friends, and, if need be, the wife of his bosom and the children of his loins.

This evil is to be overcome, not by mobs—whose action is for every reason to be deplored—but by the intrepidly exerted authority of the executive branch of the Government, fearlessly assuming all responsibility, and by the yet more crushing power of public opinion, branding disloyalty as socially and politically infamous, whenever and wherever encountered. The Government can never attain to the moral power required to subdue this rebellion until society, whose corruption and ruin it seeks, shall have the courage within its own circles and at its own firesides to denounce and stigmatize treason and traitors as they are denounced and stigmatized by the Constitution and laws. Suppose you lived in one of those cities where there is not only a steam fire engine but a paid company to operate it, retained by the corporation, and your house being on fire, and this engine and company vigorously at work to extinguish it, suppose you saw from time to time men creeping out of the crowd and stealthily letting their knives into the hose from which the water was seen to spout in every direction, upon the street and pavements, how long do you think the presence of such miscreants would be tolerated? But suppose, upon looking more closely into their faces, you should discover that quite a number of these men were members of the fire company, receiving their salaries from the very treasury to which you yourself had contributed. In the first burst of your indignation, would you not feel that if the wretches were thrown into the flames they were thus indirectly feeding, their punishment would not be too severe? And yet this has been precisely the condition of the government of the United States. The hose with which the Administration has been striving to extinguish the fires of this rebellion, has been cut and cut continually by faithless and shameless ingrates living upon the public treasury. Vigorous and well-directed measures have been adopted to purge the Executive Departments at Washington of these traitorous hose cutters, and good progress has been made in the patriotic work. From the manner however in which information continues to reach the enemy, no doubt many of them yet remain, and are daily betraying the hand that feeds them. In this hour of imminent national danger, and threatened calamity, none should be allowed to remain a moment in the public service whose loyalty is not above all suspicion, and no loyalty can now be trusted which is not open and known of all and which is not ardent and unceasing in its manifestations. Stringent steps too have been taken in the treatment of spies and men otherwise disloyal outside of the public service, and the country has not only approved but has warmly applauded what has been done. The rebel clamor against the suspension of the action of the writ of Habeas Corpus, has not disquieted anybody's nerves. The popular intelligence fully comprehends that the Constitution and laws were established to perpetuate the existence of the Government, and not to serve as instruments for its overthrow by affording immunity to crime and perfect freedom of action to traitors. It may be safely assumed and declared that neither the private fortune nor the personal freedom of any man or set of men can be permitted to stand in the way of the safety of a republic upon whose preservation depend the lives, the fortunes, and liberties of more than twenty-six millions of people. The Union must be preserved and the rebellion must be suppressed, and the country will sustain the Administration in the assumption and unhesitating exercise of all powers absolutely necessary for the accomplishment of these ends. A large part, however, of the disloyal men in our midst are beyond the reach of the observation and vigilance of the Government, and the correction of the evil must, therefore, largely depend upon the condemnation of public opinion. The men who give aid and comfort to the enemy by secretly furnishing them information, by advocating their cause, by sowing dissension in our midst, by insidiously discouraging loyal citizens from entering the military service, are more fatally the foes of our country than if they were in the ranks of the Confederate army, and they are, morally at least, as guilty of the death of those who fall in defence of the Government as if they had met them with loaded muskets on the battle-field—and they should be treated accordingly. I repeat it emphatically, they should be treated accordingly. In railroad cars and on steamboats, in every thoroughfare, and in every business and social circle, disloyalty should be reprobated and blasted as a leprous and loathsome thing. When, therefore, such men offer you their hands, look well to them, and if you have the eyes which I have, you will see that they are stained with the blood of brave and true men—it may be your kindred and friends—who have perished and are perishing still upon the battle fields of the South, and you will turn away from them with indignation, scorn, and disgust.

There are doubtless men—few in number, I think—who sincerely believe that—the question of public honor out of view—the Republic could be severed, a peace patched up, and that the two confederacies would live on thereafter as prosperously as before. A more false and fatal thought never crept, serpent-like, into an American bosom, and that man must be utterly unread in human history who can entertain it for a moment. You might as well expect that the boat which has been turned adrift above the cataracts of Niagara will have a tranquil voyage. If you will stand, as some of us have done, amid the ruins of the crumbled empires of the old world and ask them, they will all answer you, it is a delusion. If you will enter the cemetery of nations, and lay your ear to the sepulchres of those young and brave but passion-led republics which have perished amid the convulsions of civil strife, they will tell you in accents of brokenness of heart, it is a delusion. But if you will not listen to the voices of the past, go to Mexico and South America, and ask the inhabitants of these bright lands, breathed upon, as they are, by the finest climates of the earth, occupying soils of exhaustless fertility, and living amid rivers and lakes and mountains of grandeur and of inspiration, and lifting up their bowed heads, amid demoralization and poverty and dishonor, they will tell you it is a delusion.

I rejoice to believe that the spirit of loyalty dwells at this time richly and abundantly in the popular heart of the North and West. But I do beseech you—you who have so deep a stake in the present and in the future of our country—you men of culture, of fortune, and of moral power—I do implore that by all means possible you will add yet further to the power and to the fervor of that loyalty. If it grows cold amid the calculations of avarice or craven under the discouragements of defeat, our country will be overcome. What the crisis demands is a patriotism which will abide the ordeal of fire, which is purified from all selfishness, and from all fear; which is heroic and exhaustless, and which vows with every throb of life, if need be, it will rally, if stricken down it will rise again, and that never the [illegible] tears of sorrow or suffering shall the national flag be abandoned or the honor of the country be compromised. What we need is a patriotism that rises to a full comprehension of the actual and awful peril in which our institutions are placed, and that is eager to devote every power of body and mind and fortune to their deliverance—a patriotism, which, obliterating all party lines and entombing all party issues, says to the President of the United States: "Here are our lives and our estates, take them, use them freely, use them boldly, but use them successfully; for, looking upon the graves of our fathers, and upon the cradles of our children, we have sworn that, though all things else should perish, this Government shall live." That man who thinks of party organization, and party spoils, and who seeks to distract and divide the public mind with petty questions as to how the Government shall be administered, at a time when the enemy is at the very doors of the Capital, declaring that there shall be no Government, is, in my judgment, false to the first and highest duty of an American citizen. When the children of the republic have been summoned as a band of brothers to battle for its very life, and when the banner of that republic is floating mournfully over tainted fields, every wrangling flag of faction or of party that dares lift itself in its presence, should be spurned as a flag of disloyalty, if not of treason. It is such a patriotism as this, and such only, that will conduct you to victory, and I have unspeakable gratification in knowing that it is now being thoroughly awakened throughout the loyal States.

The capitalists of the country, risking everything, have come forward with a grandeur of devotion to the country, which, while it will excite the astonishment of Europe, has already inspired the admiration and gratitude of every true American heart. All honor to them. They have proved that if there is much gold in Wall street, there is yet more patriotism there—not a summer patriotism that flourishes amid the paeans of victory, but a patriotism which struggles and sacrifices and suffers, even in the winter of adversity and amid the very gloom of national humiliation. Unless the American people can thus feel, there is imminent danger that the sun of our national life, now obscured, will yet go down forever amid storms and darkness. If all our great material interests are depressed and desolated by the shadow now resting upon that sun, what would be our condition were that shadow deepened into the night of permanent defeat? Is there nothing to live for but the gains of our commerce and the embellishment of our estates and homes—nothing but our personal ease and comfort? Are honor and manhood and loyalty and national fame and the respect and homage of the world nothing? Is it nothing to live without a country and without a flag, without a future for ourselves and our children, and to stand forth the degenerate and abased descendants of a great ancestry? We might indeed abjectly lay ourselves in the dust and be stripped by traitor hands of all that ennobles and sweetens human existence, and still live on as do the cattle of the fields; but our lives would be far more ignoble than theirs. If, with all our vast material resources, and our known and acknowledged superiority of physical force over the rebels; if, with all the profuse avowals of devotion to our institutions which we have so clamorously made, we still suffer this rebellion to triumph over us, I verily believe that the American name will become a stench in the nostrils of the world, and that an American citizen will not be able to walk the streets of a European Capital without having the finger of scorn pointed at him and without being covered with contumely and derision.

If I might be permitted to speak a single word upon such a subject, I would earnestly counsel patience and forbearance in reference to those charged with the administration of the government. Before criticising, we should remember that we may not see the whole field of action, and may not therefore be in a condition justly to appreciate the difficulties to be overcome. No man can doubt the courage or the loyalty of the President of the United States, or his determination to suppress this rebellion. To him, under the Constitution, the public voice has absolutely committed the fate of the Republic; his hands are emphatically your hands, and in weakening him, you necessarily weaken yourselves, and weaken the struggling country we are all laboring to save. He, too, is at this moment overwhelmed with mountains of toil and of responsibility, such as have pressed upon no public man in our history, and he is fully entitled to all the support and consolation which a generous and warm-hearted patriotism can possibly give him.

Fellow-citizens, amid all the discouragements that surround us, I have still an unfaltering faith in human progress and in the capacity of man for self-government. I believe that the blood which the true and the heroic lovers of our race have shed upon more than a thousand fields, has borne fruit and that that fruit is the republic of the United States. It came forth upon the world like the morning sun from his chamber; its pathway has been a pathway of light and glory, and it has poured its blessings upon its people in the brimming fulness with which the rivers pour their waters into the sea. I cannot admit to my bosom the crushing thought that in the full blaze of the Christian civilization of the nineteenth century such a Government is fated to fall beneath the swords of the guilty men now banded together for its overthrow. I cannot, I will not believe that twenty millions of people, cultivated, courageous, and loyal—twenty millions of the Anglo Saxon race—bearing the names of the heroes of the Revolution and passing their lives amid the inspirations of its battle-fields, will ignominiously suffer their institutions to be overturned by ten millions, nearly one half of whom are helpless slaves with fetters on their hands. No page of history so dark and so humiliating as this has yet been written of any portion of the human family, and it were far better that the American people should never have been born than that they should live to have such a history written of themselves.

The skirts of the loyal States are free from the guilt and wretchedness of this fratricidal strife. History will bear testimony how zealously, how unceasingly, and, I must add, how successfully, the Government of the United States has striven to protect all the constitutional rights and institutions of the South, despite of all that the South herself has done and is doing to sacrifice them. The blows we are now called upon to strike, we will deal standing upon the threshold of our national life, and they will fall upon those who, under the promptings of a maddened ambition, would, with armed bodies, cross that threshold and destroy us. Let us then thoroughly rouse and nerve ourselves to the great work of duty that is before us. If it is to be done well, it should be done quickly. If we would spare both blood and treasure, we should move promptly and mightily. Were it possible at this moment to precipitate the whole physical force of the loyal States as an avalanche upon the South, it would be a measure not only of wisdom and economy, but eminently one of humanity also. Let us have faith and hope and courage, and all will yet be well.

Fellow-citizens: I feel that I may have spoken to you with more emphasis and with more earnestness of expostulation than I am privileged to employ in your presence. If I have done so, you will forgive the freedom—I know you will—to the terrible conjunctures of public affairs in which it is my fortune to address you. If I had more interest than you have, or less interest than you have, in the tragic events and issues to which we have referred, you might well distrust me; but I have precisely the same. If this Union is dismembered and the Government subverted, the grave of every earthly hope will open at my feet and it will open at your feet also. In the lives of families and of nations there arise from time to time emergencies of danger which press all their members into the same common council chamber; and when the tempest is raging at sea, and all nautical skill seems at fault, and the laboring, quivering vessel shrieks out from every joint the agony of the conflict, all who are on board—alike the humblest sailor and the obscurest passenger—may rightfully speak, on that great principle of our nature which no human institutions can modify and no human despotism can subdue—the right of self preservation. Even so, amid the heady currents of this national tragedy, I, but an humble citizen of our distracted and bleeding country, have ventured to lift up to-night the voice of counsel and of entreaty in your hearing.

William Curtis Noyes, Esq., followed Mr. Holt, in a speech of great eloquence and beauty, for which we have space for only a short quotation. He said: "And now, Mr. President, I have to express my thanks to the honorable gentleman from Kentucky for the eminent public services which he has rendered—[applause]—not only in behalf of the Chamber of Commerce, but in behalf of the city of New York [cheers], and I know I may say in behalf of the State of New York. [Applause.] New York gives her hand to Kentucky. [Shakes hands with Mr. Holt amid tremendous cheering.] She will give both hands, with her heart in it, to Kentucky. [Renewed cheering.] You, Sir, found the Government in a condition of great pressure; you gave it an impetus which brought it out of the rough sea in which it was wallowing. Another republic, at the period of its lowest depression, manfully acknowledged it by placing upon its coins a ship in full sail, under full canvas, knocked down almost in the trough of the sea, and they had for their motto—'She drifts, none knows whither.' We drift, we know where, and you are responsible for that drift. [Cheers.] Go on, Sir, in your work of patriotism and benevolence; go through the country and rouse it by the eloquent appeals that you can make, such as we have listened to to-night. [Applause.] Go on, Sir, and may God prosper you in it, and you will receive as great a future reward in bringing this country to its right position upon these great questions as the great orator of Athens received when he made his denunciations against Philip of Macedon. [Loud cheering.] I beg leave to offer in conclusion, Sir, this resolution:

Resolved, That the Hon. Joseph Holt of Kentucky, by his unsullied character, in private as well as in public life, by his unfaltering devotion to the Constitution and the Union; by the prompt and successful measures promoted by him for their defence, and for the protection of the Capital when in imminent peril from traitorous domestic foes; by his patriotic efforts throughout the country, and especially in his own State in rallying the people to the support of the national flag and our national integrity, and by his stirring and eloquent appeal on this occasion, has entitled himself to the gratitude of his countrymen and to the admiration of the lovers of freedom and free popular institutions everywhere; and that the thanks of this assembly be and they are hereby gratefully tendered to him.

The resolution was received with acclamations of applause.

After loud and repeated cries for "Holt," Mr. Holt rose for a moment and said: "I need not say, fellow citizens, that if the pulsations of my heart were words they would tell you what I can never [illegible]. I thank you [illegible] [continued applause.]

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REMOVAL.
G. J. MOORE has removed his LOTTERY and EXCHANGE OFFICE from Fifth to Fourth street, in the National Hotel building, adjoining the office of the Hotel, where he would be pleased to see both old and new customers.
ORDERS for TICKETS in the Popular Kentucky State Lottery (which draws daily), by mail or otherwise, shall receive prompt attention. Address
G. J. MOORE,
s23 dlelm   Louisville, Ky.

Attention, Tompkins Zouaves!
You are hereby notified to meet at your armory, at the Relief Engine House, with your gun cartridge box, on FRIDAY, Sept. 13. Let every member attend.
By order of the Captain.
s11 d3*   JOSEPH BRISVALDER, Co. Cl'k.

Stray Mule.
A yellow MULE, between 6 and 8 years old, about 14 or 15 hands high, strayed from me about seven weeks ago. He has a K mark on his left side. At the time he left his mane and tail were cut.
A fair reward will be paid for the return of the mule to JOSEPH KAMPF,
s12 d3*   On Green, between Jackson and Hancock.

To those whom it may concern.
THE FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF PACKAGES remaining on hand at the office of the American Express Company, which, if not called for in 30 days, will be sold to pay charges:
1 Box—A. Nickles.
1 Package—A. G. Shaefer.
1 " —J. Edwards.
1 Box—Geo. Knitz.
1 Package—A. Gilford.
1 " —L. J. Key.
1 " —W. McNatty.
1 " —N. Fountain.
1 " —J. Eberback.
1 Box—P. S. Carrington.
1 Package—W. S. Vinton.
1 " —J. B. Russell.
1 " —Morris Lent.
1 " —R. McKee.
1 " —A Gilbert.
1 " —A. P. Dobbs.
1 Box—Geo Clinton.
1 " —J. T. Wright.
1 Paper Box—W. F. Ridge.
1 Bandbox—P. Dean.
1 " —S.
1 Box—Capt. M. Key.
1 Casting—N. H. Wiles.
1 Box—F. P. Thomas.
1 Package—A. B. Kendig.
1 " —C. T. Merriman.
1 Box—Mrs. H. M. Beeson.
1 Trunk—E. T. Nardin.
2 Churns—G. A. Armstrong.
1 Box—J. Miller.
2 Boxes—J. Williams.
1 Bale—E. R. Threlkeld.
2 Boxes—J. Brown.
1 Box—Wilson, Otis, & Buck.
1 Trunk—G. A. Collins.
1 Truss—R. Evan.
1 Box—G. White.
1 " —Mrs. H. H. Dandy.
1 " —A. H. Vertrees.
1 Package—Jackson & W.
1 " —W. Dickinson.
1 " —A. J. Sutton.
1 " —H. B. Ayer.
3 " —Miss Myers.
1 " —C. M. Conolly.
1 " —A. H. Jackson.
1 " —J. Kaufman.
2 Packages—Mother Superior.
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1 " —P. Vandevile.
1 " —T. Lisheherr.
1 " —F. Seger.
1 " —J. H. Leatherman.
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Union Flags!
ARTILLERY, INFANTRY, AND REGIMENTAL COLORS,
Made of the very best Silk and in the finest style of workmanship, also in the shortest possible time.
Bunting Flags,
of finest quality and brightest colors, constantly on hand. Sizes—4½ by 7 feet, price $5; 4½ by 9 feet, $8; 6½ by 9 feet, $9; 6½ by 13 feet, $13; 8 by 15 feet, $15; to by 18 feet, $20.
☞FLAG STAFFS, SPEARS, TASSELS; also SOWED and PRINTED MUSLIN FLAGS of all sizes.
LONGLEY & BRO.,
Flag Manufacturers, No. 161 Vine street,
s12 d2w3w   CINCINNATI

FALL - - 1861.
NEW GOODS!
AT
JOHNSON & KIMBALL'S.
Just received this morning by Express:
PRINTS, MERINOES, VELOURS, LAVELLAS, DE LAINES; ALSO HOSIERY, EMBROIDERIES, LINENS, SHAWLS, BLUE COTTONS, HOODS and GLOVES.
We shall be in receipt of NEW GOODS daily as fast as they appear in the Eastern markets, which we will sell for cash only.
JOHNSON & KIMBALL,
Masonic Temple, corner Fourth and Jefferson sts.
s12 d6

Mules and Cattle for Sale.
30 large well broke Mules and 75 large fat Cattle for sale at Belmont Furnace, Bullitt co., Ky. Apply there to H. B. Walton, agent.
s11 d12   J. B. ALEXANDER.

STRAYED.
From the subscriber, on the Oakland Plank road, three miles from the city of Louisville on the 3d of September, a BAY MARE, about 9 or 10 years old, about nine with a scar on her left side about six inches long, a white spot on one shoulder (supposed to be made by the collar) about as large as a dollar, in thin order, shod all round, and about 15 hands high. Any one returning said mare will be liberally rewarded and confer a favor on the subscriber.
s1 d3&w3*   CHRISTIAN SNIDER, Fairman.

Spool Cotton & Sewing Silk.
THE undersigned are prepared to furnish a superior article of SEWING SILK and SPOOL COTTON in quantities to suit purchasers as low as can be furnished in this market.   WM. SUMNER & CO.,
s11 d3&w3   No. 1 Masonic Temple.

HARDEE'S TACTICS.
THE undersigned has made arrangements by which he can sell HARDEE'S TACTICS to the trade at very low prices. Give him a call.
s11 d6   F. A. CRUMP, 84 Fourth st.

COAL OIL, CARBON OIL, COAL OIL LAMPS
FOR SALE WHOLESALE AND RETAIL VERY LOW. Goods when ordered to be sent by Express can be paid for on delivery. The quality of every article warranted to give satisfaction or the money refunded.
W. H. SETTLE,
No. 2?? Fourth st., between Main and Market.
s10 d3w&w3*

NEW GOODS.
Fine Clothing.
J. M. ARMSTRONG,
On Main, opposite the National Hotel,
Is now receiving a portion of his stock—
FINE DRESS SUITS;
FINE BUSINESS SUITS;
SUPERFINE OVER-COATS;
DRESS AND FANCY PANTS;
DRESS AND FANCY VESTS;
Also SHIRTS, HOSIERY, and UNDERWEAR, together with a superb stock of YOUTHS' and CHILDREN'S CLOTHING. Fine stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and VESTINGS, for which orders are solicited.
PRICES VERY LOW EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH.
s12

MILLER & MOORE'S Kentucky Cider-Mill.
THIS is the most efficient, simple, and durable hand CIDER and WINE MILL yet introduced, works much easier, and grates the apples much finer than any other made, is neater and better arranged, and will average about 5 bbls of cider per day. In ordering be particular to state MILLER & MOORE'S.
Price at the Factory..........$25.
MILLER & MOORE,
Successors to Miller, Wingate, & Co.,
Manufacturers, Louisville, Ky.
Also TWO and FOUR HORSE LEVER POWERS and THRESHERS, ONE and TWO HORSE ENDLESS CHAIN POWERS, THRESHERS and SEPARATORS, SANDFORD'S NOS 1 and 2 STRAW-CUTTERS.
Manufactured and for sale by
MILLER & MOORE,
Successors to Miller, Wingate, & Co.,
Corner Ninth and Jefferson sts., Louisville, Ky.
a30 d1m&w4

Wheat! Wheat! Wheat!
WE ARE PAYING EIGHTY CENTS FOR prime WHITE WHEAT, and will continue to pay the above price until changed by advertisement. We are also paying the highest market price for good RED WHEAT.
s10 d2&tf   SMITH & SMYSER.

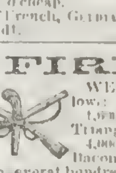
To the Young Men of Kentucky.
We are authorized to raise a Company of Infantry to be mustered into the service of the United States, and to compose a part of the regiment now being raised by Col. Pope. The Company is to be composed of from 85 to 101 men. Those who desire to unite with us can apply at headquarters, on west side of Third, between Market and Jefferson streets.
s11 d4   W. H. HERVEY, Capt.

Do Your Own Printing!
Cooley's Cabinet Printing Office,
Designed for Small Printers, Stationers, Merchants, Druggists, Grocers, Bankers, Amateurs, the Army and Navy, &c.
THE Presses we offer for sale are of a new pattern; are the simplest and strongest and best made of any cheap Presses ever invented, and occupy less space; can be operated by any one, whether printer or not, and are sold at prices hitherto unheard of, that is to say at about ONE-TENTH the price of Job Presses now in use. The Cabinets (upon which the Presses stand) are composed of small Cases, neatly and strongly put together, and for compactness and convenience have never been equaled. Call and examine, or send for circulars, giving sizes, prices, &c.
s11 d3m   J. G. COOLEY & CO., 1 Spruce st., N. Y.

Dissolution of Copartnership.
THE firm of DANFORTH & ROBERTS was dissolved on the 1st inst. by mutual consent.
A. L. DANFORTH,
G. ROBERTS, jr.
Louisville, Sept. 9, 1861.   s10 d3

STOLEN,
ON Saturday night, the 7th inst., from the farm of P. C. S. Barbour, in Oldham county, Ky., a GRAY MARE, about ten years old, rather low carriage, with a slim tail, newly shod, and very fat. A liberal reward will be paid for her delivery, and $10 for the thief.   sep10 d12

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.
THE KENTUCKY HOOP SKIRTS MANUFACTORY, No. 5 Masonic Temple, Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., M. Garfinkle, Agent. We have got the best skirts in this city, of our own manufacture, and if you want a good custom skirt from three spring children's to full four ladies' size, give us a call, and we will please you.
N. B. Skirts made to order. Old Skirts repaired and altered as new.
☞We use none but watch-spring steel.
☞Full stock constantly on hand. Also, merchants supplied cheap.
☞French, German, and English spoken.
s11 d1

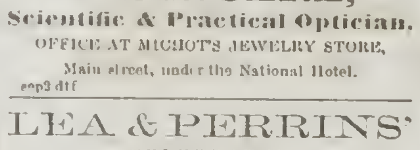
FIREARMS.

WE can furnish military arms as follows:
1,000 Colt's Army Rifles, Sabre and Triangular Bayonets.
4,000 Enfield Rifles, mostly Triangular Bayonets.
Also several hundred U. S. Percussion Muskets, entirely new, altered from Flint by the Government.
Old and new model Navy and Army Pistols.
Smith and Wesson's new Belt Pistols, Swords, Belts, Sashes, &c.   B. KITTREDGE & CO.,
s10 d4*   134 Main street, Cincinnati, O.

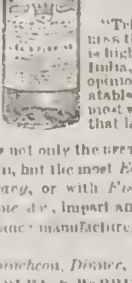
JUST RECEIVED
80 dozen Hoop Skirts;
2,000 lbs Patent Thread;
200 reams Cap Paper;
100 do Letter do;
200 do Note do;
[illegible] Envelops;
For sale low for cash by
H. S. BUCKNER & BRO.,
s10 d5   No. 513 Main st.

New York and Erie RAILROAD.

REDUCTION OF FARES TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON.
PASSENGERS for New York and Boston should purchase tickets to DUNKIRK only, and avail themselves of the following reductions of fare.
First-class fare on all trains Dunkirk to New York.......$8 10
Second-class fare on all trains Dunkirk to New York.......7 00
First-class fare on steamboat extra trains.......8 10
VIA SOUND LINES FROM NEW YORK.
First-class fare on extra train Dunkirk to Boston.......$11 10
Second-class fare on all trains Dunkirk to Boston.......9 00
E. S. SPENCER, W. & S.-W. Agent, N. Y. & E. R. R. AGENCY, CLEVELAND, O., Sept. 5.
s6 d6   J. B. ROBINSON, Agent, Louisville.

Mules for Sale.
The subscriber has 20 Mules for sale that will average 15 hands high, fat and fine.
JOS. MILLER,
s7 dtm*   2½ miles from New Haven, Ky.

LOUISVILLE OPTICAL INSTITUTE

Improve your Vision.
E. SINCERE,
Scientific & Practical Optician.
OFFICE AT MICHOT'S JEWELRY STORE,
Main street, under the National Hotel.
sep3 dtf

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

PRONOUNCED BY Connoisseurs TO BE THE "Only Good Sauce," and applicable to EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.
EXTRACT of a Letter from a Medical Gentleman at Madras TO HIS BROTHER at Worcester, May, 1851. "Tell LEA & PERRINS that their SAUCE is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome SAUCE that is made."
The above SAUCE is not only the best and most popular CONDIMENT known, but the most *Economical*, as a few drops in *Soup, Gravy*, or with *Fish*, hot and cold *Joints, Beef Steak, Game, &c.*, impart an exquisite zest, which imitation Sauce manufacturers have in vain endeavored to *imitate*.
On the *Breakfast, Luncheon, Dinner*, or *Supper Table*, a cruet containing "LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE" is indispensable.
To appreciate the *excellent qualities* of this delicious preparation it is only necessary to purchase a small bottle of the *genuine*, of a respectable grocer or dealer, as many *Hotel* and *Restaurant* proprietors seldom place the *Pure* Sauce before their guests, but substitute a spurious *bottle* filled with a spurious mixture.
For sale by *Grocers* and *Fruiterers* everywhere.
JOHN DUNCAN & SONS,
Union Square, Fourteenth st., New York,
Sole Wholesale Agents for the United States.
A stock always in Store. Also orders received for direct shipment from England.
☞*Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.*
sep5 deod6m

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
IS A CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF PARA Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. Such a remedy is surely wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found in the following complaints:
Scrofula and Scrofulous Complaints, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, Ulcers, Pimples, Blotches, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Syphilis and Syphilitic Affections, Mercurial Disease, Dropsy, Neuralgia or Tic Douloureux, Debility, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from Impurity of the Blood.
This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them, many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well, but with this pabulum of life disordered there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.
During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure.
Prepared by DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass., and sold by all druggists everywhere.
Price $1 per bottle, six bottles in one package $5.
R. A. ROBINSON & CO., Wholesale agents, Louisville, Ky.   s1 eod&weow1m

304 Fourth st.
20,000 YARDS BLEACHED SHIRTING of standard brands, will be sold at old prices for twenty days.
Also—10-4 UTICA SHEETINGS;
10-4 ALLENDALE SHEETINGS;
10-4 PEPPERELL'S SHEETINGS;
TABLE LINENS AND NAPKINS;
BIRD-EYE DIAPERS;
ALLENDALE AND MARSEILLES QUILTS;
HOSIERY AND GLOVES;
MOURNING GOODS;
HOOP SKIRTS;
All colors SACKING FLANNELS.
DRESS GOODS will be closed out at prices to please
☞Terms cash.
MARTIN & CRUMBAUGH.
s1 d&b

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.
NO applications for permits to make shipments of goods will receive any attention in the Surveyor's office unless the accompanying bill or invoices be *attached* and the aggregate amount shown by footing up, nor unless the number of *packages* be given.
CHAS. B. COTTON, Surveyor, &c.
s5 dtf

Lessons in Vocal and Instrumental Music.
MR. J. DUFLINGER would respectfully announce that he is now devoting his entire time to the teaching of Vocal and Instrumental Music. At the request of many of his pupils he now intends getting up separate classes of young ladies and gentlemen for the instruction of Singing, to which he would particularly call attention. His long experience and study of the vocal organs make him feel confident that, with some [illegible] Mr. Hirschbuhl's Jewelry store, on Main, near Third street.   dtblz

FOR SALE OR RENT.

For Rent,
A commodious BRICK COTTAGE, on Chestnut, near East street. Inquire at No. 715 Chestnut and Eighth streets.   s11 d3*

For Rent,
Two comfortable ROOMS to rent at $4 each per month, till the 1st June next. Apply at my office, No. 419 south side of Jefferson street.
sept 10 d6   J. I. DOZIER.

Farms in Illinois—Farms for $1,000.
THE Illinois Central Railroad Company offers rich Prairie Lands adjacent to its Railroad at $12 per acre. A tract of eighty acres will make a good, comfortable homestead. The purchaser may buy on long credit, paying interest at six per cent. annually, and if he has one thousand dollars in money he can, this year, at the low prices of lumber, contract for a convenient house, fencing, and farming tools. The Company has sold over one thousand of such tracts of land this season. It is well known that Chicago sends more grain to market than all the Western lake ports included. This is the best proof of the richness and great value of the Illinois lands. The Illinois Central Railroad was finished in 1856, built through a sparsely settled country. It takes to market this year upwards of thirteen millions of bushels of grain, besides cattle, hogs, and many other products.
For further information apply by letter or in person to "Land Commissioner, Illinois Central Railroad Co., Chicago, Ill.

For Rent.
A DWELLING-HOUSE on the south side of Walnut, between Sixth and Seventh.
je28 dtf   HENRY PIRTLE.

Elegant Country Seat for Sale,
Containing 36 acres of rich land, on the Shelbyville pike, three miles from the city, in the best neighborhood in the county. The improvements are all fine and of the most substantial kind, comprising everything necessary for comfort and convenience, with fine fruit, shrubbery, a large spring, &c. For particulars, apply to
J. B. WHITMAN,
o23 dtf   No. 411 Main st.

SCHOOLS.

Polytechnic College,
OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA,
West Penn Square,   PHILADELPHIA,
For the Professional Education of Engineers, Architects, Practical Chemists, & Geologists.
THE one-year course of Military Engineering for graduates of Literary Colleges and others mathematically prepared, and the two-year course for less proficient students, include Field Fortifications, Siege Operations, Tactics, Strategy, and Drill.
The ninth annual session of this College will begin September 16, 1861.
For Catalogues and further information, address
A. L. KENNEDY, M. D.,
s11 d9&w1   President of Faculty.

BRACKEN ACADEMY.
THE next session of this institution for males and females will open on Tuesday, the 1st of October. The Trustees are pleased to announce that they have secured the services of B. T. Blewett, A. M., as Principal, formerly of Georgetown College and lately the President of Bethel College, Russellville, Ky., who will have associated with him efficient and experienced teachers in the Literary, Musical, and Ornamental departments. Augusta, the seat of this Institution, is a desirable location, situated as it is on the Ohio river. The Institution is healthfully located, accessible, yet retired, and surrounded by good society.
TERMS PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:
Tuition in Primary Studies.......$10 00
" in Common English.......15 00
" in Higher English branches, Mathematics, Natural Sciences, and the Classics.......20 00
Music.......25 00
Use of Instrument.......5 00
Ornamental branches and the French Language, each.......10 00
Tuition will be required invariably in advance, and no student will be enrolled until the bill is arranged in some way. Those entering the first month will pay for the whole session, but if at a later period in proportion to the time; and no payment will be refunded in case the student should leave during the term, unless for sickness, and that protracted beyond two weeks.
Several boarders may be received into the family of the Principal; everything furnished except lights and towels, for sixty dollars per session, one-half to be paid in advance, the other at the middle of the session. Those boarding in the family of the Principal will observe to have their names distinctly marked on each article of their clothes and towels.
For further particulars reference may be made to the Principal, B. T. BLEWETT, A. M., or to any one of the undersigned Board of Trustees, Augusta, Ky.
GEORGE BONIPHAN, President.
W. C. MARSHALL,
JOHN TAYLOR,
VACHEL WELDIN,
ISAAC HILSE,
THOS. MYERS,
T. F. MARSHALL,
W. S. McKIBBEN,
J. TAYLOR BRADFORD,
Board of Trustees.
JOSEPH BONIPHON, Secretary.
s1 d6&w4

Lessons in Singing.
H. G. S. WHIPPLE will resume his lessons in Singing early in September. A limited number of pupils in DRAWING and PAINTING will also be received.
THE JUVENILE CLASS
Will begin about the first of October.
TERMS, &c., may be ascertained by applying at J. Mason & Co's, Main street, between Third and Fourth.
s4 dtOct1

Chestnut Street Female Seminary.
Miss BONNEY and Miss DILLAYE will reopen their BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL on WEDNESDAY, September 11, at 1,615 Chestnut street, Philadelphia. Circulars containing full particulars may be had on application at the school by letter or otherwise.
a31 d&w4w*

Kentucky School of Medicine.
THE TWELFTH REGULAR SESSION OF THIS Institution will commence on the first Monday of November and continue until the first of March. The usual course of preliminary Lectures will be given in October. Fees for the entire course $105. For further information, apply to
d&w3m   M. GOLDSMITH, Dean

Grace Church Female School.
Misses Smith, Principal. Rev. F. H. Bushnell, Rector.
THE SIXTH SESSION of this School will commence on the 9th of September, 1861. For information apply to the Principal on Gray street, next to Grace Church, or at Dr. Green's.   au23 dtlSep

Locust Grove Academy.
JAMES McBURNIE respectfully announces to his old patrons and the public that he has taken charge of this institution, and will begin its next session on the first Monday in September.
The course of instruction will be thorough and complete, and special attention directed to prepare boys for business and commercial pursuits.
A few pupils can be taken into his family to board.
For Board, Tuition, &c., $100 for ten months.
The school year will be divided into two sessions of five months each.
No pupil received for less than a session, and a payment of one half in advance and the other half at the end of the session is required unless otherwise arranged.
For further particulars, address
JAS. McBURNIE,
a15 dlm   Louisville P. O.

Hartford Female Seminary.
THE COURSE OF INSTRUCTION IS THOROUGH and extensive, embracing the whole range of a solid and ornamental education. In course of study, in style and convenience of buildings, and in its pleasant location this institution is equal if not superior to any in the country. In the present disturbed state of the country, this Seminary offers peculiar advantages to those parents wishing a quiet, pleasant, and secure residence for their daughters. For further information or for circulars, apply to the Principal, W. S. CROSBY, Hartford, Conn.   aub dtf

The Confessions and Experience of an Invalid.
PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, &c.; supplying the means of Self-Cure; by one who cured himself, after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. Single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings county, N. Y. by enclosing a post-paid addressed envelop.
dly3m

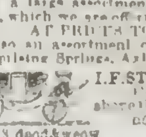
C. F. O'DONNELL'S,
No. 323 Fourth st.,
BETWEEN MARKET AND JEFFERSON STREETS.
I WILL COMMENCE TO SELL ON
Friday, June 28, '61,
THE balance of my large stock of Spring Goods, including Lawns of every description and quality, and also every other description of those Goods usually kept in a first class Dry Goods House.
Said goods I will sell at prices that will defy competition in this market.
THE FOLLOWING IS A LIST OF THE PRICES.
Fine Madder Prints at 6 cents, worth 10 cents.
" " Lawns at 7 cents, worth 12 cents.
" Organdie Lawns at 25 cents, worth 50 cents.
" Solid Colored Barege at 30 cents, worth 40 cents.
" Heavy Black Silk at $1, worth $1 40.
" Mozambiques at 25 cents, worth 50 cents.
" Bleached Cotton, yard wide, at 8 cents, worth 12 cents.
" Heavy Brown Cotton, yard wide, at 6 cents, worth 10 cents.
Said goods will be sold at very low prices, lower than any house in the city in order to make room for my fall stock.
CHAS. F. O'DONNELL, PROPRIETOR.
j28 deod6

WM. SUMNER & CO.,
AGENTS FOR
WHEELER & WILSON'S
Family Sewing Machines,
NO. 1 MASONIC TEMPLE,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
mar20 eod&eow

Fishing Tackle! Fishing Tackle!!
JOSEPH GRIFFITH,
Fifth Street, near Main, Louisville, Kentucky

WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Guns, Rifles, Pistols, AND FISHING TACKLE.
HAVING just received a large stock of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, and Fishing Tackle, dealers would do well by calling and examining goods and prices before making their purchases.   eod&eow

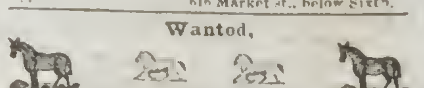
JAMES H. CHILDS & CO.,
Hope Cotton Mills,
PITTSBURG, PA.
Manufacturers of
SEAMLESS GRAIN BAGS of every variety of OSNABURGS 32 inches to 40 inches wide, and of COTTON WARPS.
Agents for sale of Goods in Louisville
Messrs. JOHN F. HOWARD & CO.,
jan1 deodly   Main, bet. Third and Fourth.

CARRIAGES,

Rockaways and Coaches
1861.   For Spring,   1861.
Rockaway Buggies.
Extension Top Slide-seats,
Shifting Top Buggies,
No Top Buggies,
Spring Wagons.
And a large assortment of Carriages of every description, which we are offering
AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
Also an assortment of CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, comprising Springs, Axles, Leather Bands, &c., at
I. F. STONE & CO.'S,
One square above the [illegible] north side.
mi3 deod&weow

WANTED.

Board Wanted,
IN a highly respectable private family, for a lady and two half grown children. Two rooms required. Best of reference given. Address T. J. D., P. O.
s11 d3*

Wanted,
30,000 BUSHELS WHEAT, for which we will pay the highest market price.
DORN & HUGHES,
s7   618 Market st., below Sixth.

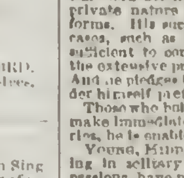
Wanted,

100 HORSES, 15 or 16 hands high, not less than 4 nor more than 9 years old, of brown, black, sorrel, or bay color, good square trotters and bridle-wise; ALSO
150 MULES, broke to work, not less than 14½ hands high, of from 4 to 8 years old.
J. H. DENNIS,
s30 d13   Portland Railroad, Twelfth and Main sts.

WATER WORKS.
LOUISVILLE
Plumbing
ESTABLISHMENT,
NO. 134 THIRD STREET, NEAR JEFFERSON ST.
Water Pipes, Hose, Hydrants, &c
WE are prepared to introduce Water Pipes into Dwellings, Stores, and Factories on reasonable terms. We have a full stock of Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Shower Baths, Wash Basins, Hydrants, Hose Boxes, &c. Having a long experience in the business, we guaranty to give entire satisfaction for all work entrusted to us.
DONALY & STRADER,
PLUMBERS, GAS AND STEAM FITTERS.
m16 dtf

The Throat, Lungs, and Heart.
A CARD.
DR. HUNTER (of New York), Editor of the "N. Y. JOURNAL OF DISEASES OF THE CHEST," &c., has arrived in Louisville and taken rooms at the Louisville Hotel, where, on and after Saturday, 24th inst., he will be glad to receive all persons who may be suffering from any affection of the Throat, Lungs, or Heart, to the treatment of which diseases his practice is exclusively confined.
Louisville, Aug. 23, 1861.   dtf

Cider and Wine Mills.
WE are making a plain, substantial Mill, for either hand or horse power. It has no cog-wheels or gearing of any kind. The grinding cylinder is arranged like that of a thrashing-machine, and a tumbling-shaft of a sweep horse power is attached without trouble or expense.
Price at Factory..........$35
Discount to dealers.   A. H. PATCH & CO.,
Kentucky Agricultural Works,
a19 d&wlmis   Market st., bet. Preston and Jackson.

REMOVAL.
F. RICHTER has removed his GOLD and SILVER PLATING ESTABLISHMENT from 225 to 313 Third street, between Market and Jefferson, where he will with pleasure receive his numerous customers.   EUG. RICHTER.
313 Third st., between Market and Jefferson,
s4 dlm   Louisville, Ky.

LOUISVILLE Private Medical Dispensary,
Conducted on the European Plan,
For the Cure of all Private Diseases.


Those afflicted with any disease of a private nature, who would escape the imposition of ignorant quacks, should not fail to read "DR. GATES'S PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE ON SEXUAL DISEASES," a new and revised edition of one hundred pages, handsomely illustrated with plates and engravings representing the genital organs of both sexes in a state of health and disease. Treating on all private diseases incident to both sexes, such as general nervous and sexual debility, solitary habits, seminal weakness, impotence, &c. Price by mail TEN CENTS.
DR. GATES has for many years devoted his whole time and attention to the treatment of diseases of a private nature in all their varied and complicated forms. His success in those long standing and difficult cases, such as were formerly considered incurable, is sufficient to commend him to the afflicted as worthy of the extensive practice which he has received. And he pledges to spare neither time nor expense to render himself proficient in the profession of his adoption.
Those who believe they have contracted disease should make immediate application, as, by his recent discoveries, he is enabled to cut short all cases in a few days.
Young, MIDDLE-AGED, and OLD MEN, who, by indulging in solitary habits or excessive indulgence of their passions, have produced SEMINAL WEAKNESS or an ability in advance of their years, may be restored to their former health and vigor by making immediate application.
TO THE LADIES.—Dr. Gates is agent for M. LA CROIX'S FRENCH PREVENTIVE POWDERS. By their use, those who, from any cause, wish to limit the number of their offspring, can do so without danger to health or constitution. Price by mail, $3 and two postage stamps.
Also, for MADAME CAPRAUX'S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS—a safe and effectual remedy for Irregularities, Obstructions, &c. Price by mail, $1 and one postage stamp.
CAUTION.—These pills should not be taken during *pregnancy*, as they are sure to produce *miscarriage*.
To persons at a distance who wish to be cured at home we will, on receipt of a brief statement of their case, send a list of such questions as we would ask on a personal interview; and, on receipt of the list filled out, we will forward medicines particularly adapted to the case, free from damage or observation, to any part of the country with full directions for use.
Consultations may be held from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. (on Sunday from 9 to 11 A. M.) at his office, northeast corner of Third and Market streets, up stairs—private entrance on Third street—Louisville, Ky.
☞The above business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of DR. H. G. MILLER & CO., to whom all orders and letters should be addressed. Dr. GATES can, as heretofore, be consulted personally, during business hours, on all diseases on which his book treats.
☞Secrecy inviolable. Don't forget the name and place. All letters should be addressed to
DR. H. G. MILLER & CO.
d&weowly   Louisville, Ky.

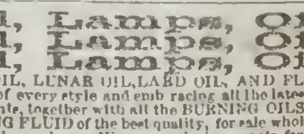
☞Having just returned from Cincinnati, where I have procured, through the kindness of Col. R. ANDERSON, one large and one small sized PHOTOGRAPH of himself, in full uniform, with the identical cloak and cap worn by him at Fort Sumpter during the bombardment, I am now ready to furnish his friends and admirers with duplicates of each size at my Gallery or at Frank Madden's Bookstore, 331 Third street.
E. KLAUBER,
Bee Hive Gallery, Main street,
june1 dlyis   between Third and Fourth.

Fresh Importations of DRY GOODS.
THE undersigned are in receipt of a fresh stock of Fall and Winter DRY GOODS, which they are selling exclusively for cash at low prices.
They respectfully invite merchants visiting this market to call and examine their stock before buying.
JAMES TRABUE & CO.,
608 Main st., opposite the Louisville Hotel.
a29 d&wlm

MILITARY EQUIPMENTS.
SADDLES, KNAP-SACKS, CARTRIDGE BOXES, CAP BOXES, BELTS, SCABBARDS, HOLSTERS, &C.,
ON hand and made to order. Contracts solicited and promptly filled at the lowest prices.
R. E. MILES.
Saddle, Harness, and Trunk Manufactory, No. 311 Main street, between Second and Third, sign of the Golden Horse Head.

J. W. COOK, Optician from Paris.
Long Practical experience and a large assortment of OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, SPECTACLES, AND GLASSES.
482 Third st., bet. Jefferson and Green,
f16 dly   LOUISVILLE, KY.
N. B. Watches and Clocks repaired and warranted.

WEBSTER'S GALLERY HAS always been the leading and most successful Gallery in the West, and it is surprising to what perfection they have now brought this Beautiful Art. We were not aware until we visited this famous Gallery a few days since, and saw the walls completely covered with elegant and truly artistic gems of Portraiture, of every size and style, and all seemingly so perfectly life-like, we say that until then we had no idea that all the Messrs. Webster say in the papers is really true, but half has not been told.
☞GO AND SEE.

DICKSON & GILMORE,
Importers of Guns & Fishing Tackle,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
No. 18 Third street, near Main, Louisville, Ky.,

WE are now receiving a large stock of fine and plain double and single barrel Guns, Colts and Allen's Pistols, Rifles of every description and every article used by Gunners and Sportsmen; also Fishing Tackle of every description; all of which they will sell for cash or to punctual customers. Give us a call, all of you who [illegible]

Oil, Lamps, Oil,
Oil, Lamps, Oil,
Oil, Lamps, Oil.
COAL OIL, LUNAR OIL, LARD OIL, AND FLUID LAMPS of every style and embracing all the latest improvements, together with all the BURNING OILS and BURNING FLUID of the best quality, for sale wholesale and retail very low. We are exclusive agents for this city for the sale of the Breckinridge Coal Oil (the best made), and for Lunar Oil and Lamps, also for the sale of rights for the Lunar Light. Who would burn candles when a light equal to four candles can be had at half the cost of one candle? Lunar and Coal Oil Lamps are just as safe as candles.   PARDY & BEATTY,
Fourth st., near National Hotel.

OFFICE OF THE FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LOUISVILLE, April 1, 1861.
AT A MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS, held this day, to elect a President and twelve Directors, to serve the present year, the following gentlemen were duly elected:
DIRECTORS.
Wm. Garvin, James B. Wilder,
Wm. Gay, Samuel L. Nock,
Wm. Hughes, Wm. Terry,
Jas. S. Lithgow, George W. Morris,
John W. Anderson, W. Geo. Anderson,
Warren Newcomb, Joseph P. Torbitt,
JAMES TRABUE, President.
ABRAHAM HITE, Secretary.
The attention of merchants and river traders is particularly invited to this old established and successful Insurance Company which continues to do a general Fire and Marine Insurance business on the most liberal terms. Office, corner of Main and Bullitt streets, over Commercial Bank.
a2   ABRAHAM HITE, Sec'y.

Guthrie Insurance and Trust Company
Chartered Capital..........$500,000
Paid in and Secured..........$150,000
This Company is now organized and ready to engage in a general Fire and Marine Insurance business on liberal terms. Office in basement of Southern Bank, corner of Main and Bullitt streets, Louisville, Ky.
ANDREW GRAHAM, President.
J. A. PEYTON, Secretary.
DIRECTORS.
W. A. Duckwall, [illegible]
[illegible]
Alex. Craig, William [illegible]

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 3 A. M.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Jeffersonville Railroad.
Cincinnati and Indianapolis Eastern Express 5:30 P. M.
St. Louis and Cairo Night Express 11:00 P. M.

Louisville, New Albany, & Chicago Railroad.
On and after Monday, Aug. 12, 1861, trains will leave New Albany as follows:
Chicago Express ... 5:00 A. M.
St. Louis Night Express ... 7:45 P. M.
Trains arrive at New Albany as follows:
Louisville Express ... 6:30 A. M.
Accommodation ... 12:15 P. M.
Louisville Mail ... 6:40 P. M.

Louisville and Lexington Railroad.
Passenger Train No. 1 at ... 6:00 A. M.
Passenger Train No. 2 at ... 2:30 P. M.
Accommodation Train at ... 4:20 P. M.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.
Nashville and Memphis Train, daily ... 6:00 A. M.
Lebanon Accommodation (Sundays excepted) 7:00 A. M.
Bardstown and Elizabethtown, " " 4:00 P. M.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD—SEPTEMBER 11.
CORRECTED DAILY BY E. N. WOODRUFF,
Corner Second and Chestnut sts.

Thermometer Open Air.			Max.	Min.	Barometer.			Thermometer attached.		
7 o'k	2 o'k	9 o'k			7 o'clk.	2 o'clk.	9 o'clk.	7 o.	2 o.	9 o.
69	75	69	75	69	29.635	29.576	29.616	76	75	73

Dew Point. Psychrometer.						Wind.		
7 o'clock.		2 o'clock.		9 o'clock.		7 o'clk.	2 o'clk.	9 o'clk.
Wet	Dry	Wet	Dry	Wet	Dry			
68	69	72	75	67	69	S.	S.W.	N.W.

Clouds. 7 o'clock.				Rain.
Amount.	Kind	Velocity.	Direction.	In guage inches.
10	Nim.	5	S.W.	1.76

Good Union men can obtain first-rate Navy Revolvers, superior to any hitherto offered, at the cheapest rates, by inquiring immediately at this office.

J. W. Pruett, Frankfort, Ky., is our authorized agent. Any one wanting the Journal for a long or short time can be supplied by application to Mr. Pruett.

Col. R. B. Carpenter will address the people of Louisville upon the condition of the country this evening at the Court-house.

IMPORTANT RESOLUTION.—The Legislature is coming up to its work. It has called upon Gov. Magoffin to issue his proclamation demanding the immediate evacuation of Kentucky by the Confederate troops. That however is but a small part of the Legislature's pressing duty.

CAPT. RICHARD W. JOHNSON.—This gallant officer, detailed from the regular army to act as Lieutenant-Colonel in Col. Jackson's Regiment of Cavalry now rapidly forming here, arrived in this city yesterday from Washington. His quarters are at the Galt House.

Col. Johnson is a native of Kentucky, a graduate of West Point, and for the last twelve years has been on duty in the cavalry service of the United States. He is one of the very ablest and most accomplished officers in the national service. His detachment from the regular army for this new service at his own instance as well as at the separate instance of Col. Jackson is a very striking compliment to both. Under the auspices of these trained and chivalric soldiers we confidently look for the speedy organization of a cavalry regiment that shall fix the eye of the country at the outset and carry it with ever increasing admiration throughout the vicissitudes of this stupendous war.

Col. Johnson will enter forthwith upon the work of mustering into the service volunteers for his regiment and of assisting generally in the formation and equipment of the body.

The great duty which the Legislature should perform is to sweep the State Guard out of existence. Not a night passes that some of its members in this city do not leave and take with them the arms which they have received from the State, and which they have sworn to use for the defence of the State. Notwithstanding this they are preparing to use Kentucky's arms to aid those who have invaded our State. At once and instantly the State Guard law should be repealed and the arms ordered in.

Do not the members of the Legislature *know* that the Confederate forces will not be withdrawn from Kentucky except upon terms which no honorable Kentuckian will accept? If so, why is there a moment's delay. Why not act *now?* Why dampen that ardor and enthusiasm which people exhibit at unprovoked insult? Why stop to parley and reason when an insult has been offered which the offender announces in advance that he will not retract?

REMOVAL OF ARMS.—We have time after time called attention to the fact that large quantities of arms belonging to the State Guard in this city had been sent to the Southern Confederacy. We are informed that on Saturday night last eighty stand of State arms, together with two packages of oakum, six boxes of miscellaneous goods, and some other articles, were taken over the Nashville road from this city, in charge of an ex captain of the Kentucky State Guard, a Mr. Field, and two or three others late employees at the Nashville railroad depot. The guns and other articles alluded to were placed on a hand-car, and transported down the road, whence they could be easily forwarded to the Southern Confederacy. The guns thus smuggled from this city, and from the State, were the property of the State, and were held and sent away by those who had sworn to support the constitution and laws, to be used in the warfare which has been forced upon Kentuckians by their rebel enemies.

SEIZURE OF STATE ARMS.—The Mayor of the city and the Sheriff of Jefferson county received information last evening that the Kentucky Riflemen, Capt. John McGill, attached to the State Guard, were at the point of leaving, with their arms, for the Southern Confederacy. About eight o'clock the Sheriff, Mr. Wash. Davis, with a posse of the city police, proceeded to the armory of the Kentucky Riflemen, at the court house, and required the members of the company, to the number of thirty-seven, to surrender their arms, and the guns were placed in the jail for safe keeping. Some resistance was made to the surrender, but the order of the sheriff was promptly executed. Upon examination it was found that many of the guns were loaded, and that some of the members of the company had their knapsacks packed with clothing and other articles preparatory to a movement to join the Southern army. Our Mayor, sheriff, and police deserve credit for making this important arrest.

All reasonable and just claims for expenses incurred in subsisting or transporting the men of Col. Jackson's Regiment are to be settled by the General Government.

Captains can advance the necessary sums and will be reimbursed, or they can send their accounts to Lieut. Col. Johnson for immediate payment. Horses, saddles, clothing, arms, &c., are supplied by the U. S. Captains of companies can from time to time report progress in enlisting, and an officer will be despatched to them for the purpose of mustering the men into the service of the United States.

If it be necessary to board the men before they are mustered, forty cents per diem will be allowed.

CAPT. SILAS MILLER.—We have heard of somebody's saying, a considerable distance from Louisville, that the Galt House is a Secession House. The proprietor of that fine old House is Capt. Silas Miller, and, if anybody can tell us where there is a better Union man than he, one readier to talk for the Union, vote for the Union, and fight for the Union, we will gladly go a thousand miles to see the patriotic wonder.

CAVALRY.—We would call attention to the advertisement of Capt. C. L. Unthank and Lieut. James Crowel, in another column. They have full authority to raise a company of cavalry in Col. Bayless's regiment, under Gen. Anderson. These gentlemen are well known, and will make able and efficient officers. Patriots, come forward promptly at your country's call!

Mr. A. H. Fontaine, it will be seen, proposes, in an address in the east room of the Court House to-night, to call "Kentuckians to the rescue." Mr. Fontaine is familiar with the great issues of the hour, and will, we doubt not, come up to the magnitude of the occasion.

Messrs. Andrew Ewing, John Marshall, and W. K. Bowling, commissioners from Tennessee to the Kentucky Legislature, arrived in this city from Frankfort last evening, and took rooms at the Louisville Hotel.

Various rumors were circulated in the city yesterday as to the destruction of the bridge over Green river and the occupation of Bowling Green by Confederate troops. All such reports had no foundation in fact.

RIVER AND STEAMBOAT NEWS.

The river is swelling slowly at this point, with 3 feet 8 inches water in the canal last evening. Considerable rain fell yesterday.

At Cincinnati at noon yesterday the river was rising, having risen 6 inches the previous twenty-four hours.

The fine little steamer Hettie Gilmore, Captain A. T. Gilmore, having been detained, will leave for Evansville, Henderson, and Cairo at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Captain Harry McDougal, our clever young friend, has charge of the office.

The popular steamer Superior is the regular mail and passenger packet for Cincinnati at noon to-day.

The faithful little Trio, Capt. Dickinson, will leave for Carrollton at the usual hour this afternoon.

The Diligent, Capt. Cobb, will leave for Troy at three o'clock.

I am buying *mares* and horses of *all* colors; also mules. Apply at the corner of Twelfth and Main streets. J. H. DENNIS.
s9 b&j6

[Special Correspondence of the Louisville Journal.]

CAPITOL HOTEL, ROOM NO. 40,
FRANKFORT, Sept. 11, 1861.

I enclose the resolutions of the "Peace Convention," which held its session here yesterday. I did not attend the meeting, but a friend has given me the use of his copious notes, from which I can give our readers something of an inside view of its doings. There was not much speaking, but what there was may be regarded as of the most inflammatory character. In the course of his remarks, R. W. Woolley, Esq., contended that martial law was contrary to the spirit of the Constitution; that English and American jurists had so decided. He warned Kentuckians, unless something should come to their rescue between now and the first of October, that martial law would be proclaimed here; brother would be torn from sister, husband from wife, personal liberty violated, and all of us subjected to an iron despotism, and if the present Legislature acted in the manner now indicated, we should have no security at all. But, said Mr. Woolley, be not impatient, noble sons of noble sires, everything is ready for your protection; except your own strong arms that now hang quietly by your sides. Be not impatient there is a good time coming and all will soon be made right by Joe Johnston, Beauregard, and Jeff. Davis. He hoped that every cannon now booming along the line, all the way from the western prairies, trod by the Dutchmen that stunk of sour crout, and, worse than that, of Yankee cod-fish, clear on to the enemy's capital, would war so loud as to deafen the artillery of the skies. He prayed God that every Minie ball fired by a Southern gentleman be attended by an angel of mercy and find its lodgment in the heart of the Northern invader. Oh, ejaculated he, for one more victory on the Potomac, and it would soon come; the battle now perhaps being fought would be no Bull Run affair, but a long run and a run altogether on the capitol of the enemy. Charge, gallant Johnston, charge for your friends and your homes. Brave Beauregard, send reserves from the centre. Onward, good Davis and see that the pursuit is well continued and all things will soon work well for the glory of God and the Southern Confederacy. Then we will have many a good regiment to spare from Virginia for the work on the borders of the Ohio; then will gallant soldiers come to your rescue, the camps in your midst, established by your enemies, will be dispersed and broken up, we will not fear then their guns sent into the State to menace us and no bayonets shall glisten on Kentucky soil to intimidate freemen contending for their liberty. Then Kentucky shall be free! Rather *hifalutin* that, ain't it?

The finale of the Convention was rich, as I am told. It reassembled at 8 o'clock in the evening and proceeded to the consideration of unfinished business, and while the delegates were engaged in the laudable occupation of disseminating poison throughout the State, calls were made for Judge Monroe and Humphrey Marshall, while others made other calls and produced great disorder. The great Duke Humphrey "took the studs," muttered something between his teeth which sounded like an oath and rolled out of the hall quite angrily, declining to speak. Something like order was finally restored and Mr. E. W. Marshall took the stand and commenced a speech. The cries for Humphrey were redoubled but the Speaker said he would be heard; he was a Marshall, a Kentuckian, he had spoken to worse crowds and the Peace Convention should not be broken up in a row for lack of brains. The crowd becoming more boisterous he said he would speak—he had his rights and his friends who were there and prepared or armed. I have heard both expressions attributed to him. At this juncture a belligerent individual or a practical joker on the outside of the bar of the House, said if Mr. M. wanted a fight he could have it. The Peace Convention thereupon waxed pugnacious and wrathful. Like the accommodating chairman of the Sons of Harmony in Reynold's comedy of Laugh When You Can, who always carried a pair of duelling pistols in his pockets to settle quarrels amicably, these lovers of peace were probably all armed to the teeth and every one of them a walking arsenal. How the panic which ensued organized I cannot tell, but part of the crowd stampeded. I can imagine the rush through the rotunda and down the circular stairs under the dome to the lower vestibule. Humphrey Marshall "larding the lean earth;" Bill Preston—that's his name now among the peace party—giving a fine specimen of his capacity for walking Spanish, derived from his late residence at Madrid; Governors Magoffin and Powell going it neck and neck—one of them lost his hat, I hear; Governor Morehead taking the advice of Lady Macbeth: "Stand not upon the order of going, but go at once;" and the entire crowd following pell mell, promiscuously, end in a panic. Hats, umbrellas, walking-sticks, were left in the hall, on the stairs, in the Capitol grounds, and even in the streets. Such running, swearing, plunging, and splurging were never seen before. The panic must have been ludicrously fearful and laughably terrible.—The stampede at Bull Run was nothing to be compared with the breaking up of the grand conclave of the Secession States Rights Bull Run Peace Party. Its resolutions are flat rebellion and rank treason, with no attempt at sugar-coating. The tale is a round, unvarnished one, and it means death to the Union and huzza for the Southern Confederacy! It would require a most subtle ingenuity to deny or disprove that assertion.

The Senate after an hour's session this morning took a recess until three o'clock this afternoon. A great deal of private business was originated in the House. Col. Harney, from the Committee on Federal Relations, introduced a resolution directing the Governor to issue his proclamation ordering the Tennessee or Confederate forces to evacuate the soil of Kentucky, which was adopted by 71 to 26. When the name of Mr. Yeaman, of Daviess, was called, he rose and said as it has been announced on the other side that this is the tocsin of war he did not wish the announcement to go forth without a contradiction. The resolution, he said, was the lute of peace but the shield of our honor. Gentlemen say they want peace, God knows he did, and if they want it so much they can have it before the sun goes down. He, too, wanted no armies on our soil, but the first to come must be the first to go. He, too, wanted neutrality, but he must have neutrality with honor. To amend by adding "and the Federal troops," as gentlemen on the other side announce they would do, would under existing circumstances be to dissolve our connection with the Union and forfeit our claim to the protection of the Federal Government which he did not come here to do. More than this, we have been invaded and *conditions* prescribed to us by the invader. He for one would not submit to conditions, nor legislate under compulsion, and therefore he voted yea upon the resolution. This brief, emphatic, and patriotic speech elicited applause in the galleries, which the Speaker promptly suppressed. Mr. King moved a suspension of the rules to introduce a resolution of similar import, but embracing both the Federal and Confederate forces. The House refused to suspend by a vote of 68 to 29. I need not eulogise the spirit of the vote, when it has been so pointedly explained by Mr. Yeaman.

A resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Alfred Allen, proposing a recess of the Legislature from the 23d inst. until the 1st Monday in December, was passed over informally and placed in the orders of the day. I think it highly probable that it will eventually meet the assent of both Houses.

Mr. Finnell offered a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five to inquire into the death of citizens, their expulsion from their homes, and injury to their persons and property, produced by political questions. The inquiry to embrace cases which have occurred since the adjournment of the last Legislature, and the Committee to have power to send for persons and papers. A substitute was offered by Mr. Yeaman and an amendment by Mr. Burnam, which directed the Committee on the Judiciary to summon before them or to address the various Circuit Judges and learn what additional legislation, if any, is necessary to protect life and property in this State; and to extend their inquiries to attorneys for the Commonwealth and other persons at their discretion. The amendment was, with the original, referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Wolfe offered a resolution authorizing the Committee on Federal Relations to employ a clerk which was adopted. Our distinguished townsman is the chairman of this important committee, and he will bring to the discharge of its duties all that assiduity, extended experience, statesmanship, and legal ability, which are so eminently his characteristics. Under his supervision the honor of the State will be zealously guarded, and its loyalty be preserved without a flaw, speck or blemish. I regard it as most fortunate for Kentucky, that she has in her present Legislature so many men of mark and high attainments, and among them most conspicuously stands Nathaniel Wolfe.

Several "peace" propositions from the secession side of the House were offered, all of which were tinctures or dilutions of the resolutions adopted at the Convention yesterday—all aiming to aid the Confederates and embarrass the government of the United States. They were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary without debate under the rule. The House will hold an afternoon session.

I thought it was a great stretch of courtesy for the House to grant the use of its Hall to the peace Convention, but a great good has come out of it. The speakers threw off the mask and spoke boldly of Washington as the *enemy's Capital*, and looked to the coming of the rebel Generals among us as the advent of deliverers. After this avowal of treason, the Legislature should no longer hesitate to act and act decidedly. Resolutions on paper can have little or no effect; the State wants a resolution to *do*. Action and not words seem demanded by the most stern necessity.

I have just learned that Major Breckinridge, after a consultation with James B. Clay, returned to his home again. Whether he has unpacked his trunk to remain or has merely delayed his departure, I cannot say.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 11.

Senate.—Petitions were presented and referred.

Leave was given to bring in the following bills, which were referred, viz:

Mr. Pennebaker—A bill to create an additional Magistrate's District in Louisville.

Mr. Baker—A bill for the benefit of the Assessors of this Commonwealth for the year 1861.

A House bill to amend the charter of the Board of Education of the Methodist Episcopal Church South. Passed.

Mr. Alexander offered the following joint resolution, which lies one day on the table, viz:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That Tuesday, the 24th day of September, 1861, be fixed by this Legislature to elect a State Printer and State Librarian.

Mr. Johnson's resolutions, offered some days since, in relation to neutrality, &c., were taken up, an amendment was offered, and the resolutions and amendment were referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

The resolution of Mr. Pennebaker, calling on the Governor for information in relation to the removal of State arms, &c., west of Tennessee river, was taken up and adopted.

Mr. Whitaker's resolutions, offered day before yesterday, were taken up, said resolutions are as follows:

Kentucky's peace and neutrality have been wantonly violated, her soil has been invaded, the rights of her citizens have been grossly infringed by the so-called Southern Confederate forces. This has been done without cause, therefore—

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the Governor be requested to call out the military force of the State to expel and drive out the invaders.

Resolved, That the United States be invoked to give that aid and assistance, that protection against invasion which is granted to each one of the States by the 4th section of the 4th article of the Constitution of the United States.

Resolved, That Gen. Robert Anderson be, and he is hereby requested to enter immediately upon the active discharge of his duties in this military district.

Resolved, That we appeal to the people of Kentucky by the ties of patriotism and honor, by the ties of common interest and common defence, by the remembrances of the past, and by the hopes of future national existence, to assist in repelling and driving out the wanton violators of our peace and neutrality, the lawless invaders of our soil.

Mr. Grover offered the following substitute, viz:

WHEREAS, The people of the State of Kentucky earnestly desire to maintain during the continuance of the war that now so unhappily exists between the sections of the country, North and South, that position of neutrality which, by the the action of her late Legislature and the thrice expressed will of her people at the polls, she has solemnly assumed for herself; and whereas, the peace and quietude of our State can only be preserved by a strict observance of that neutrality on our part and on the part of the belligerents; and whereas, that neutrality has been violated by the organization of military camps and the introduction of troops and the quartering of them upon our soil by each of the belligerents; therefore—

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the Governments of the United States and of the Confederate States are hereby earnestly requested to withdraw from the soil of Kentucky all the troops now quartered within our limits, and to remove said camps, and to observe hereafter, during the continuance of the war, the neutrality of our State.

Resolved, That the Governor of Kentucky be requested to communicate the foregoing preamble and resolutions to the Presidents of the United States and the Confederate States, and to the Governor of the State of Tennessee.

The resolutions and substitute were ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on Federal Relations.

The Senate then took a recess until 3 o'clock P. M.

House.—Prayer by the Rev. J. N. Norton, of the Episcopal Church.

The journal of Monday was read.

Petitions were presented by Messrs. Henry, Ewing, Rigney, Burnam, Edmunds, Ashe, Wolfe, and appropriately referred.

The Speaker laid before the House the report of the Military Board, which was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Barlow—Propositions and Grievances—A bill for the benefit of R. P. Sanders, late sheriff of Taylor county, and his securities. [Releases the sureties of said Sanders, who is insolvent, from the payment of $760 61 damages; and sureties not to be released until the principal, interests, and costs has been paid off.]

Mr. Huston offered an amendment to the effect that this act is not to operate to delay the collection of the execution. Adopted.

Mr. Burnam offered an amendment allowing Isaac F. Hill, sheriff of Madison county, the further time of forty days to return his delinquent list for the year 1861. Adopted.

The bill was then passed.

Same—A bill for the benefit of R. P. Sanders, late sheriff of Taylor county. [Released from the payment of damages for the non-payment of taxes.]

Mr. King offered an amendment making the provisions of the bill apply to Joseph M. Hanks, sheriff of Anderson. Adopted.

The bill as amended was then referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. Andrews—Judiciary—A bill in relation to grand jurors. [Allowed $1 50 per day, instead of $1, as now allowed by law]. Rejected.

Mr. Taylor—Ways and Means—A bill for the benefit of George W. Goodlum, late sheriff of Marion county, and his sureties. Amended and passed.

Mr. Harney—Federal Relations—Offered the following joint resolution, viz:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That His Excellency, Gov. Magoffin, be and he is hereby instructed to inform those concerned that Kentucky expects the Confederate or Tennessee troops to be withdrawn from her soil unconditionally.

Mr. W. C. Anderson moved the previous question. Ordered—yeas 71, nays 26.

The resolution was then adopted—yeas 71, nays 26.

Mr. King moved to dispense with the further call of committees to allow him to introduce the following resolution.

Resolved, That the Governor be requested to demand from those in authority, the immediate withdrawal of the Federal troops from the southwestern part of this State; and that said Governor be requested to make a like demand on those in authority to withdraw, immediately, the forces and troops of the Confederate States from the same place, that the peace and neutrality of the State may be maintained inviolate.

Rejected—yeas 29, nays 68.

Mr. Tevis—Court of Appeals—A bill to authorize the 1st colored Baptist church of Louisville to sell certain property. Passed.

Mr. G. M. Thomas—County Courts—A Senate bill for the benefit of C. T. Dillingham, late constable of Adair county. Passed.

Leave was granted to bring in the following bills, which were appropriately referred, viz:

Mr. W. C. Anderson—A bill to amend the law in regard to peddlers.

Mr. Barlow—A bill for the benefit of J. H. Gatewood.

Mr. Huston—A bill to prohibit rebellion by citizens of Kentucky.

Mr. Lindsey—A bill for the benefit of the sheriff of Carroll county.

Mr. Miller—A bill for the benefit of the securities of J. C. Pickens, late sheriff of Clinton county.

Mr. White—A bill for the benefit of Jas. H. Heard.

Mr. Blue—A bill for the benefit of the common school district No. 26, in Crittenden county.

Mr. Curtis—A bill for the benefit of W. A. L. B. Sharp, late sheriff of Estill county.

Mr. Silvertooth—A bill to repeal the law in relation to the registration of births, marriages, and deaths.

Mr. Chambers—A bill for the benefit of the sheriff of Gallatin county.

Mr. A. R. Boon—A bill for the benefit of Wm. McClure, a free man of color.

Mr. Rankin—A bill for the benefit of Nancy Ann Richardson.

Mr. M. Young—A bill for the benefit of common school district No. 46, in Henderson county.

Mr. Powell—A bill to amend the law in relation to the Wilderness road, in Knox county.

Same—A bill to change the law in relation to the appointment of school commissioners.

Mr. Harney—A bill to amend the charter of the Louisville and Taylorsville turnpike company.

Mr. Bacheller—A bill for the benefit of Ashley Owens, of Rockcastle county.

Mr. Ricketts—A bill for the benefit of H. P. Rothrock, late sheriff of Muhlenburg county, and his sureties.

Mr. Reeman—A bill to prevent unlawful enlistments in this State.

Mr. Tevis—A bill for the benefit of the Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington Railroad Company.

Same—A bill for the benefit of the Louisville Association for the improvement of the breed of horses.

Mr. Burnam—A bill for the benefit of the commissioner of tax in Madison county.

Mr. J. R. Thomas—A bill for the benefit of the Marion County Court.

Mr. Henry—A bill for the benefit of W. G. Wade, Sheriff of Simpson county.

Mr. Vanwinkle—A bill for the benefit of W. M. Worsham, late Sheriff of Wayne county, and his sureties.

Mr. Finley—A bill to change the place of voting in precinct No. 3, in Whitley county.

Mr. Silvertooth—A bill to repeal an act establishing an additional voting place in Hays's precinct, in Hickman county. Passed.

Same—A bill to incorporate Baltimore Lodge, No. 361, Free and Accepted Masons. Passed.

Mr. Heady offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That all bills and petitions hereafter introduced for the benefit of sheriffs and their sureties shall be received and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means without debate.

Mr. Finnell offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That a Committee of five members be appointed to inquire into and report to this House any and all violations of law in this Commonwealth which resulted in the death of citizens, or expulsion from their homes, or in great injury to their persons or property, and which was produced by the political questions now agitated—the inquiry to extend to cases occurring since the last adjournment of this body. The committee to have power to send for persons and papers.

Mr. Rankin offered an amendment that said committee report whether, in their judgment, any further legislation is necessary for the prevention of such offences. Adopted.

Mr. Yeaman offered the following as a substitute for said resolution, as amended, viz:

To inquire whether, in any county or portion of the State, the due course of law, and the administration of justice are obstructed by the want of sufficient power of the courts and their officers to execute the laws and protect the citizens.

Mr. Burnam offered the following as a substitute for Mr. Yeaman's substitute, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the committee on the Judiciary be instructed to summon before them, or to address in writing, the various circuit judges of this Commonwealth, and to learn what additional legislation, if any, is necessary to protect human life and the security of persons and property in this State, and to extend their inquires by an examination of attorneys for the Commonwealth, and all other persons, in their discretion.

Mr. Bacheller offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the Committee of Ways and Means be instructed to inquire into and report what action, if any, is necessary to procure the collection of the State revenue in Rockcastle county for the present year.

Mr. Merritt offered the following joint resolution, which lies one day on the table, viz:

Resolved, That the occupation of Hickman and Chalk Bluffs by the Confederate troops, and Paducah by the Federal troops, without an invitation or the consent of the proper authorities of Kentucky so to do, is an encroachment upon the sovereignty of our State, and a gross violation of her neutrality, and that, in order to preserve the peace of our beloved Commonwealth, and to avert the calamities of a civil war which she had no agency in bringing about, the Governor is hereby requested to open communication, through commissioners or otherwise, with the proper authorities of both belligerent powers, with a view of effecting a speedy removal of the troops of each from the soil of Kentucky; and that he be requested to communicate the result to this House at as an early a day as practicable.

Mr. Wolfe offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the Committee on Federal Relations be, and is hereby authorized, to employ a clerk, who shall perform such duties as shall be required of him by said committee.

Mr. Burnam offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the Committee on Education be instructed to inquire and report to this House what progress has been made in the publication of the fourth volume of the Geological Survey of the State, and whether the maps, illustrations, and surveys accompanying said volume have been engraved and published; and what additional legislation, if any, is necessary to secure the completion and their distribution among those entitled by law to receive the same.

And then the House adjourned.

Our young friend Mr. D. B. Wharton, of the Postoffice, has been authorized to form a company for service in Col. Pope's Regiment of Federal troops. He has had much experience as a military man in the State Guard, and more recently in the National Guards, an independent company of this city. He possesses every soldierly quality calculated to render him successful and popular as a commander, and the most amiable traits of character as a gentleman and companion. Mr. W. is well known in Oldham and the adjoining counties, and will appeal to his young friends of that region to fill the ranks of his company. We invite attention to his stirring call in another column.

THE LOUISVILLE BATTERY.—It is known that there are three pieces of ordnance at the Clay Building, on Main street, near First, which formerly belonged to the Louisville Battery of the Kentucky State Guard. The company composing the gun-squad have long since been disbanded. A new artillery company has been formed in the city, however, of which Capt. J. D. Watkins is the commander, and, as they stand in need of guns, it is suggested that those in question be turned over at once to Capt. Watkins. These cannon were apportioned to Louisville for the defence of the city, and every consideration, right, justice, and safety requires that they should not pass from our hands.

PRIZE CAPTURED.—We learn from the Evansville Journal that on Sunday evening the gun squad of that city chartered the steamer Lue Eaves and started on a short cruise up the river. They returned on Monday, having captured the Owensboro ferry-boat, with a large flat in tow loaded with salt. The prizes were landed in safety at the wharf, and the prisoners taken before Surveyor Robinson for examination. It appears that the salt—about 1,000 barrels—was the property of Stuart Robinson of Louisville. He had obtained a permit of the Surveyor of that port to take the salt up Green river, but with instructions to report at Evansville, and have the Surveyor endorse the permit. Before the arrival of the salt, Surveyor Robinson received notification that the salt was destined for the rebels. His suspicions were still further aroused by its non-arrival, and he started the Eaves after the delinquent.

LA GRANGE, Sept. 11, 1861.

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:

GENTLEMEN: Your editorial comments in relation to the action of our Legislature in permitting a set of disorganizers and revolutionists to occupy the Representative Hall of the State Capitol, to the exclusion of important State legislation in the present crisis of our State, meets the unqualified commendation of all true loyal men here. The time for compromises and indecision has passed, when our State is invaded by an army of disloyalists and secessionists from the South. It is time our Legislature should take prompt and decisive steps in expelling the invaders from our borders.

Your patriotic appeal and call upon the people of Kentucky to organize immediately, and rally to the rescue in expelling the invaders upon our borders, merits the approbation of all true patriots.

Col. L. J. Bradford, the efficient President of the Kentucky State Agricultural Society, is at the Galt House. He will remain in the city several days, settling up the business of the Society. He left with us for distribution a sample of English "Pinkeye" wheat.

MORE SEIZURES.—The collector of this port yesterday caused the seizure of six packages of contraband goods in this city in transit to the Southern Confederacy.

CAVALRY! CAVALRY!! CAVALRY!!!—One hundred able bodied men wanted to fill a Company of Cavalry in Col. Bayless' Regiment under Gen. Anderson. Young men, come forward and respond nobly to the hero of Sumpter. Horses, equipments, and uniforms supplied. Men are at no expense after enlisting. Apply immediately to either of undersigned at the Recruiting Office, E. Barrow's Livery Stable, on Market, between Second and Third streets.
CAPT. CHAS L. UNTHANK,
s12 d12* LIEUT. JAMES CROWEL.

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 11, 1861.

GENTLEMEN: I addressed, through your paper of this morning, a short communication in regard to a matter which I consider of great importance to the people of this State. Your types made a rather awkward blunder in making me sign myself an "*interested party.*" I have not a particle of interest in the matter except such as every property-holder has in keeping up the price of property, and I signed myself
A *DIS* INTERESTED PARTY.

DIED,

On the 11th inst., Mr. THEODORE MONTGOMERY, in the 28th year of his age.

His funeral will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence of Mr. Thomas Rankin, at the Louisville Gas Works. His friends are invited to attend without further notice.

New Orleans and Memphis papers please copy.

NOTICES OF THE DAY.

A large and general assortment of good second-hand furniture, carpets, oil-cloths, and other housekeeping articles, will be sold at the auction-rooms of Messrs. S. G. Henry & Co., this (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock.

KENTUCKIANS, TO THE RESCUE!—A. H. Fontaine will address such of his fellow citizens as may be pleased to hear him, this evening at early gas-light, in the East room of the Court House, on the present condition of Kentucky. All Kentuckians, of whatever grade of opinion, who are loyal to their gallant old State and the Union of which she is a part, are respectfully invited to be present.

Those wishing information in regard to matters connected with Col. Pope's Regiment can find him or some one authorized to act for him, at his headquarters, on the west side of Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson streets.
s12d1

TO THE YOUNG MEN OF OLDHAM AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.

The undersigned is authorized to raise in Oldham and adjoining counties, a company of infantry for the service of the United States, to form a part of the Regiment now being raised by Colonels Pope and Jouett; companies to consist of from 85 to 101 men.

Kentuckians! your State has been invaded. There is now no alternative—if you would preserve the respect of your fellow men and of yourselves—but to rally and drive the invader back. Your flag is the Star-Spangled Banner of the nation. Your leader, the gallant Anderson. Your motive for battle, the sanctity of home and fireside! Prove yourselves worthy the better days of the Republic. D. B. WHARTON.
LAGRANGE, Sept. 12, 1861.—s12 d1

Headquarters of the "Pope Guards," south side of Jefferson, two doors above Fifth.
s12 d6 I. B. WEBSTER.

The Hamilton Home Guards will meet at their armory at 12½ o'clock to-day, to attend battalion drill.
By order of the Captain.
d1* A. V. D. ABBETS, Secy.

For all kinds of lumber, dressed and undressed, sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, boxes, &c., call at Alexander, Ellis & Co.'s planing mill, sash, door, and blind factory and lumber yard, on Fulton street, just above Preston, fronting the river, or at their lumber yard, corner of Walnut and Preston streets, or leave your orders at their warerooms on Main street, nearly opposite the Galt House, Louisville, Ky. jan1 tf

BUSINESS NOTICES.

RALLY, YOUNG MEN OF KENTUCKY!—We are authorized to raise a company of infantry to be mustered into the service of the United States, to be called the Anderson Rifles, in honor of the hero of Fort Sumpter, and to compose a part of the regiment now being raised by Cols. Pope and Jouett, and Major Campbell. The company will be composed of from 85 to 101 men. All who desire to unite with us can apply at headquarters opposite the Hope Engine House, on First street, between Green and Jefferson.

We hope that this call will meet with a patriotic response. Kentucky has been wantonly invaded by those who are enemies not only of our State but our common country. The freemen of Kentucky cannot submit to such an indignity without losing the respect of their fellow-men. Let the invader be driven from our soil at whatever cost of blood and treasure.
W. B. HEGAN, Captain.
W. W. WOODRUFF, 1st Lieut.
Louisville, Sept. 10, 1861. s10 b1&j1*

TO THE CITIZENS OF JEFFERSON, OLDHAM, HENRY, SPENCER, BULLITT, LARUE, NELSON, HARDIN, AND MEADE COUNTIES.

We propose to raise a regiment of infantry for the United States service, under Brigadier-General Anderson, of ten companies, containing each not less than eighty-five nor more than one hundred and one men, to serve for three years or during the war. Without unnecessary delay a camp will be established, of which due notice will be given, where companies and parts of companies will be received and put under drill. Until then, applications will be made by persons seeking information to the undersigned, in the city of Louisville.

Transportation of full companies to the place of rendezvous will be furnished.
CURRAN POPE, Colonel,
GEO. P. JOUETT, Lieutenant-Colonel,
W. P. CAMPBELL, Major.

TO THE YOUNG MEN OF KENTUCKY.

By the authority, and for the service of the Government of the United States, I propose to organize in Kentucky a regiment of cavalry, to serve three years or during the war, to consist of ten companies, each company to contain not less than eighty-four nor more than one hundred and four rank and file.

Horses and equipments will be furnished by the Government.

Volunteers owning good horses can have them appraised, mustered into the service, and paid for by the mustering officer.

The Captains and Lieutenants are to be elected by the companies respectively.

Captains of companies will report to me at the Galt House in Louisville as soon as practicable. No company must be removed from its point of organization until ordered into camp. Transportation to the point of rendezvous will be furnished. None but active vigorous men and men of steady habits will be received.

Capt. Richard W. Johnson, of the regular army, has been detailed to act as Lieutenant-Colonel. I intend to make this regiment in all respects equal to the best drilled and disciplined corps in the regular army.

I know this call will be patriotically answered. The soil of Kentucky has been wantonly invaded.
J. S. JACKSON.
LOUISVILLE, September 6, 1861.

We keep constantly on hand a full supply of Perfumeries, such as Lubin's Extracts, Pomades, Cosmetiques, Soaps, Powders, and Whitenings for the face, &c., &c.; also Hair and Tooth-brushes, Combs, Fans, Porte-monnaies, Traveling Bags and Baskets, Needles, Threads, Tapes, Buttons, Pins, Hoop-skirts, India Rubber Goods, Feather Dusters, Children's Buggies, Toys of all descriptions, besides a very large assortment of fancy articles. J. SITES,
au28 Fourth Street.

OAK ORCHARD ACID SPRING WATER.—Pamphlets containing the opinions of celebrated chemists and physicians respecting the use of this water in the case of many diseases of the human system, will be supplied gratis on application to Wilson, Peter, & Co. Call for a pamphlet.
ap15 deod

SAVE THAT DRUNKARD!—Have you a friend destroying his health, wasting his property, a pest to society, and a disgrace to his family? Induce him, if possible, to take "*Urban's Inebriats' Hope;*" it has cured thousands throughout the land of that wretched vice, DRUNKENNESS, and is surely worth a trial. The *Hope* is carefully prepared by Raymond & Tyler, No. 71 Fourth street, and sent by mail for $1 50 per package, or four packages for $5. Postage, in *States not seceded,* paid by Messrs. R. & T.
aug 31 deod&weow

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS.—I would respectfully invite the attention of customers and strangers visiting the city in search of Dry Goods to my stock of French and English Merinos, Plain and Printed De Laines, Printed Marinos, Woollen Plaids, Silks, French and Irish Poplins, Plain and Figured French Velours, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Linen Handkerchiefs, Plain and Plaid Jaconets, Plain and Plaid Nainsooks, Swiss Muslins, India Muslins, Hosiery, Bleached and Brown Domestics, Calicos, French Chintzes, Table Damasks, Napkins, Doylies, Hukaback Toweling and Towels, Crash, Linen, and Cotton Sheetings, White and Gray Flannels, Opera Flannels, Canton Flannels Bed Ticks, Plaid Cottons, Marseilles Quilts, and in fact a large line of Staple and Domestic Goods, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.
G. B. TABB,
sep3 b&j Cor. of Fourth & Market sts.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL,
THURSDAY, Sept. 12, 1861.

Eastern exchange in large sums may be obtained from the bankers at par, but the ruling selling rate is ¼ premium, the buying rate being ½ discount. New Orleans exchange is not wanted. The nominal buying rate is 5@6 ℔ cent discount and the selling 3@4 discount. There is little new in the market. There is, however, an improvement in wheat.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—Sales of 300 bbls flour at $3 90@4 25, 1,500 bushels wheat at 65@68c.

BATTING—Sales of 30 bales batting at 16c.

SHEETING—Sales of 30 bales at 12@12½c.

CHEESE—Sales of 40 boxes at 6@6½c for Western Reserve.

WHISKY—Sales of 120 bbls at 14½c.

GROCERIES—Sales of 32 hhds sugar at 8¾@9½c, and 50 bbls crushed sugar at 10c, 60 sacks coffee at 16@16½c.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11, P. M.

Beef dull and declined ½@¾c; receipts 5,716 head; quotations 6½@8½c. Sheep unchanged, receipts 14,167 head; quotations 2¾@3½c. Swine steady; receipts 7,97[illegible]; quotations 3½@4¼c. Cotton quiet and without material change; sales 500 bales at 22½@23c for middling uplands. Flour sales quite firm with good demand for export and a fair enquiry for home consumption at the close there were no sellers of extra State at the inside quotations; sales 11,300 bbls at $4 10@4 35 for superfine State, $4 60@4 75 for extra State, $4 40@4 45 for superfine Western, and $4 65@5 85 for common to medium extra Western. Whisky firmer—sales 250 bbls at 18½c. Lard steady—sales 400 packages at 8¾@9¾c.

Stocks dull and rather easier. Money plenty at 4@5c on call. Sterling exchange firm at 107¾@108 discount for bankers bills. Cleveland and Toledo 30, Galena and Chicago 67, Illinois Central Scrip 61¾, Hudson 31, Delaware and Hudson 85½, Illinois Central bonds 86, New York 6's 91, New York Central 73½, Galena and Chicago 3d bonds 86, Erie 4[illegible], Treasury 6's 99½.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

APPEAL TO SCIENCE

If you wish to be sure of obtaining a perfect hair dye without one deleterious element, CRISTADORO'S EXCELSIOR DYE is the *only one* ever submitted to this ordeal. It has been

ANALYZED BY CHILTON,

the first chemist in the country, and his certificate setting forth its harmlessness is within the reach of every buyer.

THE EXQUISITE BEAUTY

of the lustrous blacks and browns which it produces with unerring certainty in ten minutes has fairly won for it the appellation of *the most natural hair dye ever invented.*

Sold everywhere. Applied by all Hair Dressers.
CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York.
s1 d&w1m

AUCTION SALES.

First Assignee's Sale
BY
EDWARD I. GRAUMAN & CO.,
No. 222 Fourth st., between Main and Market
(Formerly occupied by Mr. Nathan Whit...)

On Monday next, 16th September,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

Will be sold a large assortment of

FANCY AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, SATINETS, CLOTHING, LADIES' SHOES, CONGRESS GAITERS, CALF-SKIN BOOTS, HATS AND CAPS, &c.

The Goods consist as follows: Ladies' Merino Hose, Children's do, Hoop Skirts, Shears, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Razors and Razor Straps, Pocket-Books, Port-Monnaies, French Accordions, Guitars and Violins, &c.; also 5 different brands Prints, 8 brands Bleached Domestic, plaid Merinoes, DeLaines, all colored Wool Flannels, Canton Flannels, Ginghams, Checks, Irish Linen, Table-Cloths, Coverlets, Handkerchiefs, &c.; also 500 pieces Jeans, Satinet, and Cassimere Pants, German Net Jackets, Under Shirts, &c.

At 2 o'clock P. M., will be sold a large assortment of Men's and Boys' Boots, Ladies' and Misses' Gaiters, Umbrellas, Carpet Bags, New York custom-made Shirts, 20 English single barrel Guns.

This is a choice lot of Goods, to be sold without reserve; therefore every buyer is respectfully invited to attend this sale, as bargains are sure to be got.

Terms cash on delivery.
E. I. GRAUMAN & CO.
I. GRAUMAN, Auctioneer. s11 d5

AUCTION SALE
OF
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &c.,
BY THOS. ANDERSON & CO.
On Thursday, Sept. 12,

COMMENCING at 10 o'clock A. M., when will be sold without reserve—

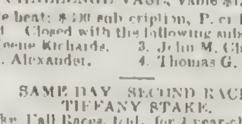
An assorted stock of DRY GOODS, Satinet, Jeans, Black Cotton Velvet, Cassimeres, Osnaburgs (plain and striped), 75 dozen fine linen bosom Shirts, Tailors' Stock, Hosiery, Carpet Bags, &c.

At 11 o'clock,
100 dozen extra Woven and Double Diamond HOOP SKIRTS.
Immediately after which, an elegant stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING.

At 2 o'clock P. M.,
100 cases extra fine BOOTS, SHOES, and BROGANS.
Terms cash (bankable funds).
THOS. ANDERSON & CO.
s10 d3 Auctioneers.

AMUSEMENTS.

WOODLAWN RACES,



REGULAR FALL MEETING, 1861,

WILL COMMENCE ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1861, and continue the following week.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 5.
CHALLENGE VASE, value $1,000.
Four-mile heats; $100 subscription, P. or P. to name at the post. Closed with the following subscribers:
1. A. Keene Richards. 3. John M. Clay.
2. R. A. Alexander. 4. Thomas G. Moore.

SAME DAY SECOND RACE.
TIFFANY STAKE.
Sweepstake Fall Races, for 3 year-olds, colts and fillies. Single dash of a mile. $100 subscription; $50 forfeit; $25 declaration if made and paid by the first day of August, 1861. A Silver Cup, value $500, to be added by Messrs. Tiffany & Co., of New York, provided two or more start. Stake to close on the 25th day of May, 1861. Five or more to make a race. Closed with twenty-one nominations.

SECOND DAY, MONDAY, OCTOBER 7.
ASSOCIATION STAKE.
Sweepstake for colts and fillies then 3 years old, mile heats; $100 subscription; $50 forfeit; $25 declaration if made and paid by the second Monday in May, 1861. $300 added provided two or more start. Ten or more to make a race. Closed on the 1st day of January, 1860, with thirty-four nominations.

THIRD DAY, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8.
Three-mile heats, for all ages ... Purse $400.

FOURTH DAY, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9.
Mile heats, best three in five, for all ages ... Purse $200.

FIFTH DAY THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10.
Two-mile heats, for all ages ... Purse $300.

SIXTH DAY, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11.
GALT HOUSE STAKE.
Sweepstakes for colts and fillies then three years old two-mile heats; $300 subscription; $100 forfeit; $5 declaration if made and paid by the second Monday in May, 1861. Galt House to add $250 in Silver Plate provided two or more start. Ten or more to make a race. Close first day of January, 1860, with thirty nominations.

SEVENTH DAY, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11.
Four-mile Heats, all ages ... Purse $600.
W. E. MILTON, Sec'y.
Louisville, Sept. 3, 1861. did

RIVER NEWS.

PORT OF LOUISVILLE.

ARRIVALS YESTERDAY.
Major Anderson, Cin. Grey Eagle, Henderson.
Masonic Gem, Evansville.

DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.
Major Anderson, Cin. Grey Eagle, Henderson.
Masonic Gem, Evansville.

Leaves every Monday and Friday Evening.
Regular Louisville, Evansville, and Henderson Mailboat.
The elegant side-wheel passenger packet COMMERCIAL, J. B. ARCHER, master, WILL A. DUVALL, clerk, will leave for the above and all way landings on Friday, the 13th inst., at 5 o'clock, P. M., punctually.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
s12 T. M. ERWIN, Agent. 37 Wall st.
The Commercial is new, has large airy rooms, and wide guards, and from her exceeding light-draught will go through on time without detention.

For Evansville, Paducah, and Cairo.
The light-draught passenger steamer HETTY GILMORE, GILMORE, master, will leave for above and all way ports on this day, the 12th inst., at 5 o'clock, P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
s12 T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

REGULAR THURSDAY PACKET
For Evansville, Paducah, and Cairo.
The superior passenger steamer JOHN GAULT, BRINCK, master will leave for above and all way ports on Thursday, 12th inst., at 4 P. M., from Portland wharf.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
s11 MOORHEAD & CO., Agents,
No. 118 Wall street.
N. B. The Gault will take packet freight at packet prices, and also St. Louis freight, with the privilege of reshipping.

Regular Madison & Carrollton Packet
The light-draught passenger steamer TRIO, JOHN A. DICKINSON, master, leave Louisville every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 o'clock, P. M., to Madison, Carrollton, and way landings, returning leaves Carrollton at 9 o'clock, and Madison at 3 o'clock every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.
Prompt and strict attention will be given to the interest of the trade. sep17 d f

Regular U. S. Mail Packet for
Owensboro and Evansville.
The splendid light-draught steamer MASONIC GEM, Capt. B. J. CAFFREY will leave for above and all way ports on every Wednesday and Saturday at 4 o'clock, P. M., from the Portland wharf.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
1125 B. J. CAFFREY, Agent.

Regular U. S. Mail Linn Packet
Leaves every Monday and Thursday for Brandenburg, Leavenworth, Stephensport, Cloverport, Hawesville, Cannelton, Tell City, Troy, Rockport, and Evansville.
The light-draught passenger packet HETTY GILMORE, Capt. A. T. GILMORE, will leave for the above and all way ports every Monday and Thursday at 5 o'clock, P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
1126 T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

REGULAR PACKET—U. S. MAIL MORNING LINE
Connecting at Cincinnati with early Eastern trains.
For Cincinnati.
The new and magnificent passenger steamers TELEGRAPH No. 3, HILDRETH, master, JACOB STRADER, DIXMAN, master.
One of the above steamers will leave for the port daily at 12 o'clock M.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent
Office at the Wharfboat, foot of Third street.

PRIVATE BOARD.
ONE or two gentlemen or a lady and gentleman can find pleasant board in a private family. Situation central and within a few minutes' walk of Post-office. Address F. J., Louisville P. O., giving name and reference. s9 d*

TRAVELERS
Will bear in mind that the
MAMMOTH CAVE
is but SEVEN MILES from BELL'S TAVERN or GLASGOW JUNCTION (which is two miles and a half nearer than any other depot), and the
DIAMOND CAVE,
Exceeding anything yet discovered for beauty and for fantastically shaped stalagmites and stalactites, is but ONE AND A HALF MILES from BELL'S TAVERN
Visitors have the option of visiting one or both for same Stage fare.

200 PIECES BLACK ENAMELED CLOTH received this day and for sale by
JAMES LOW & CO.,
a1 209 and 211 west side Sixth st.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

From the Evening Bulletin.

Confederate Troops Ordered to Evacuate Kentucky Soil.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 11.

The House adopted a resolution directing the Governor to issue his proclamation ordering the Confederate troops to evacuate Kentucky soil, by a vote of 71 against 26.

The House refused to suspend the rules to allow another resolution ordering the proclamation to be issued to both the Federal and Confederate forces.

Syracuse Convention.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 10.

A question arose regarding the admissibility of delegates chosen to represent the Constitutional Democrats in this and also in the Republican Convention. The whole report of the Committee on Credentials was adopted, which admitted them. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported for President the Hon. Thos. G. Werord, and Vice Presidents from each district.

Everything is unsettled, but there is but little doubt that the two conventions, it is reported, will cooperate to-morrow and act in harmony. C. T. Hordust, of St. Lawrence county, will probably be the temporary chairman of the Republican Convention, and Simon Draper is talked of for permanent President. A good feeling prevails among the Republican delegates. Dickinson is not here at present.

A Naval Engagement on the Mississippi.

CAIRO, Sept. 10.

The gunboats Conestoga and Lexington, reconnoitering down the Mississippi river to-day, encountered a battery of sixteen guns at Lucas Bend, on the Missouri shore, and two rebel gunboats. They silenced the shore batteries and disabled the rebel boat Yankee, and would have captured her had she not been supported by the batteries near Columbus. One of the Conestoga's men was slightly injured. The loss of the rebels is of course not known.

Twenty of our scouts were to-day driven in to Col. Ormsby's camp by 200 rebels. No less than 15,000 rebels are encamped at Columbus. They were largely reinforced yesterday.

A Skirmish near Chain Bridge.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.

At the skirmish near Chain Bridge two prisoners were taken, one of them a captain in Stuart's Virginia regiment, by our forces. They refused to give their names.

Two privates of the New York DeKalb regiment fell into the hands of the Confederate pickets this morning near Hunter's Chapel, to the right of Ball's Cross Roads.

A large force of Confederates, within the last three days, have encamped near Fall's Church.

More of the Syracuse Conventions.

SYRACUSE, September 11.

The People's Convention met this morning but transacted no business of importance and took a recess from 11 to 1:30.

The Republican Convention is largely attended. It was called to order by Simon Draper. Hon. E. G. Latham was chosen temporary chairman, and made a brief speech in favor of no peace or compromise with rebels and to concur with any men willing to support the Government. The usual committees were formed and the Convention took a recess until 4 o'clock.

Reinforcements for Fort Hatteras.

FORT MONROE, Sept. 10.

The steamer S. R. Spaulding left to-night for Hatteras Inlet with reinforcements.

The steamer Baldwin is also on the way with naval stores. The sloop-of-war Jamestown has arrived from the blockade off Florida, but brings no news of importance.

River Rising at Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 11, M.

The river at this point has risen 6 inches in the last 21 hours. There are now 7 feet 7 inches in the channel. It was raining some last night, but not heavy.

Reported for the Journal.

More Prisoners to Fort Lafayette.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.

Three race horses, four buggies, &c., were seized in Philadelphia yesterday owned by rebels.

Jno. Anderson, the traitor from Providence, was sent to Fort Lafayette.

The Post's despatch says that Howard, the nominee for Governor of Maryland, is the official reporter of the Supreme Court, is a rank secessionist.

It is expected that the Maryland Legislature will pass a secession ordinance next week.

Gen. Butler is said to be making arrangements for another expedition.

All Quiet at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.

So far as heard from up to noon to-day all is quiet on the Virginia side of the Potomac.

More Seizures.

STONINGTON, Conn., Sept. 11.

Collector Palmer, of Stonington, has this day seized in his district the bark Carille, from New York to Washington.

The schooner R. F. Fowler, of Mistic, Captain Eldrige, was also seized on the 9th inst.

Both vessels were under the confiscation act.

A cavalry regiment is offered from Cora, each member volunteering to find his horse and equipments.

Another Naval Expedition.

FORTRESS MONROE, Sept. 10.

The appointment of Gen. Rylands to the chief command at Hatteras Inlet gives entire satisfaction.

At Old Point rigorous measures are being taken for fitting out an expedition from Old Point to the Southern ports, under Gen. Wool's command.

The army here is also in a good degree of discipline, and the troops are impatient to meet the enemy.

Marshall Kane to go to Fort Lafayette.

BALTIMORE, Sep. 11.

Orders have been received to move Marshall Kane to Fort Lafayette.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.

Captain Newman, of the brig Ocean Bird at Hamilton, Bermudas, states that the pirate Sumpter captured four American ships fully laden, previous to the 18th ult., which had quitted Trinidad for Northern States.

The above is from this evening's Express and is doubtful, as our advices from Trinidad published yesterday reported the pirate at that place on the 20th, and no mention was made of such important captures.

The Commercial's despatch states that a rebel prisoner affirms that the rebel force within a radius of twenty miles of Manassas is 170,000. Beauregard is reported to be concentrating his forces between Fairfax Court House and Leesburg.

Capt. Done, of the Pocahontas, has been arrested for visiting the rebels on the Virginia shore.

BURLINGTON, Vt., Sept. 11.

Col. James W. Watt, of this city, was arrested this afternoon by the U. S. Marshal and taken toward New York. The arrest of Col. Watt has caused a most intense feeling of excitement among the people. He has been a leading man among them for many years.

THE BARRON FAMILY.—There were two Barrons in the Revolution—Commodore Jas. Barron and Capt. Richard Barron—both in the Virginia navy. James had two sons, Samuel and James. The latter, late of the United States Navy, was the one who killed Decatur. It is his son, Sam'l Barron, who was captured at Fort Hatteras.

GAMBLERS IN THE ARMY.—A correspondent of the Columbus Times states that the Confederate army in Virginia was infested by a great number of faro dealers and professional gamblers, many of whom had "joined the army as privates for the purpose of swindling the poor soldier out of his hard-earned pittance of $11 per month."

A RICH HAUL.—The Surveyor at Evansville captured a large assortment of contraband goods on the Mattie Cook on Monday evening. Among the goods was a large lot of army jeans, destined, we presume, to clothe rebel soldiers. Considerable bacon was also taken from the boat.

The first railroad in Oregon has just been built on what is called the "transit across the cascades." The road is of substantial construction, is three and three quarters of a mile long, and the majority of it is on tressel work of a dizzy and dangerous height.

The Cincinnati Enquirer learns that the President of the Bank of Charleston, on the Kanawha, a few days since, gathered up all the funds of the Bank, amounting to many thousand dollars, and conveyed it to Richmond.

The following are the steamers chartered at Cincinnati by the Government, to go to Cairo: N. W. Thomas, Emma Duncan, Jesse K. Bell, Stephen Decatur, Fort Wayne and Neptune.

Dan Rice, the showman, is stumping the Western States, outside of his menagerie, in favor of the Union cause. He addressed a meeting at Oshkosh, Wis., on the 28th ult.

The New Orleans Picayune states that the rebels have released on parole the Union prisoners taken at Fort Fillmore and elsewhere in Texas.

THE NEW GUN-BOAT FLEET.—The new gunboats, thirty in number, are now building at the Government navy yards and in private shipyards. They will all be ready for sea within two months. The following table shows the places where these boats are constructing, with their tonnage and armament:

BUILDING AT NAVY YARDS.

Boats.	Yards.	Tons.	Guns.
Kearsarge	Portsmouth, N. H.	1,020	13
Ossipee	"	1,020	13
Housatonic	Charlestown, Mass.	1,020	[illegible]
Wachusett	"	1,030	13
Juniata	Philadelphia	1,030	13
Tuscarora (launched)	"	1,030	13
Adirondack	New York	1,030	13
Oneida	"	1,030	13

BUILDING BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

Boat.	State.	Boats.	State.
Aroostook	Maine.	Unadilla	N. Y.
Katahdin	"	Ottawa (launched)	"
Penobscot	"	Pembina	"
Kineo	"	Sene. (launched)	"
Marblehead	Mass.	Chippewa	"
Sagamore	"	Winona	"
Chocura	"	Itasca	Penn.
Huron	"	Sciota	"
Owasco	Conn.	Wissahickon	"
Kennebec	"	Tahoma	Dela.
Cayuga	"	Pinola	Md.

The armament of the gun-boats building by private contract has not been determined.

UNION CAMPS IN KENTUCKY.—Two new camps will soon be formed in this State, one at Falmouth, thirty-nine miles south of Covington, on the Covington and Lexington Railroad, and another at Carlisle, in Nicholas county, between Cynthiana and Lexington. This camp will be situated on Colonel Metcalf's farm, three miles from the railroad. The camp at Metcalf's farm will be opened by a regiment from Camp Dick Robinson.

THE LEXINGTON FAIR.—The eleventh Fair of the Kentucky Agricultural and Mechanical Association commenced on Tuesday, and will close to-day. The Observer and Reporter says the attendance on the first day was quite as large as could have been expected in the present condition of public affairs, but will doubtless be much increased, as the attraction, in the way of stock, will be greater.

CAPT. CARY GRATZ.—The body of this gallant officer, who fell at the battle near Springfield, in Missouri, arrived at Lexington via Cincinnati on Tuesday. It was escorted to the residence of his father by the Lexington Chasseurs, and the burial was to take place with military honors yesterday. The body, covered with the American flag, was accompanied by Captain F. H. Manter and Rev. Mr. Pyle.

The Charleston Mercury says that Isaac V. Fowler, the defaulting New York postmaster, is pleasantly located at the city of Tepic, Mexico, about fifty miles from the Pacific, and employed as the chief agent of Messrs. Barron, Forbes, & Co., the wealthy bankers and manufacturers.

A despatch to the Nashville Gazette says Parson Brownlow and son have been arrested at Knoxville by Gen. Zollicoffer.

Mr. Appel's grocery establishment, at the corner of Clay and Market streets, was damaged by fire yesterday morning.

Over $100,000 of the Government loan has already been taken in Cincinnati.

The New York Times says that New York has furnished fifty-eight regiments for the war.

We republish the following article from the Cincinnati Commercial of the 3d inst.:

SUPPORT FOR THE UNION MEN IN KENTUCKY.

The spirits of the unconditional Union men of Kentucky have been depressed recently by the reverses which have been suffered by the arms of the Union in Virginia and Missouri, the tremendous military power displayed by the rebels, and the apparent apathy of the people of the Northwest. We know that very discouraging inferences have been drawn by loyal men in Kentucky from the fact as published recently, that Ohio has now but eighteen thousand men in the field. Men of Kentucky, as true to the Union as we are, and who are ready to fight for the Union, see overhanging them on the Tennessee border four military encampments, said to contain fifteen or twenty thousand men, ready to enter Kentucky at a wink from Magoffin, Breckinridge, or their master, Tom Monroe, to conquer the State. Therefore there is no wonder that the loyal Kentuckians look with anxious interest to see where their support is to come from in case they are assailed and attempted to be subjugated by the secession swarms from Tennessee. In a matter so vital, it would be utterly unjustifiable to attempt the slightest deception. We will, therefore, endeavor to state with the utmost candor what our friends over the river may rely upon. They must remember, that, at this moment, the three months' men are all disbanded, and those who are in the field are for three years or the war, and there are now twenty-nine regiments forming in this State, many of them with ranks nearly or quite full. Several regiments can be ready to receive marching orders in three days. Ten regiments will be concentrated, this week, at Camps Dennison and Chase. We are stating the case very mildly when we say that Ohio could send ten regiments, within ten days, to support the Union men of Kentucky against invader from Tennessee. Indiana has now about thirteen thousand men in camp. She could send them all to Louisville in three days. The military preparations of Illinois are enormous. Troops in that State are counted by brigades. At least ten Illinois regiments could be advanced from Illinois into Kentucky in as many days. The States of Minnesota, Wisconsin, and Michigan have sent troops to the Potomac. Each of these States has several regiments now forming and just about ready. In case of a great emergency, such as the invasion of Kentucky by secessionists, these regiments could be hurried to meet the invaders. We do not hesitate to assert it as our opinion, that in ten days after a call for help from the Union men of Kentucky, thirty thousand Northwestern men would cross the Ohio river to their relief, and that in a fortnight fifty thousand would go forward. The announcement that the secessionists had invaded Kentucky would electrify the Northwest, and there would be such a rush to arms as has been unheard of. The number of cannon, rifled and smooth bore, and of rifled muskets, Enfield rifles, and good new percussion smooth bore muskets, and the quantity of ammunition now on hand in the West is surprisingly great, and every gun and cartridge would be at the service of the Union men of Kentucky. Throughout the Northwest the people have looked with admiration upon the Union men of Old Kentucky, seeing in their wisdom, their moral courage, their undaunted front toward the enemies of the Union, their repeated and splendid victories at the ballot-box for the Union, bright signs of restored nationality and the revival of the full-orbed glory of the Republic.

If nothing else would awaken the whole people of the Northwest to unparalleled efforts—if nothing else would cause them to put forth their whole strength—the news that the loyal citizens of Kentucky were about to be overrun by a horde of secession desperadoes, because they were the friends of the Union, and of the flag with its full field of stars and all its radiant stripes, would raise legions of armed men. Let the Union men of Kentucky be of good cheer about their backing. They will, if the trial by battle comes, be instantly and amply supported, so that the war will not last long in Kentucky, but will be crushed back into Tennessee.

There is but one way to preserve peace in Kentucky, and that is for the Union men to pursue steadfastly their sound policy of peace, and be ready to stand by their convictions of right—ready for an appeal to arms.

AFFAIRS IN MISSOURI.—The St. Louis Democrat, of Tuesday, has the following later intelligence from Rolla:

Eight prisoners were brought down on the train from Rolla yesterday, in charge of Lieut. Kilgore. They were captured in a skirmish which took place between the Home Guards and rebels at Douglas Prairie, in Gasconade county. The attack was made on the rebels while at dinner, Saturday noon. Two of the rebels were killed, and in another skirmish, the same day, ten more of the rebels were killed and thirty-two horses taken. At another place, near Cuba, two scouts were taken in a corn field, with McKinstry's passes in their pockets. Five hundred men and Dubois's battery had been despatched by Colonel Wyman to reinforce Capt. McFall, supposed to be at Steelville or Salem, where he was threatened with an attack.

Advices were received from Springfield down to Friday morning. Col. John A. Foster, a noted secessionist, and the first person to raise the Confederate flag in Springfield, died on Wednesday evening. He received a wound in the knee in the battle of the 10th, and refused to submit to an amputation of the limb, deemed necessary by his physicians, until the day before his death, when the operation was effected, but too late to warrant a recovery.

Col. John Young, an old and respected citizen, also died the same day. Col. Young was among the pioneers of that section, having emigrated from Tennessee twenty-four years ago. He was a strong Union man, and his death was much lamented.

No battle had taken place between Montgomery and Rains, as was reported, previous to Tuesday last.

A letter from Cape Girardeau, of the 7th, says:

Colonel Hecker has just started on, board the steamer Des Moines, for Paducah, Kentucky. Buel's battery has gone aboard the Illinois, destination the same, and the Illinois Seventeenth will follow in the first boat down. It is believed that all of General Prentiss's late command will embark for the same place as soon as possible, except enough to guard this post.

The St. Louis Democrat adds:

Within thirty days, barracks, consisting of one story frame buildings, have been erected immediately west of the St. Louis Fair Grounds, intending to accommodate with sleeping apartments, dining rooms, kitchen, &c., an army of twenty thousand men. These frame buildings are ten in number, averaging about 750 feet in length, and 48 feet in breadth, the total length being 7,500. The buildings extend in three lines forming three sides of a parallelogram and including a space of twenty acres.

The Indiana Eleventh and Twenty-sixth regiments arrived at St. Louis on Sunday.

AFFAIRS ON THE RIVER.—The Cairo correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette, writing on the 9th, says:

The past two days have added greatly to the population of Paducah, and we have troops enough there now to render it more secure for the present. A considerable force, consisting of Hecker's 24th Illinois Regiment, the Illinois 17th, the American Zouaves, and Buell's artillery company arrived here yesterday, destined for that place, but a despatch was received that their services would not be needed yet, and consequently they are still here, where they will remain until their services are needed elsewhere, which may not be long.

Reports have been numerous and unfounded for the last two or three days relative to the movement of General Pillow. Considerable excitement and much activity was occasioned day before yesterday by a report that he was marching on Paducah with 30,000 men. Then our force there being small, some apprehension was felt lest there might be something in the rumor, and several thousand additional troops were immediately ordered to that point.

Pillow's force in Kentucky can be safely put down at not over 10,000 men. The majority of these are probably in Columbus. Their camp there is back of the town and cannot be seen from the river. The men at the guns were all that was seen by the Lexington.

The rebel gunboat Yankee is said to have been seen in the bend below Bird's Point last evening. She was evidently sent out by Pillow to get a glimpse of things at this point. It certainly must have been an interesting sight for her, though her stay was far too brief to get a fair and satisfactory view, although it is more likely that it would have become less satisfactory the longer she stayed and the more she saw.

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

The Hon. Horace Maynard, of Tennessee, was in Cincinnati on Tuesday.

NEW CANNON.—We were shown yesterday, by the inventor, Mr. L. T. Wheeler, of Cannelton, the models for a new style of breech-loading cannon. These models have been submitted to the inspection of some of the most scientific men in the country, and the principles which they illustrate pronounced to be an improvement on any of the guns now in use. One of the models is for a small cannon, mounted on a carriage similar to a wheelbarrow, which is designed to be worked by one or two men. Mr. Wheeler is confident it will throw a half pound ball a distance of two miles, and from the rapidity with which it can be loaded and fired, thinks it would prove one of the most destructive weapons that could be taken on to a battle field.—*Evansville Journal*, 10.

LETTER FROM GENERAL BUTLER.

U. S. STEAM FRIGATE MINNESOTA, Off Cape Hatteras, Aug. 27, 1861.

DEAR FRIEND: I have received your note, as well as those of many others of my true friends, in Massachusetts, asking my opinion about political questions, and some kindly suggesting my name as a candidate for Governor at the ensuing election. I reply to you as representing them all, because our intimacy will permit more frankness than would seem meet toward those less closely connected.

As I have stated to you, and as I have publicly reported, when I left home, I left all politics, in a party sense of the term, behind me, and I now know no politics in any sense, save as represented by the question—how best to preserve the Union and restore the country in its integrity. Peace is desirable to all, and to none more so than the soldier who has left his friends and his home to do his duty to his country.

But, however desirable, it is not to be purchased upon any terms, save the recognition of the authority of the Federal Government over every inch of territory which ever belonged to it. Upon no condition whatever, other than this, would I consent to peace. A peace involving the disintegration of the Union, or until the supremacy of the Government is forever established, would be simply a declaration of perpetual war of sections.

Were the Southern Confederacy to-day acknowledged in the fullness of good faith two months would not elapse before causes of war would arise, sufficient not only to justify but to demand a renewal of the conflict. No two months have passed, in the last ten years at least, in which outrages have not been committed upon Northern men in the South, which, had they been perpetrated by a foreign nation, would have demanded a redress of grievances, under pain of a suspension of diplomatic relations.

But we have borne these outrages because there was no tribunal to the arbitrament of which we could submit them, and it was against the genius of our people to appeal to arms. Therefore, I see with pain upon the part of some of those with whom I have acted in political organizations a disposition to advocate peaceful settlements wherein there can be no peace. Therefore, this war must go on, not for the purpose of subjugation, but, if those who commenced it bring upon themselves that condition as an incident, it will only be another illustration of the fruit of sowing the wind. Besides these there are no other politics.

On the matter of the nomination I cannot consent that my name should be used by any party. While on some things, as you are aware, I do not agree with the principles upon which both the State and the national administrations were inaugurated, yet we are a long way past that. The Republican party, having won a political victory, both in the State and in the nation, is entitled to the patriotic endeavor of every man to give it a fair trial in the administration of the Government, and in that it should, as it does, take the lead in official positions.

And now there is left nothing for us to contend against, save an corruption, inefficiency, or impropriety of administration, which I doubt not would at once be rebuked as well by Republicans as by Democrats. But, as far as regards the *personnel* of administration in the State, I believe Gov. Andrew has endeavored faithfully, zealously, and efficiently to put our Commonwealth on the side of the nation, and to sustain the Union. I therefore, for one, would not desire to see a change in the Executive, although I doubt not the people will demand changes in some of the minor offices.

I do not say that I would vote for Gov. Andrew, but were I at home I would not vote against him. Let it be understood that without distinction of party, and without raising party issues, all men who love the Union are determined to stand by it and the country until the rebellion shall be quelled, and then we may hereafter divide as we please upon the minor differences of administration of Government.

To you, my dear friend, I need urge no justification for this course. You will appreciate it, for you are aware of the sacrifice, both of feeling and of position, I made, a year ago, in the earnest endeavor to save the country from this calamity, which I then partly foresaw, and, acting in the best light I had, endeavored to prevent. And I am ready to make a like sacrifice now to repel that which I then sought to avert. I need to thank you and others of my friends for this, among many other kindnesses you have shown me.

Very truly yours, BENJ. F. BUTLER.
F. A. HILDRETH, Esq.

GENERAL COURT-MARTIAL.—During the past week several deserters and other military offenders were tried by general court-martial on Governor's Island. The sentences passed by the court having been confirmed by the proper authorities, were promulgated to the men on parade yesterday. Some of the delinquents were sentenced to ten months' confinement in the guard-house to wear a ball and chain, and to have most of their pay stopped during that time. The following are now the only legal punishments which can be inflicted upon soldiers: Death, simple confinement, confinement on bread and water diet, hard labor, ball and chain, forfeiture of pay and allowances, dishonorable discharge from the service, and reprimand. The ball usually weighs about thirty pounds, and is attached to the ancle by a chain varying in length from three to six feet; the shorter the chain the greater the punishment.

Several years ago, court-martials had power to sentence soldiers to be flogged, but this punishment was very properly abolished by Congress. —*N. Y. World, 7th.*

The Camp Hatteras Prisoners.—The quarters of the Hatteras prisoners at Castle William, on Governor's Island, have been made healthy and comfortable. The lower parts, which have been closed for years, are opened to admit fresh air, and each man is provided with a straw mattress and needful clothing. Yesterday morning they breakfasted at 6 o'clock, some of their number being detailed as cooks. They were given plenty of beef and bread, and will receive nearly the same fare as our soldiers. A line of posts is placed about sixty yards from the fort, which they are not allowed to pass, nor is a United States soldier, unless accompanied by an officer. Many of them sit outside the walls, gazing on the scenery and the passing vessels. The prisoners at Bedloe's Island are also humanely cared for. Commodore Barron is allowed the liberty of the Island, under special guard, and resides in a small house intended for officers. Fort Schuyler will probably be fitted up for any more prisoners that may be forwarded here.—*N. Y. Com. Adv., 6th.*

GEN. PATTERSON A COWARD AND A TRAITOR. Capt. W. W. H. Davis, of Bucks county, Pa., who commanded a company of three months' men under Gen. Patterson, made a speech last week at a Union meeting in that county, in which he gave an account of his campaign on the upper Potomac, under Gen. Patterson, proving conclusively that he was fully able to detain Johnston and his rebels at Winchester, as he had been ordered and was expected to do, and having failed to do this, through cowardice or incompetency, the great battle at Manassas was lost. Captain Davis stated that Gen. Patterson declared, in the presence of his men, that he was afraid to approach Johnston in camp at Winchester, though he had over 17,000 efficient men at his command. He considered Patterson entirely responsible for the defeat of the Federal army.—*Rochester Adv.*

LATER FROM VENEZUELA. — An arrival from Laguayra brings news from Venezuela to the 17th ult. The condition of the government was improving, caused by the vigorous efforts put forth by Dr. Gual, who, at the age of four-score, had taken possession of the helm of state. The rebel leader Medrano had come over to Gen. Paez's head-quarters. Another of the Generals (Falcom) who recently landed at Coro, was surrounded by the national troops and taken prisoner by Col. Mirichon. Severe measures, resembling those taken by our own General Government, had been adopted towards those who were aiding and abetting the insurrection, and with marked effect. Several of them, finding the country too hot, were preparing to betake themselves elsewhere. These energetic measures were gradually bringing about a restoration of peace of order.

G. W. Bridges, of Tennessee.—All the rumors and statements recently put out impeaching the loyalty of this gallant champion of the Union are destitute of truth. He is not raising a regiment for the Confederate service, but is still, and will be to the last moment, firm and active in the cause of the Union. An honorable and intelligent gentleman, who has seen and conversed with Mr. Bridges within three or four days past, gives us the assurance of his entire loyalty, and authorizes the above correction of the groundless rumors which have been circulated to the prejudice of one of the noblest Union men in the nation.

An order of great interest to the blue jackets has been issued by the Secretary of the Navy. Sixty men are to be selected from each receiving ship and sent to Washington, in detachments of not more than six at one time, as they may be required. They will be known as ordnance students, and will be taught naval gunnery, and appointed to sailing frigates as gunners, as vacancies occur. The pay of a gunner is $1,000 per annum. A fine opportunity is now offered to steady, intelligent men. *N. Y. World, Saturday.*

Scene, a Barber Shop.—Young Swell (loquitur) say, Thompson, do you think I shall ever have whiskers? Thompson (after careful examination): "Well, sir, I really don't think you ever will—at least none to speak of." Young Swell: "That's rather hard, for my pap—I mean Governor—has plenty." Thompson (facetiously): "Yes, sir—p'r'aps you take after your ma." Total collapse of Y. S.

Since 1844 there has been but one summer—1854—in which so little rain has fallen as during the season just closed, and but two summers (1857 and 1859) in which there was not a greater average of heat.

It is said that the Secretary of War, at the commencement of the battle of Bull Run, implored a captain in a Pennsylvania regiment to "strike for their homes," and they did so at the rate of ten miles an hour.

CITY DIRECTORY,

Arranged Alphabetically in Regard to BUSINESS & NAMES.

Auctioneers.
Kahn, L. & Co. north side Main, bet. 4th and 5th.
Anderson, Tho. & Co., 430 Main street.
Houry, Samuel G. & Co., Main st. bet. 3d and 4th.
Spencer, C. C., Main st. bet. 3d and 4th.

Agricultural Implements and Seeds.
Brent, H. & Co., 567 Main st.
Sherman & Bro., 631 Main, between Sixth and Seventh.
Munn & Co., corner of Green and 5th.
Pitkin, Wiard, & Co., 515 Main st.
Carter & Burbanan, 484 Main st.

Daguerreotype Galleries.
J. C. Elrod's (formerly Harris's) Gallery, Main, between Fourth and Fifth sts.
Webster & Bro., Main st., between Fourth and Fifth.

Booksellers, Stationers, & Periodical Dealers.
Redford, A. H., 233 Third street.
Davidson, A., 3d st., bet. Jefferson and Market.
Madden, F., 3d st., bet. Jefferson and Market.

Bagging and Rope.
Hunt, Thos. H. & Co., Main st., bet. 3d and 3d.

Bankers.
Curtis & Warren, 471 Main st.

Bonnet Bleacher.
Osborne, Mrs. Wm., Jefferson st., bet. 3d and 4th.

Clothing and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.
Mandeville, J. C., & Co., Main, bet. Second and Third.
Armstrong, J. M., corner 4th and Main sts.
Sproule & Mandeville, corner 4th and Main sts.

Cloths and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.
J. Von Borries & Co., 466 Main st., bet. Bullitt and 5th.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Curtain Goods.
Hite & Small, Main st., bet. 3d and 4th.
Marshall & Dickinson, 4th, bet. Market and Main.

Cloaks, Mantillas, and Varieties.
Merriman, C. T., 4th st., near Main.

Cigars.
Peynado, Ed., Main st., bet. 6th and 7th.

China and Glassware.
Casseday & Hopkins, 534 Main st.
Crutcher & McCready, 412 Main st.
Jaeger, A. & Co., 4th st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

Coal Dealers.
Crittenden & Gantt, 3d st., bet. Main and Market.
Kellogg, J. N., 3d st., bet. Jefferson and Market.

Chemists and Apothecaries.
Dawes, S. F., corner 4th and Jefferson sts.

Cement.
McHarry, F., Main st., bet. 7th and 8th sts.

Carriage Manufacturers.
Stone, I. F. & Co., Main st., bet. 1st and Brook.

Drugs, Dyestuffs, Oils, Paints, &c.
Morris, J. S. & Sons, 461 Main st.
Robinson, R. A. & Co., Main st., bet. 5th and 4th.
Wilson, Peter, & Co., 482 Main st.
Wilder, E., 448 Main st.

Dry Goods, Cloths, &c.
Berry, J. Taylor, Jefferson street, Masonic Temple.
Duvall, E. & Co., Main street, between 3d and 3d.
Mark & Downs, Main street, between 4th and 5th.
Martin & Crumbaugh, 4th, between Market & Jefferson.
Tebb, G. B., corner 4th and Market.

Furs and Fur Goods.
Craig, A., Main street, between 6th and 7th.

Fancy Goods, Embroideries, and Trimmings.
Rauchfuss, Charles F., 4th street, bet. Market and Jeff.

Fishing Tackle, Guns, and Pistols.
Dickson & Gilmore, 3d street, bet. Main and Market.
Griffith, Joseph, 5th street, bet. Main and Market.

Fire, Marine, and Life Insurance Co.'s and Agents.
American Ins. Co., H. Dent, Sec., Main, bet. 3d and 4th.
Jefferson Ins. Co., Wm. Muir, Sec., Main, bet. 2d and 3d.
Louisville Ins. Co., Robt. Atwood, Sec., Main, bet. 3d and 4th.
Muir, John, Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.
Ross, Wm., Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.
Washington Ins. Co., Wm. Ross, Sec., Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.
Armstrong, J. M., cor. 4th and Main sts.
Blanchard, Geo. & Son, cor. 2d and Main sts.

Gas Fitters, Plumbers, &c.
Donally & Strader, 3d st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

Groceries, Liquors, and Tobacco.
Stewart & Barter, 546 Main street.

Liquors, Wines, and Alcohol.
Hart & Clark, 3d st., bet. Main and Market.
Monks, Joseph, 396 Main street.
Schroeder & Son, Wall st., bet. Main and Water.
Zanone, A. & Son, 5th st., bet. Main and Water.

Lumber, Sash, Doors, &c.
Alexander, Ellis, & Co., cor. Preston, & Walnut & Main, between 1st and 2d.
Breden, J. N., cor. Main & Wenzel and Walnut, between East & Floyd.
Charles, Stephen, Main, between Campbell & Wenzell.

Mill Furnishing.
Herbert & Wright, 15 3d street.

Printing Paper Manufacturers.
Dupont & Co., Main street, between 4th and 5th.

Powder.
Dupont & Co., Main street, between 4th and 5th.
Davis & Speed, 569 Main street.

Patent Medicines and Perfumes.
Raymond & Tyler, 4th street, between Main & Market.

Restaurants.
Cawein, J. & Co. (Walker's), 3d, between Market & Main.
Rueffer, C. C. (St. Charles), 5th, bet. Market and Main.

Stove Founders.
Wallace, Lithgow, & Co., corner 3d and Main streets.

Sewing Machines.
Barber, C. T., Agent for Grover & Baker's Sewing Machine, 302 Fourth st.
Sumner & Co., Jefferson street, bet. 4th and 5th.

Steamboat Agents and Commission and Forwarding Merchants.
Benedict, D. S. & Son, Main, bet 3d and 4th.
Erwin & Co., Wall street.
Moorhead & Co., Wall street, bet. Main and Water.

Teas and Fancy Groceries.
Lanham & Co., 3d street, bet. Market and Jefferson.

Tobacco Commission.
Nock, Wicks, & Co., 515 Main street.

Undertaker.
W Wyatt, cor. 7th and Jefferson streets.

Wooden and Willow Ware, Brooms, Cordage, &c.
RAWSON, ORRIN, 338 Main street.

White Lead and Linseed Oil.
Wilson, Peter, & Co., 482 Main street.

Hardware and Cutlery.
Ormsby, Collis, 506 Main street.

Hat and Cap Manufacturers.
Craig, A., cor. 4th and Main, and Main bet. 6th and 7th.

Iron, Steel, Nails, &c.
Belknap, W. B. & Co., corner Third and Main.

Jewelry, Watches, and Plate.
Fletcher & Bennett, Main st., bet. 4th and 5th.
Kendrick, Wm., 3d st., bet. Market and Main.
Ramsey, M. C., Main st., below 4th.
Voght & Klink, 3d st., bet. Main and Market.

Iron Mantles, Fancy Castings, &c.
Wallace, Lithgow, & Co., corner 3d and Main sts.

Lamps, Burning Fluid, Coal Oils, &c.
Hardy & Beatty, 4th street, between Main and Market.

General Produce and Provision Brokers.
Allen, Moore, & Hayden, Main st., bet. 2d and 3d.
Buchanan & Co., 3d, bet. Main and river.
Burkhardt, W. & H., Market, bet. 4th and 5th.
Hibbitt & Son, Market, bet. 2d and 3d.
Good & Moody, Wall st., bet. Main and the river.
Castleman & Torbitt, 533 Main st.
Gardner & Co., 419 Main street.
Gay, Wm., 560 Main street.
Halbert, M. & Co., 528 Main street.
Jack & Brother, 518 Main street.
Morris, Geo. W., Third street, bet. Main and Water.
Newcomb, H. D. & Co., Wall street.
Otter & Allen, Sixth street, bet. Market and Main.
Rawson, Todd, & Co., 514 Main street.
Snyder, John, Market street, bet. First and Brook.

A CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.
COMPOUND SIRUP of SPIKENARD and TAR.

THIS SIRUP WILL CURE CONSUMPTION AND all kinds of Coughs and Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Dyspepsia. It acts upon the liver and purifies the blood, improves the appetite and clears the complexion. This medicine is made of herbs—Indian preparation.

I also make a Medicine for Scrofula; also a Medicine for Worms and for Felons before they are open; also a Preparation for the Sore Eyes, Summer Complaint, and the Yellow Thrash. These Medicines are all made of herbs, and are for sale in the following Drug Stores:
J. Gottschalk & Co., on corner of Green and Eleventh streets.
John Colgan & Co., on corner of Tenth and Walnut streets.
E. C Went, on Market street, above Preston.
Schmitt & Sutton, on corner of Eighth and Jefferson streets.

I can recommend Mrs. Limebaugh's Compound Sirup of Spikenard and Tar. I have been sick for a long time, have had several doctors, and they failed in my case. I was very much swollen and had a severe cough. After using your medicine a while I was cured of my cough and relieved of my swelling. My complexion is good, and now I am doing my own work.

My youngest child had a bad cough for a long time, so severe that her breastbone was sprung from severe coughing in the shape of a chicken bone, but she is now well and looks well. She had been treated by the doctors for a long time but they all failed to cure her cough. Now she is well.

I will ever remain your friend,
Mrs. JULIA WILLS.

LOUISVILLE, August 6, 1861.
Mrs. L. LIMEBAUGH—Madame: I have used your Compound Sirup in my own case of deep seate bronchial hoarseness, with which I have been afflicted for upward of twenty years, and am satisfied, after having taken three bottles, that it is an admirable compound for the relief of laryngeal and bronchial difficulties, for the three bottles I have used have relieved me more than anything I have taken, and I think it will cure me effectually if I continue to use it. If my opinion as to its superior character can be of any service you are at liberty to use it as you think proper.
Rev. ELIJAH SUTTON.

Any persons suffering with any of the diseases mentioned above can be accommodated with board and good attention. I have desirable rooms for families or single gentlemen desiring private boarding.
Mrs. LIMEBAUGH.
a30 d3m Jefferson, bet. First and Second sts.

BACON HAMS SHOULDERS, & CLEAR SIDES—20 casks on consignment for sale by W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

SODA—75 casks Bicarb Soda just received and for sale by [a20] GARDNER & CO.

COTTON YARN—310 bags Tennessee, Alabama, and Ohio for sale by [jy30] GARDNER & CO.

SOAP—
150 boxes German Soap;
50 do Palm do;
50 do Bar do;
50 do Fancy do; for sale by
jy30 GARDNER & CO.

SOAPS—
50 boxes German and Rosin Soaps,
21 do Fancy Toilet do,
6 do old Castile do.
In store and for sale by
jy30 HIBBITT & SON.

DRY GOODS—
10 cases fancy Prints;
8 do bleached Cotton,
5 do Cantlet Jeans,
1 case Chambray Ginghams;
Received and for sale cheap by
jy13 T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

15 CASKS PORT WINE,
10 casks Madeira Wine;
10 do Sherry do,
15 do Muscat do;
25 bbls Malaga do.
In store and for sale by
jy15 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

ST. JAMES SUGAR-HOUSE MOLASSES—75 bbls St. James Sugar-House Molasses in store and for sale by [a13] ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.

CARPET CHAIN—55 bags Carpet Chain, assorted colors, for sale by
jy30 GARDNER & CO.

MOWING MACHINE GRINDSTONES—Patent Grindstones, for grinding blades for machines, on hand and for sale by [...] C. ORMSBY.

BACON—
5,000 lbs clear Sides;
3,000 lbs Shoulders;
3,000 lbs sugar-cured Hams; for sale by
jy30 GARDNER & CO.

ROPE—Manilla, Hemp, Jute, and Cotton Rope for sale by [jy31] GARDNER & CO.

SUGAR—20 bbls Granulated Sugar just received and for sale by [m13] GARDNER & CO.

RICE—5 tierces prime Rice just received and for sale by ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO., Corner Second and Washington sts.
j5

SPRING MILLINERY.

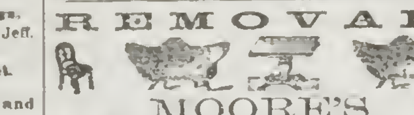
MRS. M. A. WEAVER,
No. 413 Jefferson st., south side, below Fourth,

Offers to the ladies a fine and carefully selected assortment of spring millinery, viz:
Straw Bonnets,
Fancy do.,
Misses' Hats,
Children's do.,
Ribbons, Flowers, &c.
Also, Patterns of the latest styles, just received, duplicated or cut to measure.
Every attention given to dress making.
mar25

HOUSEKEEPERS
Who are taking up Carpets should not put them down again without the PATENT CARPET LINING, procurable only at WILKINS', west side Fourth, between Main and Market streets.

1861 MILLINERY GOODS. 1861
BONNETS, RIBBONS, FLOWERS, CHILDREN'S FLATS (latest style), BONNET WIRES, and WHALEBONE.
A good assortment of LACE, HALF LACE, and BUCKRAM FRAMES always on hand at the lowest cash prices.
BLEACHING AND PRESSING at Mrs. WM. OSBORNE'S,
a9 318 Jefferson st.

WE are now receiving a good stock of BONNETS, RIBBONS, CHILDREN'S and MISSES' HATS, MILLINERY GOODS, LACES, VEILS, EMBROIDERIES, FANCY GOODS, and SHAKER GOODS, to which we invite the attention of Milliners and Merchants.
CANNON & BYERS,
No. 628 Main street,
Nearly opposite Louisville Hotel.
m1 dis

REMOVAL.

MOORE'S MAMMOTH FURNITURE DEPOT
Has been removed to north side of Market street, between Third and Fourth.
CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c., &c.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
au31 dly ren every3m

HOT SPRINGS.
HOT SPRING COUNTY, ARKANSAS.
THE Hotels at Hot Springs (Hale and Proctor Houses) have been blended and improvements made to accommodate four hundred visitors at any time throughout the year. These wonderful Springs positively cure Rheumatism, Contracted Joints, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Paralysis, Gout, St. Vitus's Dance, Hysteria, Sterility, Impotency from disease, Venereal diseases, Mercurial diseases, Scrofula and Glandular diseases, and all forms of Skin diseases.
R. S. CLAYTON, Proprietor.
Dr. G. W. Lawrence, the Medical examiner of Hot Springs, will supply circulars to applicants.
N. B.—Mercurial, Iodine, Sulphur, and other medicated vapors furnished when required. jan23 dly

REMOVAL.
Brandeis & Crawford, GRAIN DEALERS,
HAVE removed to the new Warehouse on the southwest corner of Main and First streets.
We will pay the highest market price for all kinds of Grain, delivered at our store or at any good shipping point on the Ohio river.
d28 dtf BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD.

POWDER
OF ALL qualities constantly on hand and for sale by DAVIS & SPEED, Agents for the Manufacturers.
LOUISVILLE, Sept. 2, 1859.
Messrs. DAVIS & SPEED, Agents of Oriental Powder Co., Louisville:
Gents—We have been using your Blasting Powder and we take pleasure in stating that we find it equal if not superior to any Powder that we have ever used.
ARTHUR CAMPBELL, Superintendent for Smith & Smyser.
I cordially concur in the above and cheerfully recommend it to the public. J. D. SMITH.
I consider the above Powder superior to any we have ever been able to obtain. H. FOSKIT.
We take pleasure in recommending your Indian Oriental Rifle Powder as equal if not superior to any we have ever used, it being very cleanly and strong. This we assert after a thorough trial. Respectfully yours,
GEORGE W. WOMACK,
J. FRY LAWRENCE,
S. P. BROWDER,
H. A. ENEASTER,
ZACHARY L. TAYLOR,
A. BURNS.
es1 dtf

New Importations.
CRUTCHER & McCREADY,
At No. 277 Main street, three doors below the Louisville Hotel,
ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of China and Queensware. On hand and arriving a large and handsome assortment of Glassware, Brit. and Plated Castors, Looking-Glasses, Lanterns, Water-Coolers, Toilet Sets, and Fruit Jars, all of which will be offered at as low figures as can be found in the market.
a7

"The simplest, rarest, and most interesting illustrations of the lower creation that have ever reached Europe."—PROFESSOR OWEN (before the Royal Geographical Society.
DU CHAILLU'S EQUATORIAL AFRICA. Explorations and Adventures in Equatorial Africa; with Accounts of the Manners and Customs of the People, and of the Chase of the Gorilla, the Crocodile, Leopard, Elephant, Hippopotamus, and other Animals. By Paul B. du Chaillu. With numerous illustrations. 8vo. Muslin (uniform with Livingstone, Barth, and Burton) $3.
A DAY'S RIDE, A Life's Romance. By Chas. Lever, author of "One of Them," "Harry Lorrequer," &c. 8vo. Paper 50 cts.
WILLSON'S READERS. A Series of School and Family Readers: Designed to teach the Art of Reading in the most Simple, Natural, and Practical Way: embracing in their Plan the whole range of Natural History and the Physical Sciences; aiming at the highest degree of usefulness, and splendidly illustrated. Consisting of a Primer and Seven Readers. By Marcius Willson. The Primer, and First, Second, Third, Fourth, and Fifth Readers now ready. Prices 15, 20, 30, 50, and 16 cents, and $1.
jy8 L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main st.

MOLASSES—100 bbls Plantation Molasses in store and for sale by [a3t] WM. GAY.

200 PIECES BLACK ENAMELED CLOTH received this day and for sale by JAMES LOW & CO.,
a1 208 and 210 west side Sixth st.

SHIRT FRONTS, &c.—
500 dozen Shirt Fronts;
300 do Crochet Braid, assorted;
25 do Lisle Thread Gloves;
50 gross Metal Vest Buttons;
15 pieces Oil Silk;
65 do Silk Hankkerchiefs;
Received and for sale for cash by JAMES LOW & CO.,
jy3 208 and 210 west side Sixth st.

DRY GOODS.
OUR TERMS FOR GOODS IN FUTURE WILL be Cash on delivery, and it will be useless making applications for credit.
a1 JAMES LOW & CO.

EXTRA WHITE WHEAT FLOUR—50 bbls celebrated Family Flour received and for sale by
jy8 W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

SUGAR, &c.
80 hhds Sugar;
175 bbls Molasses;
45 whole and half bbls Golden Sirup; for sale by
jy30 GARDNER & CO.

FLOUR—100 bbls Extra Family Flour for sale by
jy6 GARDNER & CO.

BLACK AND GREEN TEAS—A fine assortment of superior Black and Green Teas, selected expressly for family trade, for sale by J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
a17 Importers of Teas, &c., Third st.

SIRUP—20 bbls Stuart's Sirup for sale by ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.

MOLASSES—
25 bbls Molasses;
80 bbls Sugar House Molasses;
25 bbls do Sirup;
In store and for sale by
j17 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

COFFEE—300 bags Rio Coffee for sale by [a1] GARDNER & CO.

RIO COFFEE—110 bags Rio Coffee receiving per mailboat and for sale by ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.,
a24 Corner of Second and Washington sts.

FOR SALE CHEAP:
ONE SECOND HAND MUNN & CO. THRESHER, with Horse-Power;
ONE SECOND HAND FAN MILL;
" " HORSE RAKE.
All in good order, and will be sold low if called for immediately at C. ORMSBY'S,
j16 322 Main st.

SUNDRIES—
1,000 bbls Flour;
200 bbls Apples;
200 bbls Potatoes;
50 bbls Onions;
200 bags Buckwheat Flour;
In store and for sale by
m4 JOHN SNYDER & CO.

LINEN GOODS—
25 pieces 8-4 superfine Table Damask;
10 cases Irish Linens, assorted;
5 do Spanish Linen;
5 do Blouse do.
2,000 pair brown Linen Table-Cloths;
3 cases brown Linen Drillings;
8 do bleached do;
2 do fancy do;
Received and for sale by JAMES LOW & CO.,
m23 208 and 210 west side Sixth st.

FLOUR—125 bbls XXtra Flour just received and for sale by [m27] GARDNER & CO.

MAPLE MOLASSES—Just received 2 bbls prime Molasses in store and for sale by
m30 HIBBITT & SON.

Railroad Stock for Sale.
SIX SHARES Lexington and Frankfort Railroad Stock for sale. QUIGLEY, LYONS, & CO.
my25

RIO COFFEE—300 bags good to prime Rio Coffee in store and for sale by ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.,
a15 Corner Second and Washington sts.

COFFEE—75 bags prime Rio Coffee in store and for sale by
a15 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

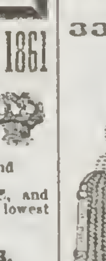
CIDER—Ballou's Crab and common Cider and Wine Vinegar for sale by
a8 J. SMITH SPEED, Main st.

CHAMPAGNE—25 boxes pints and quarts in store and for sale low to close consignment by
a25 WM. GAY.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WATTS, GIVEN, & CO., Paducah, Ky. CRANE & BROWN, Evansville, Ind.
WATTS, CRANE, & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
45 BROAD ST., NEW YORK CITY.
WE have opened a House in the City of New York for the sale of Tobacco and Western Produce, and respectfully solicit a share of Western patronage, promising our best efforts for the interests of our correspondents.
We have every confidence in Tobacco selling readily at full prices, in round lots, therefore advise shipments to the New York market.
Mr. DAVID WATTS, of Watts, Given, & Co., Paducah, and Given, Watts, & Co., New Orleans, for many years familiar with the Tobacco trade, will give his personal attention to that department. Mr. I. A. CRANE, of Crane & Brown, Evansville, will attend directly to the Western Produce department.
WATTS, CRANE, & CO.
NEW YORK, June 1, 1861. au8 d3m*

GEO. CATHRALL,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
Tobacco and Cigars,
Southeast corner of Second and Callowhill sts., PHILADELPHIA, PA.
N. B.—An assortment of one million Domestic Cigars kept constantly on hand. au5 dly

MILITARY GOODS
At C. J. RAIBLE'S,
332 Jefferson street.
JUST RECEIVED PER EXPRESS:

Gold and Silver Braids, Laces, Stars, and Cords (all widths and qualities); Silk and Worsted Crimson Sashes, U. S. and Ky. State Buttons, Gold and Silver Bullion, Tassels and Fringes; Worsted Cords, Braids, and Laces, all colors; Sword Knots, Flag Tassels, Boullion Embroidered Shoulder Straps and Ornaments on hand and made to order at short notice.
Fringes, Buttons, Tassels, Cords, &c., made to order at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Country Merchants supplied at a liberal discount. ap10 dly

JUL. DORN. W. J. HUGHES.
DORN & HUGHES,
Commission Merchants
AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Raw Whisky, Flour, Bacon, Sugar, Grain, Tobacco, and Produce,
AGENTS FOR
Messrs. T. & J. W. Gaff's Distilleries, Aurora and Lawrenceburg, Ind.
Messrs. S. Howe & Co., Distillers, Patriot, Ind.
Beargrass Flour Mills, Louisville, Ky.
Hoosier " " Patriot, Ind.
Gaffs " " Aurora and Lawrenceburg, Ind.,
No. 616 north side Market street, between Sixth and Seventh streets,
jy23 d3m LOUISVILLE, KY.

W. WYATT, UNDERTAKER.
Improved Metal Burial Cases
Combining Beauty, Durability, and Lightness.
Office corner Seventh and Jefferson, Louisville.
THE above Caskets are made of Corrugated Sheet Metal and lined with Gutta Percha or India Rubber so as to be Air and Water Tight.
All orders promptly attended to. d13 dtf

HART & CLARK,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, and FANCY GROCERIES, No. 63 Third street, have in store and for sale—
60 bbls superior Bourbon Whisky, 4 years old;
100 do do do do, 3 " "
10 ¼ casks Cognac Brandies;
510 ¼ do do do;
10 ¼ do Rochelle do;
8 ¼ do Port Wine;
16 ¼ do Madeira do;
15 ¼ do Sherry do;
9 bbls old Peach Brandy, pure;
31 bbls old Apple Brandy, pure;
Champagne Wines, various brands;
N. Longworth & Co.'s and J. McMillen's Native Wines;
English and Scotch Pale Ales and Porter;
Claret in cases; Anisette; Absynthe;
Maraschino; Curacoa, &c.
Also a large and well-assorted stock of Fresh Fruits, Pickles, and Hermetically Sealed Goods of all descriptions at lowest market prices. m31

LACE CURTAINS!! LACE CURTAINS!!
Three-threaded, and bleached before embroidered.
Large and Splendid Assortment of Choice Patterns,
OF OUR OWN LATE IMPORTATIONS,
At Importers' Prices for Cash.
HITE & SMALL,
a14 Main street, between Third and Fourth

BUNTING! BUNTING!
FOR
FLAGS!
A superior article of the different colors just received and for sale low by
HITE & SMALL,
Carpet and Furnishing Warehouse,
a5 Main st., between Third and Fourth streets.

Wooden Ware, Brooms, Cordage, &c.
A FULL assortment of Buckets, Tubs, Churns, covered and Cedar Cans, Butter and Sugar Buckets, Wooden Bowls and Trays, Wash-Boards, Clothes Pins (all kinds), Rolling Pins, Potato Mashers, Sieves, Measures, Mops (all kinds), Harvest Kegs, Well Buckets, Baskets (all kinds), Barrel Covers, Wrapping Paper and Paper Rags, Children's Carriages, Cedar Chests, Trot Lines and Staging, Seine Twine and Fish Lines; Flax, Hemp, and Cotton Twines; Manilla, Hemp, and Cotton Rope; Brooms, Wisps and Hearth Brooms, Blacking, Scrub, and Dusting Brushes; Faucets, Lemon Squeezers, Percussion Caps, &c.; in store and for sale at low prices by ORRIN RAWSON,
m28 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

STARCH—100 half boxes Julius J. Wood's Columbus Starch just received and for sale by
jy25 GARDNER & CO.

HIBBITT & SON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY, FLOUR, and TEA STORE, No. 283 Market street, between Second and Third, south side, Louisville, Ky. a24

FLOUR—
100 bbls Family Flour;
100 sacks do do; for sale by
a24 HIBBITT & SON.

COTTON YARNS, CARPET CHAIN, AND BATTING, assorted, for sale by
a24 HIBBITT & SON.

SUNDRIES—
75 boxes Star and Yellow Candles;
50 do Rosin Soap;
20 do German do;
12 do Fancy do; for sale by
a34 HIBBITT & SON.

PAINTED BUCKETS, &c.—
150 dozen Painted Buckets, all colors;
50 do R. R. Cedar do, 3 sizes;
75 do Oak Well do;
125 do Zinc Wash-Boards;
Just received and for sale low by ORRIN RAWSON,
a14 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

SEAMLESS BAGS—4,000 Seamless Grain Bags received per steamboat Diadem and for sale by JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.,
a24 Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

CRUSHED SUGAR—31 bbls Lovering's Crushed Sugar receiving per mailboat and for sale by
a24 ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.

CHAMPAGNE WINES—
25 cases V. Clicquot;
20 do Delmonico;
25 baskets Verzenay;
25 do Heidsick & Co.;
In store and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers by
a30 J. P. THOMPSON, 78 Fourth st.
Terms Cash

SHERRY, MADEIRA, AND PORT WINES—
8 dozen fine pale Sherry;
8 do old Madeira;
8 do old Port;
In store and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers by
a30 J. P. THOMPSON, 78 Fourth st.
Terms cash.

NATIVE WINES—
20 cases Mo. Sparkling Catawba;
10 dozen fine Dry do;
In store and for sale in quantities to suit purchasers by [a30] J. P. THOMPSON, 78 Fourth st.
Terms cash.

BREAKFAST BACON—3 casks canvassed sugar-cured Bacon in store and for sale by
a5 W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

RIO COFFEE—1,000 bags good and prime Rio Coffee in store and for sale by
a33 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

MOLASSES—301 bbls prime Plantation Molasses in store and for sale by
a23 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

REFINED SUGARS—
560 bbls White Refined Sugar;
500 bbls Yellow do do;
In store and for sale by
a23 RAWSON, TODD & CO.

LICORICE—20 cases Licorice, Gomez Sancho & E. Z. brand, in store and for sale by
a22 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

SUNDRIES—
50 bbls Sauterne Wine;
75 boxes do do;
50 do Brandy Cherries;
25 cases Sardines, ¼ boxes.
Vermouth, Absynthe, Maraschino, Anisette Cordial, assorted Cordials, Olive Oil, Maceroni, Champagne, &c.
In store and for sale by ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
a5 Fifth street, below Main.

BRANDIES—
80 pkgs Pellevoisin Brandy;
30 do Bernard & Co. do.
15 do Pianat do, very fine:
In store and for sale by ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
a5 Fifth st., below Main.

OAK WELL BUCKETS—35 dozen Oak Well Buckets, various kinds, just received and for sale low by ORRIN RAWSON,
a30 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

WINES AND SPIRITS—A supply on hand of pure old Wines and Spirits for sale cheap for cash by J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
m19 Importers of Teas, &c., Third st.

4 CASKS BACON SHOULDERS in store and for sale by [a31] ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.

SUGAR—
59 bbls Baltimore Extra C Sugar;
30 do do do A Crushed Sugar;
Just received and for sale by
a15 GARDNER & CO.

STARCH—100 boxes Julius J. Wood's Columbus Pearl Starch just received and for sale by
a15 GARDNER & CO.

NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES—200 bbls prime Plantation Molasses in store and for sale by
a15 ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.

SUGAR-HOUSE MOLASSES—50 bbls St. James Sugar House Molasses in store and for sale by
a15 ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.

COFFEE—300 bags good to prime Rio in store and for sale by [jy25] H. W. GOOD.

SUGAR—33 hhds prime Sugar received per Diana and for sale by [m4] GARDNER & CO.

BUSINESS CARDS.

NOCK, WICKS, & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Agents for
Tobaccos, Liquors, and Cotton Yarns,
Nos. 315 and 317 Main st., bet. Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY. m11

J. E. MOORE,
(SUCCESSOR TO WM. BINGHAM),
Forwarding & Commission Merchant
AND
STEAMBOAT AGENT,
ALSO,
Freight Agent for Penna. Central Railroad.
No. 43 FOURTH (OR WALL) STREET,
sep1 dtf Louisville, Ky.

R. W. PITKIN. WM. L. P. WIARD. F. AVERY.
PITKIN, WIARD, & CO.,
[Successors to Pitkin Brothers],
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
SEEDS,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Machines, Trees, Plants,
Hydraulic Cement, Lime, Plaster, &c.
515 Main street,
sep21 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

MILL FURNISHING.
FRENCH BURRS—All sizes and kinds.
BOLTING CLOTHS—All numbers best make.
IMPROVED PORTABLE MILLS—With solid French buhrs and made on best known plan.
SMUT MACHINES—Several different kinds.
Mill Irons, Screws, Screens, Belting, Plaster Paris, and Mill articles generally.
We have on hand a large stock of the above-named articles. For sale low and quality warranted.
HERBERT & WRIGHT,
sep27 dtf No. 15 Third st., bet. Main and river.

RETAIL
Drug & Prescription Store,
MOZART HALL,
Corner Fourth and Jefferson streets.
Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours day or night. m31

HIBBITT & SON,
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERY, FLOUR, & TEA STORE,
No. 499 Market st., bet. Second and Third,
HAVE IN STORE A FULL STOCK OF FINE Groceries, and solicit the patronage of the public.
a31

JOHN SNYDER & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers, Flour and Commission Merchants,
104 Main street, between Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SALE of Flour and Produce; [..]ed to us. au21

GUNPOWDER.
DUPONT'S
RIFLE AND BLASTING POWDER,
IN METAL KEGS
Water-tight and Fire-proof.
We have in magazine a full supply of the above celebrated brand of Powder, put up in *patent iron kegs*, and for sale at same price as wooden kegs by
A. V. DuPONT & CO.
N. B.—For sale by all the Louisville merchants

Gay's China Palace,
IN THE MASONIC TEMPLE,
CORNER FOURTH AND GREEN.
I have just now opened and ready for sale or inspection the largest and most elegant stock of
China, Glass, and Queensware
Ever offered in this or any other city in the North or South. I have also on hand and intend always to have the best-selected stock of SILVER-PLATED WARE, CUTLERY, BRITANNIA WARE, WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE, and GAS FIXTURES in the country, and which I will sell at prices to suit the times.
Persons having old Chandeliers, Lamps, &c., can get them cleaned and made look as well as new at a very trifling expense.
I am also prepared to run GAS and STEAM PIPE into Buildings or Steamboats at the shortest notice.
a12

WINES—
250 cases Claret Wine, for family use;
50 do do do, very fine;
66 casks do do;
10 do do do, fine for table use;
100 cases White do, Haut Sauterne;
25 bbls do do, do do;
25 casks Port do;
25 do Sherry and Madeira Wine;
25 boxes Muscat Wine;
30 do Champagne, qts, pts, and ½pts.
In store and for sale by ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
a23 Fifth street, below Main.

CLARET WINE—
400 cases good Claret Wine;
50 casks do do do.
In store and for sale by ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
a5 Fifth st., below Main.

FLOUR—
60 boxes Lowell Extra Family Flour;
50 do Snow Flake Double Extra Family Flour;
In store and for sale by
jy16 W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

Wanted,
CITY BONDS AND CITY SCRIP.
a6 QUIGLEY, LYONS, & CO.

SUGAR—41 bbls Lovering's Crushed, Granulated, and Powdered Sugar just received and for sale by
a18 GARDNER & CO.

SHOULDERS—15,000 pounds superior well smoked Shoulders just received and for sale by
a16 GARDNER & CO.

FISH—
30 kits Potomac Shad;
20 kits Family Roe Herring;
5 ½bbls do do do;
Just received and for sale by
jy12 GARDNER & CO.

BROOMS—150 dozen Brooms of various kinds just received and for sale by ORRIN RAWSON,
yt8 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

RIO COFFEE—
50 bags Rio Coffee;
25 pockets Java do;
In store and for sale by
a8 W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

SUNDRIES—Assorted Spices, whole and ground; American, English, and French Mustards; superior assorted Pickles; Tomato, Mushroom, and Walnut Catchups; assorted Foreign Sauces, whole and ground Rice, Sago, Tapioca, Farina, English split Peas, Arrowroot, Isinglass, Gelatine, Preserved and Fresh Fruits in sirup; Salmon, Mackerel, and Tongues and Sounds, in kits and ½ kits, also an assortment of Foreign and Domestic Wines, and Spirits, for sale cheap for cash by J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
a17 Importers of Teas, &c., Third st.

JAVA COFFEE—100 bags Java Coffee in pockets in store and for sale by
a23 RAWSON, TODD, & CO.

CHOICE LARD.
50 TIERCES for sale low to close consignment by
a10 J. SMITH SPEED, Main st.

SEASONABLE CLOTHING
AT
J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,
On Main, opposite the National Hotel.
SUPER DRESS COATS, PANTS, and VESTS;
Do Business Suits;
Do Alpaca Coats;
Do Linen Coats;
Do Linen Dusters;
Summer Over-Coats;
Elegant Silk Vests;
Elegant Marseilles Vests;
Lisle Thread Shirts and Drawers;
Gossamer Silk do do do;
Gauze Merino and Cotton Under-Shirts;
Super shoulder Seam Shirts.
Also Hosiery, Gloves, Cravats, Scarfs, Ties, Suspenders, Umbrellas, &c.; together with an extra super stock of Boys' and Children's Clothing, all sizes;
All of which are offered very low, exclusively for Cash, at
J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,
aug9 Corner Fourth and Main sts.

COFFEE—200 bags prime Rio received by Jno. Raine and Woodford and for sale by
a8 H. W. GOOD.

JAVA COFFEE—31 bags superior old Java Coffee received and for sale by
a20 GARDNER & CO.

ST. JAMES SUGAR-HOUSE MOLASSES—30 bbls St. James Sugar-House Molasses in store and for sale by [a21] ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.

FLOUR AND MEAL SIEVES—50 dozen common and plated Wire Sieves just received and for sale by ORRIN RAWSON,
a23 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

WHISKY—50 bbls superior 3 and 5 year old Bourbon Whisky on consignment and for sale by
a4 W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

COFFEE, SUGARS, &c.—Superior Java and Rio Coffees; Crushed, Powdered, Granulated, and Brown Sugars; Broma, Cocoa, and Chocolates, for sale cheap for cash by J. T. LANHAM & CO.,
a17 Importers of Teas, &c., Third st.

NEW FLOUR—A choice article, in bbls and sacks, for sale by [jy27] HIBBITT & SON.

N. O. SUGAR—300 hhds from fair to choice in store and for sale by
ly1 ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN.

LOWELL FLOUR—50 bbls received this day and for sale by W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.
jy30

BREAKFAST BACON—1 cask sugar-cured canvassed bacon received and for sale by
jy24 W. & H. BURKHARDT, 417 Market st.

COFFEE—150 bags prime Rio Coffee for sale by
ly1 ALLEN, MOORE, & HADEN

PEACH BASKETS—50 dozen Peach Baskets just received and for sale by ORRIN RAWSON,
jy18 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

CHOICE CHEESE—A lot of extra fine Cheese in store and for sale by
jy20 HIBBITT & SON.

CLARET WINE—
25 casks Bordeaux Wine,
15 do superior Claret Wine for family use;
250 cases Claret Wine;
5 do do do do, choice;
In store and for sale by ANTHONY ZANONE & SON,
j16 Fifth st., below Main.

RIO COFFEE—100 bags prime Rio Coffee landing from steamers Fanny Bullitt and E. H. Fairchild and for sale by [f21] GOOD & MOODY.

WINES—
50 cases Claret Wine;
30 ¼casks Madeira Wine;
5 ¼ do Sherry do.
5 ¼ do Malaga do.
In store and for sale by J. MONKS,
a16 North side Main, bet. Seventh and Eighth sts.

SUGAR—
50 hhds prime N. O. Sugar;
75 bbls Powdered and Crushed Sugar;
25 bbls Loaf Sugar;
In store and for sale by
a15 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

RAILROADS.

IMPORTANT!
Passengers should be careful in purchasing Tickets to St. Joseph or points in Kansas to see that they road by the North Missouri Railroad.
It is the only all rail and direct route from St. Louis to St. Joseph, thirteen hours quicker, fare low as any other route.
J. H. MOULTON, Sup't.
ISAAC H. STURGEON, Pres't and Gen'l Sup't North Missouri R. R. Co.,
aug19 dly St. Louis, Mo.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, & CHICAGO RAILROAD.
FOR ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT
1861. Summer Arrangement. 1861.
ON and after Monday, Aug. 12, 1861, Passenger Trains will leave New Albany as follows:
5:00 A. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS (daily except Sundays), connecting for Terre Haute and Indianapolis, and connecting closely at Lafayette for Chicago.
Through from New Albany to Chicago in 16 hours.
7:45 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT EXPRESS (Daily), reaching St. Louis at 9 A. M. and Cincinnati at 5 A. M. This Train runs to Mitchell only.
Returning, ST. LOUIS EXPRESS arrives at New Albany at 4:30 A. M., making close connections from St. Louis and Cincinnati, reaching Louisville at 5:15 A. M.
The CHICAGO MAIL arrives at 6:45 P. M., reaching Louisville at 7:15 P. M.
Only one Change of Cars to St. Louis, Cincinnati, or Chicago.
This through Train makes good connections North and South at Greencastle, Lafayette, LaCroix, and Michigan City for all points East, West, and Northwest.
Trains are run by Louisville time.
For THROUGH TICKETS and further information, apply at the GENERAL RAILROAD OFFICE, southwest corner of Third and Main streets, Louisville, Ky.
R. E. RICKER, Sup't.
S. S. PARKER, Agent. a12 dtf

FASTEST LINE EAST!
VIA CINCINNATI,
COMMENCING APRIL 14 1861.
LITTLE MIAMI
AND
Columbus and Xenia
AND
Cincinnati, Hamilton, & Dayton
1861 1861
RAILROADS.
FROM CINCINNATI TO
Boston in 33½ hours. New York in 31 hours.
Philadelphia in 27½ hours. Baltimore in 29 hours.
Saratoga Springs in 25½ h'rs. Albany in 25½ hours.
Buffalo in 15½ hours. Dunkirk in 14 hours.
Cleveland in 8½ hours. Pittsburg in 13½ hours.
Wheeling in 11½ hours. Steubenville in 11 hours.
Crestline in 6 hours. Zanesville in 7 hours.
Sandusky in 8½ hours. Toledo in 9½ hours.
Detroit in 12½ hours.
Through Trains leave Cincinnati as follows:
6:15 A. M. EXPRESS—From Cincinnati, Hamilton, & Dayton Depot, connects via Toledo, Detroit, and Canada.
7:00 A. M. CINCINNATI EXPRESS—From Little Miami Depot, connects via Columbus, Cleveland, Dunkirk, and Buffalo; via Columbus, Crestline, and Pittsburg; via Columbus, Steubenville, and Pittsburg; and via Columbus, Bellair, and Benwood.
9:25 A. M. EXPRESS MAIL—From Little Miami Depot, connects via Columbus, Bellair, and Pittsburg; via Columbus, Crestline, and Pittsburg; via Columbus, Cleveland, Dunkirk, and Buffalo.
5:45 P. M. EXPRESS—From Cincinnati, Hamilton, & Dayton Depot, connects via Toledo, Detroit, and Canada.
10 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS—From Cincinnati, Hamilton, & Dayton Depot, connects via Columbus, Steubenville, and Pittsburg; via Columbus, Crestline, and Pittsburg; via Columbus, Cleveland, and Buffalo; via Columbus, Bellair, and Benwood; and via Columbus, Bellair, and Pittsburg.
Modern Sleeping Cars on this Train.
Passengers for Lake Steamers will take the morning Train.
The 5.45 P. M. Express, Saturdays, for Toledo only.
The Night Express runs Daily, Saturdays excepted. All other Trains run Daily, Sundays excepted.
Trains run by Columbus time, which is 7 minutes faster than Cincinnati time.
Baggage Checked through to all Eastern Cities.
Passengers should bear in mind that the "CINCINNATI" is the OLD and FAVORITE ROUTE. Connections are made promptly, the Roads are thoroughly BALLASTED, and all modern improvements adopted—insuring *speed*, COMFORT, and SAFETY.
THROUGH TICKETS
Are sold at all the PRINCIPAL RAILROAD TICKET OFFICES in the WEST and SOUTH. Ask for Tickets via CINCINNATI.
P. W. STRADER, General Ticket Agent, Cincinnati.
ja5

Louisville and Frankfort and Lexington and Frankfort
RAILROADS.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, April 22, 1861, Trains will leave Louisville daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:
FIRST TRAIN—6 A. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview, connecting at Eminence with stages for New Castle; at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg, and Danville; at Midway for Versailles; at Paynes' Station for Georgetown; and at Lexington via railroad and stage for Nicholasville, Danville, Lancaster, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and all interior towns.
SECOND TRAIN—2:30 P. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except Fair Grounds, Point, Race Course, Ormsby's, Brownsboro, Buckner's, and North Benson; connecting by stage at Eminence for New Castle; and at Peyne's for Georgetown.
THIRD TRAIN ACCOMMODATION—Leave at 5:30 P. M., stopping at all Stations; and returning, will leave Lagrange at 6:25 A. M., stopping at all stations, and arrive at Louisville at 8:55 A. M.
Trains arrive in Louisville as follows: First Train at 10:40 A. M.; second Train at 6:30 P. M.; Lagrange Accommodation at 8:10 A. M.
Freight Trains leave Louisville daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:30 A. M., arriving in Lexington at 4:30 P. M.
Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.
Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Versailles, Georgetown, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets.
SAMUEL GILL, Superintendent,
a27 dtf L. & F. and L. & F. R. R.

REMOVAL.
WE have taken the Office formerly occupied by Messrs A. D. Hunt & Co., and will continue the GENERAL BANKING and COLLECTING business.
jy16 QUIGLEY, LYONS, & CO.

75 CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES for sale at greatly reduced prices to close the consignment by ORRIN RAWSON,
jy8 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

GRASS AND GRAIN SCYTHES—
50 dozen Grain Scythes;
100 do Grass do;
15 do Patent Snaths; for sale by
j22 C. ORMSBY.

COFFEE—
10 bags Java Coffee;
25 bags Laguayra Coffee;
Just received and for sale by
j19 GARDNER & CO.

Wheat Fans.
A LARGE supply of WHEAT FANS in store and for sale cheap by HUGH BRENT & CO.,
j8 Second st., between Main and River.

REMOVAL.
HUGH BRENT & CO. have removed to west side of Second street, between Main and the River. j8

CANVASED HAMS AND SIDES—
500 Stagg, Macklin, and Oregon Hams;
2,000 choice country Sides;
For sale for cash by
j4 HIBBITT & SON.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST, by D. P. Henderson, and
THE SPIRIT OF GOD AND THE SPIRIT OF ANTI-CHRIST, by P. S. Fall.
TWO Discourses delivered at the opening of the new House of Worship for the First Christian Church, Louisville, Ky., March 17, 1861. 70 pages 8vo. Price 25 cents. jy12 L. A. CIVILL.

COFFEE—
150 bags Rio Coffee;
20 do Java do;
20 do Laguayra Coffee; for sale by
jy20 GARDNER & CO.

FISH—250 whole and half bbls and kits Mackerel, Salmon, Herring, Sardines, White Fish, and Trout for sale by [jy30] GARDNER & CO.

NAILS—550 kegs assorted Nails, Fence do, Spikes, and Brads for sale by
jy20 GARDNER & CO.

CANDLES—
100 whole, ½, and ¼ boxes Star Candles;
50 boxes Summer Pressed do;
5 do Paraffine do for sale by
jy29 GARDNER & CO.

SUNDRIES—Salt (Kanawha and Mason City), Bags, Bonnet Boards, Wrapping Paper, Tea Paper, Brooms (common to fine), Wisps, Spices, Camphor, Indigo, Scrubbing Brushes, Soda Crackers, Butter Crackers and Water Crackers, Chocolate, Washing Soda, Blacking, and Matches for sale by
jy30 GARDNER & CO.

Chairs.
A LARGE assortment of CHAIRS in store and for sale by HUGH BRENT & CO.,
j8 Second st., between Main and River.

DEMIJOHNS—75 dozen Demijohns, all sizes from 1 quart to 6 gallons, in store and for sale low by ORRIN RAWSON,
jy27 338 Main st. between Third and Fourth.

WASH-BOARDS—150 Zinc Wash-Boards just received and for sale low by ORRIN RAWSON,
jy7 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

SHEETINGS—33 bales Pittsburg Penn Mill and Anchor sheetings received per steamboats Key West and Linden and for sale by
j16 JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.

PRIME SALT, in bbls and sacks, for sale by
jy27 HIBBITT & SON.

HAMS—500 Davis's celebrated sugar-cured Hams for sale by [j16] GARDNER & CO.

CANDLES AND SOAP—
200 boxes Star Candles;
100 do Mold do;
200 do common bar Soap;
50 do German do;
50 do Toilet do;
20 do Castile do; for sale by
m25 CASTLEMAN, MURRELL, & CO.

WINE—
15 casks Madeira Wine;
10 do Port do;
20 bbls Malaga do;
In store and for sale by
m27 MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.

MOLASSES—
100 bbls St. James Sugar-House Molasses;
100 bbls prime Plantation do;
In store and for sale by
m25 ANDR'W BUCHANAN & CO.

RAISINS—
100 boxes London Layers;
100 do M. R.;
200 ½do do and Layers;
50 drums Sultana; for sale by
m15 GEO. W. MORRIS, 134 Third st.

RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD.
CHANGE OF TIME.
ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JULY 21, 1861, TRAINS will leave Louisville as follows:
Lebanon Accommodation .... 7:00 A. M.
Mail Train .... 9:00 A. M.
Elizabethtown Accommodation .... 5:00 P. M.
The Mail Train stops at all stations on the Main Stem north of Bowling-Green and at all stations on the Memphis Branch, connecting at State line with the Nashville and Kentucky Railroad, arriving at Nashville the same evening; also connecting with the Memphis, Clarksville, and Louisville Railroad for Clarksville, Humboldt, Memphis, and New Orleans.
The 5:00 P. M. Train will not connect for Lebanon.
jy21 dtf J. B. ANDERSON, Superintendent.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.
Change of Time.
TRAINS will leave Jeffersonville, opposite Louisville, at
2:30 P. M. and 12:20 A. M.
2:30 P. M.—LIGHTNING EXPRESS EAST—Daily (Sundays excepted) connecting at Seymour with trains on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad for Cincinnati, Columbus, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all Eastern Cities; and at Indianapolis with Bellefontaine line for Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all the principle cities in the East; also with Trains on the Terre Haute and Lafayette Railroads for St. Louis, Chicago, Rock Island, Quincey, Hannibal, St. Joseph, and all the other principle cities in the West and Northwest.
11 P. M.—NIGHT EXPRESS—Daily (Saturdays excepted), connecting at Seymour with trains on the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad for Cincinnati and all Eastern cities; at Indianapolis with the Bellefontaine Line for Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all points in the East; and with the Cincinnati and Chicago air-line, Terre Haute and Richmond and Lafayette Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, St. Louis, and all points in the West and Northwest.
CLINTON JOHNSON, Agent.
a15 dtf A. S. CROTHERS, Sup't.

THE PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL
RAILROAD
Is a First Class Road in all respects,
WITH 285 MILES DOUBLE TRACK,
THREE DAILY TRAINS
(*With Connections from all Points West*)
From Pittsburg to Philadelphia
ALL CONNECTING DIRECT TO NEW YORK,
Morning Mail, Afternoon Fast Line, Night Express.
ONE TRAIN DAILY FROM
PITTSBURG TO NEW YORK
(430 Miles),
WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.
VIA ALLENTOWN and EASTON,
With Direct Connections from Western Cities,
Arriving Hours
IN ADVANCE OF OTHER ROUTES,
IN TIME FOR BOSTON
By Rail or Boat Lines.
Express Train Runs Daily---Others Sundays Excepted.
NINE Daily Trains from Philadelphia to New York. Tickets good on any Line or Train. New York or Boston Tickets via Pittsburg good
VIA PHILADELPHIA OR ALLENTOWN.
BOAT TICKETS GOOD TO BOSTON VIA ANY OF THE BOAT LINES.
Two Daily Connections from Harrisburg to Baltimore and Washington.
Baggage Checked Through---All Transfers Free.
FARE ALWAYS AS LOW AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.
BUY TICKETS VIA PITTSBURG.
Tickets for Sale at all Main Offices.
FREIGHTS.
By this route freights of all descriptions can be forwarded to and from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Baltimore, to and from any point on the Railroads of Ohio, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, or Missouri by railroad direct.
The Pennsylvania Railroad also connects at Pittsburg with steamers, by which goods can be forwarded to any Port on the Ohio, Muskingum, Kentucky, Tennessee, Cumberland, Illinois, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, and Red rivers; and at Cleveland, Sandusky, and Chicago with steamers to all ports on the Northwestern Lakes.
Merchants and Shippers entrusting the transportation of their freight to this Company can rely with confidence on its speedy transit.
THE RATES OF FREIGHT to and from any point in the West by the Pennsylvania Railroad, are at all times as favorable as are charged by any other Railroad Companies.
Be particular to mark packages "VIA PENNA. R. R."
P. J. SNEEDER, Philadelphia.
MAGRAW & KOONS, 80 North street, Baltimore.
LEECH & CO., No. 2 Astor House, or No. 1 South William street, New York.
LEECH & CO., No. 77 State street, Boston.
H. H. HOUSTON, General Freight Agent, Philadelphia.
L. L. HOUPT, General Ticket Agent, Philadelphia.
ENOCH LEWIS, General Sup't, Altoona, Pa.
a3 dtf

MADAME ISABEL SNELL,
DOCTRESS & ASTROLOGIST,
Eighth st., second door from Grayson,
WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Louisville that she is able to tell anything they have in their mind, and can help people out of their trouble, no matter what it is. She was born with a secret that enables her to surpass any one else in TELLING FORTUNES. She can also find out through her secret all circumstances of sickness, and can tell what will cure, as there are roots growing for every disease in the world.
Madame I. S. is the only one that can make DR. HUFLAND'S LIFE ESSENCE pure. This mixture is good for all diseases, and can only be bought in her office, No. 509 Eighth street, second door from Grayson.
Every person that is depressed and troubled about War should call on her, as she is the only one that inherited the secret from *la Norma*, the great Fortune-Teller that assisted Napoleon of France in all his undertakings, and made him successful in all his battles. She wagers $1,000 that no one can surpass her.
Please call and see her, and you will be relieved. Those who are too poor can come without money; and those who don't believe, call at 12 o'clock at night and she will make them believe. jel4 dly

SUNDRIES—
150 bbls No. 1 Salt;
10 bbls fine Table Salt;
50 bbls Cider Vinegar;
25 bbls No. 2 Mackerel;
25 bbls large No. 3 do;
30 ½do No. 8 do;
30 ½do No. 3 do;
50 kits No. 3 do;
75 bbls Flour;
100 dozen Brooms;
50 do Scrub Brooms;
500 bdls Wrapping Paper;
25 coils Grass Rope;
50 coils Cotton do;
20 coils Hemp do;
800 boxes Pipes;
25 do Lemons;
50 do Dried Herring;
In store and for sale by MARSHALL HALBERT & CO.,
jy29 210 Main st.

COFFEE—
250 bags Rio Coffee;
30 do Laguayra Coffee;
32 pockets Java do;
Just received and for sale by
jy27 GARDNER & CO.

CEMENT AND LIME—50 bbls for sale by
y27 HIBBITT & SON.

FISH—Salmon, Mackerel, and Herring, in packages and on retail, for sale by
jy27 HIBBITT & SON.

CHEESE—23 boxes new Western Reserve Cheese received per railroad and for sale by JNO. F. HOWARD & CO.,
jy24 Main, between Third and Fourth sts.

SOMETHING EXTRA—
3 cases choice Breakfast Bacon;
50 pieces prime Dried Beef;
150 Stagg and Macklin Hams;
25 kegs prime Leaf Lard;
In store and for sale by
jy30 HIBBITT & SON.

YELLOW SUGAR—50 bbls choice refined received by mailboat and for sale by
jy9 H. W. GOOD.

Brass Bound Cedar Ware, &c.
50 DOZEN brass bound Cedar Pails, 3 sizes;
40 do do do do Cans, 3 "
25 do do do do Churns, 4 "
45 do Iron do do do, 4 "
30 do do do do Cans, 3 "
35 do do do do Pails, 3 "
In store and for sale low by ORRIN RAWSON,
jy3 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

BLEACHED COTTON, &c.—
58 cases assorted brands bleached Cottons,
4 do bleached Drill;
7 do Apron and Shirting Check;
1 case Spanish Linen;
Just received and for sale for cash by JAMES LOW & CO.,
jy9 208 and 210 west side Main st.

PRINTS—50 cases new style Prints, assorted brands, received and for sale for cash by JAMES LOW & CO.,
jy9 208 and 210 west side Sixth st.

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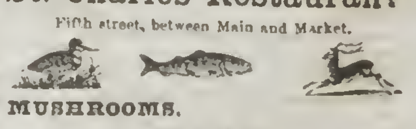
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